



May 29, 2014

Sent Via Fed Ex

SCDHEC – BLWM
Solid Waste Enforcement
Attn: Beverly McLeod
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29201-1708

Re: Consent Agreement 13-04-SW
Phase I Baseline Investigation Report

Dear Ms. McLeod:

Sonoco Products Company is pleased to submit this Phase I Baseline Investigation Report per the requirements stipulated in the Consent Agreement 13-04-SW and the Work plan approved by DHEC December 6, 2013.

Please e-mail me at cliff.chamblee@sonoco.com if you have any concerns about this report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Cliff Chamblee".

Cliff Chamblee
Sonoco Products Company

cc: John Boyd, Esq. (Haynsworth Sinkler Boyd)

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MAY 30 2014
SC DHEC - Bureau of
Land & Waste Management



Engineering LLC

Environmental | Engineering | Surveying

Phase I Baseline Investigation Report Boiler Ash Staging Area

Consent Agreement 13-04-SW

Submitted to:

Bureau of Land and Waste Management
South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Submitted for:

Sonoco Products Company
1 N. Second Street
Hartsville, South Carolina 29550

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Land & Waste Management

**Phase I Baseline Investigation Report
Boiler Ash Staging Area**

Submitted to:

**Bureau of Land and Waste Management
South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29201**

Submitted for:

**Sonoco Products Company
1 N Second Street
Hartsville, South Carolina 29550**

May 29, 2014

**Phase I Baseline Investigation Report
Boiler Ash Staging Area
Consent Agreement 13-04-SW**

**Sonoco Products Company
Hartsville, South Carolina**

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Boiler Ash Staging Area
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**Sonoco Products Company
Hartsville, South Carolina**

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**Phase I Baseline Investigation Report
Boiler Ash Staging Area
Consent Agreement 13-04-SW**

**Sonoco Products Company
Hartsville, South Carolina**

LIST OF COMMON ACRONYMS

BGS	Below Ground Surface
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
COC	Constituent of Concern
DQO	Data Quality Objectives
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
GC/MS	Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry
GIS	Geographic Information System
HASP	Health and Safety Plan
HSA	Hollow Stem Auger
IDW	Investigation Derived Waste
$\mu\text{g}/\text{Kg}$	Micrograms per Kilogram
$\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$	Micrograms per Liter
mg/Kg	Milligrams per Kilogram
mg/L	Milligrams per Liter
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
OV	Organic Vapor
PAH	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon
PPB	Parts per Billion
PPM	Parts per Million
PID	Photoionization Detector
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RSL	Regional Screening Level
DHEC	South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SSL	Soil Screening Level
SVOC	Semi-Volatile Organic Compound
TAL	Target Analyte List
TCL	Target Compound List
USGS	United States Geological Survey
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound

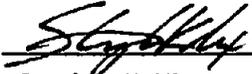
**Phase I Baseline Investigation Report
Boiler Ash Staging Area
Consent Agreement 13-04-SW**

**Sonoco Products Company
Hartsville, South Carolina**

SIGNATURE PAGE

This document, entitled "Phase I Baseline Investigation Report," has been prepared for Sonoco Products Company to present findings of the Baseline Investigation conducted at the Boiler Ash Staging Area adjacent to Patrick Highway in Hartsville, Darlington County, South Carolina. This report has been prepared and reviewed in accordance with accepted quality control practices by the undersigned.

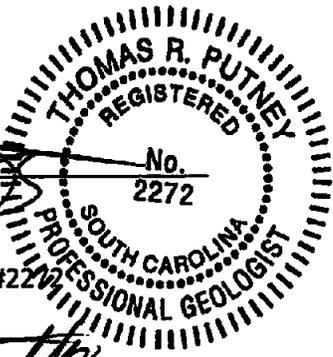
GEL Engineering, LLC
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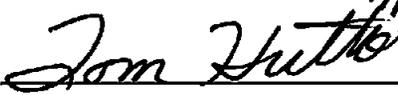


Stephen K. Nix
Project Hydrogeologist

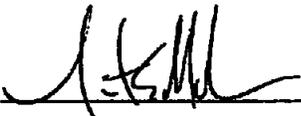


Thomas R. Putney, P.G.
Senior Hydrogeologist
South Carolina License #2272





Thomas D.W. Hutto, P.G.
Principal



Robert E. MacPhee
Business Unit Manager



Date

**Phase I Baseline Investigation Report
Boiler Ash Staging Area
Consent Agreement 13-04-SW**

**Sonoco Products Company
Hartsville, South Carolina**

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The baseline investigation of the Boiler Ash Staging Area (BASA) has been conducted in accordance with Consent Agreement 13-04-SW and the DHEC-approved Work Plan. The Consent Agreement pertains to the boiler ash staging area, former industrial ponds previously owned and operated by Hartsville Print and Dye Works (closed in early 1960s), and other nearby areas related to Sonoco's recycling and paperboard manufacturing facility. The purpose of this baseline investigation is to more fully characterize the BASA, including the solids in the former industrial ponds that underlie much of the ash as well as soil, groundwater, sediment, and surface water within and proximal to the BASA.

The boiler ash staging area is approximately 14 acres and extends to about 40 feet above grade. Much of the ash pile overlies residual wastewater solids in areas that were formerly ponds associated with Hartsville Dye Works, Hartsville Dye Works ceased operation in the early 1960's. The BASA is secured behind a gate and is part of an industrial facility. There is no public access to the BASA. To evaluate the BASA and surrounding area the following samples were collected:

- 26 soil samples,
- 3 boiler ash samples,
- 16 wastewater solids/sludge samples,
- 16 groundwater samples,
- 9 surface water samples, and
- 9 sediment samples.

All samples were analyzed for the TCL of VOCs and SVOCs; total and dissolved (for liquid samples) TAL metals, cyanide, and Cr VI; TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, and oil and grease; chloride and sulfate; and bioassay samples (4 surface water samples). A summary of the findings of the baseline investigation is provided below.

Soil Samples

Soil sample findings indicate that the site soils do not appear to be adversely affected by site activities.

- Arsenic was detected in concentrations comparable to native soil. Four samples exceeded the industrial RSL. All concentrations are below 4 mg/kg except one at 18.6 mg/kg. Soils with comparable arsenic concentrations are routinely approved for unrestricted use by DHEC.
- None of the detected Cr VI concentrations exceed the industrial RSL. Cr IV was detected in the majority of the soil samples including the background samples. No pattern was identified by location, and the background locations are comparable to the other sample locations, except that the concentration in SB-06-2-4 (5.51 mg/kg) is higher than the balance of the data set.
- No other metal detected in the soil samples exceeds the RSLs. Concentrations detected in samples adjacent to and downgradient of the BASA are comparable to those detected in the background samples.
- Several SVOCs were detected in the soil samples. The majority of the SVOCs detected are PAHs that result from anthropogenic sources such as creosoted-wood and the incomplete combustion

of hydrocarbons, and are common in older developed areas. Most exceedances of industrial RSLs are limited to only two shallow soil samples (SC-04 and SB-06) located along the access road south of the BASA.

- VOCs are a constituent group commonly associated with textile wastes. However, no VOCs were detected at concentrations exceeding RSLs for residential or industrial soils indicating that the former textile plant wastewater ponds do not appear to have significantly impacted site soil.

Ash Samples

Comparison of the boiler ash results to the soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment samples indicates that the ash does not appear to have released contaminants to the surrounding environment.

- Arsenic was the only metal detected in the ash samples at concentrations that exceed industrial RSLs. Arsenic concentrations range from 30.7 to 56.4 mg/kg. Arsenic is naturally occurring in coal and these concentrations are typical of coal ash. Previous analyses demonstrate that the arsenic is not highly leachable. The absence of elevated arsenic in site soil or groundwater supports the conclusion that the arsenic in the ash is stable and is not prone to leaching.
- Cr VI was detected in all three ash samples at concentrations that exceed residential RSLs. The concentrations are the same order of magnitude as the native soil samples, including background locations.
- The majority of the SVOCs detected are PAHs that form as a result of the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing materials. Of the SVOCs detected, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene exceed industrial RSLs in only one of the ash samples. However, they do not appear to be leaching to the environment as shown by their absence in groundwater. Based on the depth of the ash samples collected the detected concentrations of SVOCs in ash are likely attributed to the wastewater solids.
- None of the detected VOC concentrations exceed RSLs for residential or industrial soils.

Wastewater Solid and Sludge Samples

The wastewater solid and sludge sample data indicate that the wastewater solids are relatively stable and not a significant source of contaminants to the surrounding environment.

- Wastewater solids were observed to depths of 1-7 feet in borings within the footprint of the former industrial ponds and were 2-3 feet thick below the ash where the ash had been placed over the ponds.
- Cr VI was detected in seven of the WWS samples at concentrations that exceed residential RSLs. The detected concentrations in three of the samples exceed the industrial RSL. The overall concentrations in these samples are higher than in the soil or ash samples. However, elevated Cr VI is not present in other media (groundwater, surface water or sediment) at elevated concentrations indicating that it does not leach appreciably.
- Concentrations of arsenic, cobalt, copper, and lead exceed the residential RSL in one or more samples. Arsenic and lead were the only metals to exceed the industrial RSLs in at least one sample. The absence of these metals in groundwater samples at elevated concentrations indicating that they do not leach appreciably.

- SVOCs were detected in all of the WWS samples. However, only the PAHs benzo(a)pyrene (5 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (2 samples), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) exceed industrial RSLs. Furthermore, none of the SVOCs in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs providing additional evidence that the constituents in the sludge do not leach appreciably.
- VOCs are commonly associated with textile wastes. However, none of the detected VOCs exceed residential or industrial RSLs indicating the VOCs were not a significant component of the former dyeing and finishing processes at the Site.

Groundwater Samples

Site activities do not appear to have impacted groundwater quality underneath or downgradient from the BASA showing that the ash and wastewater solids/sludge are not leaching contaminants to groundwater in an appreciable manner.

- None of the metals concentrations in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs for elements that have an established MCL.
- None of the detected VOCs or SVOCs in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs.
- Comparison of the analytical results for the paired wells (MW-02/02A, MW-05/05A, and MW-07/07A) indicate that concentrations of detected constituents generally decrease with depth, i.e., concentrations in the lower portion of the shallow, unconfined aquifer are less than those in the upper portion of the same aquifer. Regardless, none of the constituents exceed regulatory standards.

Surface Water Samples

All four samples analyzed for bioassay (acute aquatic toxicity) passed with 0% mortality (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). This finding provides a direct measurement showing that overall surface water quality is good.

- Although metals were detected in some surface water samples above screening criteria, the survival rate of 0% mortality of the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* in the bioassay samples documents that surface water quality is good and not adversely affected by the ash and wastewater solids/sludge.
- Total and dissolved cyanide were both detected in SW-08 only; the concentration of total cyanide exceeds the Criterion Continuous Concentration (CCC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life. The detected concentrations of cyanide in the wastewater solids samples were all below residential and industrial RSLs.
- Concentrations of total cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc exceed the Criterion Maximum Concentration (CMC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life in the unfiltered sample from SW-08. However, dissolved concentrations of these metals did not exceed the regulatory standards in the filtered sample from SW-08, which indicates the total metals concentrations may be the result of sample turbidity. Total and/or dissolved copper were detected in SW-06 and SW-07 at concentrations exceeding the CCCs or CMCs; total and/or dissolved lead were detected at concentrations exceeding the CCCs or CMCs in SW-04, SW-06, SW-07, and SW-09.
- Di-n-butylphthalate was the only SVOC detected in the surface water samples. CCCs and CMCs are not established for di-n-butylphthalate; however, the concentration does not exceed human health criteria for water and organism, organism only, or MCLs for protection of human health. Di-n-butylphthalate is also a common plasticizer and laboratory artifact.

- No VOCs were detected in the surface water samples.

Sediment Samples

The survival with 0% mortality of the *Ceriodaphnia* in the bioassay samples documents that surface water quality associated with the sediments is good. Although some constituents in sediment exceed screening levels, the sources of these constituents are not clear.

- Nine sediment samples were collected and submitted for laboratory analyses. The sediment sample results were compared to the ecological screening values (ESVs).
- Total cyanide was detected in two samples. An ESV is not established for total cyanide.
- Cr VI was detected in three samples. An ESV for Cr VI is not established. However, the concentrations are comparable to those found in the soil samples, including background locations.
- Cadmium, total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, and zinc concentrations exceed the ESVs in at least one sediment sample.
- Several SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected in one or more of the sediment samples. Detected concentrations of anthracene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, and pyrene exceed the ESVs in one or more of the sediment samples.
- Several VOCs were detected at low concentrations in one or more of the sediment samples; however, ESVs are not established for the detected VOCs.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

Sonoco entered into Consent Agreement 13-04-SW with the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) on July 9, 2013. The consent agreement pertains to a boiler ash staging area (BASA), former industrial ponds previously owned and operated by Hartsville Print and Dye Works, and other nearby areas related to Sonoco's recycling and paperboard manufacturing facility in Hartsville, South Carolina. Sonoco retained GEL Engineering, LLC (GEL) to conduct a baseline investigation of the BASA and former industrial ponds, hereafter referred to as the "Site," in accordance with the consent agreement.

The *Phase I Baseline Investigation Work Plan* (Work Plan, GEL, October 30, 2013) describes the technical approach to assess the boiler ash staging area (BASA) and former industrial ponds. The Work Plan reviews existing data to identify data gaps and provides a data collection program to address the gaps. The goal of the investigation is to evaluate potential risks associated with the Site. The Work Plan is included at Appendix I. DHEC approved the Work Plan and issued the Monitoring Well Approval on December 6, 2013, also included in Appendix I.

In conjunction with the Work Plan, GEL prepared the *Quality Assurance Project Plan* (QAPP, October 2013) to outline the quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) methods necessary to achieve data quality objectives (DQOs) required to evaluate the data collected. GEL also prepared a "Site Health and Safety Plan" (SSHP, February 2014) to describe the worker safety procedures employed during site investigation activities.

The purpose of this Phase I Baseline Investigation Report (Report) is to document the field investigation activities and evaluate the analytical data.

3.0 SITE INFORMATION AND HISTORY

3.1 Site Location

The BASA and former industrial ponds are located on Sonoco property northeast of the main manufacturing area. The Site is located approximately one-half mile from Patrick Highway in a fenced wastewater and solid waste management complex that is visible only from Sonoco's property. The location of the Site and surrounding area is shown on a portion of the Hartsville North, United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle included as Figure 1. The geographical coordinates of the Site are 34° 23' 33.43" North Latitude and 80° 03' 25.70" West Longitude.

Areas north northwest of the Site are residential. The nearest residence is approximately 1,100 feet from the center of the Site. Black Creek is located approximately 680 feet south of the Site. The Sonoco property extends approximately 8,500 feet east of the Site and includes the wastewater treatment plant and spray farm. Sonoco's existing solid waste landfill is located northeast of the Site. The distance from the center of the Site to the nearest residence in this area is approximately 1,885 feet. This portion of Darlington County is unincorporated; therefore, the Site is subject to no land-use or zoning restrictions. The entire area, including the Site, existing wastewater ponds, spray farm and existing landfill, are fenced and routinely patrolled by security personnel.

3.2 Site History

The BASA is partially situated on two former, shallow, industrial wastewater ponds. The ponds were part of the Hartsville Dyeing and Finishing Company, which later operated under the names Hartsville Print and Dye Works, and U.S. Finishing Company. The wastewater pond treatment system operated from prior to 1948 to 1964 when U.S. Finishing Company ceased operations. Sonoco purchased the U.S. Finishing Company around 1966, but did not operate the facility. The BASA is currently approximately 14 acres and about 40 feet high at its peak. Figure 2 shows the locations of the BASA and former industrial ponds.

Sonoco began staging ash in the BASA in the mid to late 1960's as part of its recycling program. Some of the ash was recycled at offsite cement kilns and a local brick plant, and at the time supply was essentially meeting demand. Sonoco made a concerted effort to find additional recycling opportunities for the ash as road fill, flowable fill, bricks, concrete products, land amendments, etc. However, as markets for ash diminished, more ash was produced than could be recycled.

Sonoco submitted a Request for Permit to conduct an "Experimental Land Reclamation Demonstration" to DHEC on October 9, 1978. The request included an Application for a Permit to Construct a Solid Waste Management System. The request was submitted to Mr. Earl William at DHEC's Columbia office and to Mr. Jim Kelley of DHEC's Florence office. The proposed area for reclamation was the former shallow wastewater pond treatment system described above. Sonoco proposed filling the former wastewater ponds with fly ash. Sonoco's objective in filling the ponds was to return the pond area to a condition where it could be used in the future, and to provide a staging area for fly ash that would ultimately be recycled. In 1979 DHEC constructed two monitoring wells at the Site as a result of this request. One monitoring well (SO-1) was located adjacent to Black Creek and the second well was located within the proposed placement site in the footprint of the former wastewater ponds. With the exception of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, which requires

monitoring of well SO-1, neither Sonoco nor DHEC files contain further correspondence regarding the ash staging area prior to 2010.

In 1997 Sonoco began operating its #9 multi-fuel, fluidized bed boiler. To maintain compliance with air regulations, limestone is injected into the ash for sulfur dioxide control. The addition of limestone causes the ash to become more comparable to poor quality gypsum than to conventional ash. The resulting ash is relatively impermeable and binds similar to weak concrete. Soon after the #9 Boiler started up, Sonoco began sending #4 boiler coal ash to the #9 boiler for more complete combustion of the carbon, so #4 boiler coal ash was not sent directly to the staging area. In 2010 Sonoco stopped storing ash at the BASA.

Currently well SO-1 is monitored under the requirements of both the NPDES and Land Application Permit No. SC003042 and the facility's existing industrial solid waste landfill Permit No. 163315-1601. Well SO-1 is 24 feet deep and is screened from approximately 12 to 22 feet. The well is located on the southeastern edge of and hydraulically downgradient from the two former industrial wastewater ponds and the BASA.

According to NPDES Permit No. SC003042, well SO-1 serves to monitor groundwater proximal to the *Former Fly Ash Disposal Area*. SO-1 is monitored for pH, specific conductance, dissolved organic carbon, sulfate, nitrate, sodium, and chloride. In accordance with Permit No. 163315-1601 and DHEC *Regulation 61-107.19, Solid Waste Management: Solid Waste Landfills and Structural Fill (May 2008)*, the well is also monitored for the parameters listed in Appendix III of *Regulation 61-107.19*. These parameters include pH, specific conductance, temperature, chloride, nitrate, sulfate, eight metals, and 18 volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Since monitoring of Appendix III VOCs began in April 2009, no VOCs have been detected, and no parameters have exceeded maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) or secondary MCLs.

A survey of the ash staging area in 2011 delineated the ash placement boundaries and elevations. The ash pile is approximately 14 acres in extent, with a maximum height of approximately 40 feet. The northern portion of the ash staging area consists mainly of the #9 boiler ash and the remainder of the staging area consists mainly of coal ash. However, approximately 3 feet at the top of the entire staging area is #9 boiler ash. Locations of the different types of ash are shown on Figure 3.

On March 11, 2011, following DHEC's request for additional information and approval of a sampling and analysis plan, Sonoco submitted the waste characterization report for the boiler ash from its current operation. The waste characterization was conducted to address disposal at a permitted landfill and/or staging of ash slated for recycling.

In March of 2011 ERM NC, Inc. (ERM) conducted an assessment of the BASA (Phase I). The Phase I assessment consisted of drilling two borings through the BASA and into the native soils below. ERM drilled seven additional borings through the BASA into the native soils in May 2011 (Phase II). Samples of the ash were collected at 5-foot intervals, and samples of the underlying residual soils were collected for analysis. The samples were screened for organic vapors using a photoionization detector (PID) and a flame ionization detector (FID). PID readings ranged from 1.6 to 1,200 parts per million (ppm) and FID readings ranged from 0.5 to 168 ppm. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results for arsenic for two of seven samples (0.117 mg/L and 0.108 mg/L) slightly exceeded the 0.10 milligrams per

liter (mg/L) regulatory threshold for a Class Two Landfill, although the average of all seven samples was below 0.10 mg/L. The results of the ERM investigations are discussed in the *Ash Staging Area Sample Results – Phase I* (March 2011) and the *Report of Ash Staging Area Sampling Results – Phase II* (June 2011), both included in Appendix II. No other investigations of the BASA have been conducted since then.

3.3 Ash Characteristics

To evaluate future disposal options at an offsite landfill, Sonoco submitted a Sampling and Analysis Plan to DHEC for the Sonoco Boiler Ashes in January 2011. The plan was approved by SCHDEC on January 14, 2011 and Sonoco submitted the results on March 7, 2011. Samples of bottom and fly ash were collected from the #3 boiler, #4 boiler, and #9 boiler. The #3 and #4 boilers burn coal (however these boilers were decommissioned in 2014 and 2013 respectively), while the #9 boiler burns ash from the #4 boiler, coal, wood waste, and residuals from paper production. The #3 and #4 boiler ashes were analyzed for TCLP metals, nitrates (total), nitrites (total), sodium (total), pH, and TCLP SVOCs, including a polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) screen and phenols. The #9 ash was analyzed for TCLP metals, nitrates (total), nitrites (total), sodium (total), TCLP SVOCs, including a PAH screen and phenols, dioxins (total), and pH.

As part of the ash characterization, samples of ash collected from two borings for ERM's Phase I ash assessment discussed above were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, dioxins/furans, and total metals. Analytical results identified six VOCs (acetone, 1,1-dichloroethane, methylene chloride, styrene, toluene, and xylenes) in samples collected from both borings. SVOCs 2-methylnaphthalene and naphthalene were also detected in one of the borings. VOCs and SVOC did not exceed EPA Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for industrial soils in either of the ash samples. Many of the analyzed metals were detected above the method detection limit in both borings, but only arsenic exceeded the industrial RSL.

Samples of ash collected for ERM's Phase II ash assessment discussed above were analyzed for VOCs, TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, and TCLP metals. TCLP VOCs and TCLP SVOCs were not detected in any of the samples. Of the TCLP metals analyses, only arsenic, barium, cadmium and chromium were detected at low concentrations. Samples of residual soils beneath the ash were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, total metals, corrosivity, nitrate/nitrite. Several VOCs, SVOCs, and metals were identified; however, of the SVOCs, only indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(a)pyrene were detected at concentrations exceeding their respective RSLs for industrial soil. Of the detected metals, only arsenic and mercury concentrations exceed their respective RSLs for industrial soils. No VOCs exceeded an RSL.

3.4 Historical Textile Dyeing, Finishing, Printing, and Bleaching Waste Streams

No information regarding the past waste treatment and disposal practices of the former Dyeing and Finishing Company facility was located in DHEC or Sonoco files, however an internal 1980 Sonoco memo states that production at the former Dyeing and Finishing Company facility had ceased for a year or two before Sonoco purchased the property in 1966. The former Dyeing and Finishing Company facility is currently used as office and warehouse space. A facility inspection performed on August 28, 2012 identified no indications of former waste handling practices other than the lagoons. Sanborn® Fire Insurance maps are not available for this facility. No historical documentation regarding the chemistry of the former waste streams, wastewater solids, etc. is available. GEL contacted the Hartsville Historical Society and the Darlington County Historical Society and was only able to confirm that the facility existed until the mid-1960s. While no facility information regarding historical operations is available,

details of waste streams typically associated with textile dyeing, finishing, printing, and bleaching operations are presented in *Profile of the Textile Industry* (USEPA 1997). In addition to metals and solvents, the dyeing and finishing waste streams may have included sodium, potassium, and magnesium salts; biological oxygen demand (BOD) from desizing; and high pH from bleaching and mercerizing.

3.5 Geology

3.5.1 Regional Geology

The Site is located in the Upper Coastal Plain Physiographic Province, which consists primarily of eastward thickening sedimentary deposits. The western limit of the Coastal Plain Province is referred to as the "Fall Line." At the Fall Line, older crystalline rocks (bedrock) of the Piedmont Physiographic Province are overlapped by the younger sedimentary deposits of the Coastal Plain. The Site is located approximately 28 miles east of the Fall Line.

Bedrock occurs at depths between 400 to 450 feet below ground surface (BGS) in the Hartsville area (Siple 1957). The shallow sediments beneath the Hartsville area include Pleistocene- to Holocene-Age terrace deposits that overlie three Upper Cretaceous units that form the Cretaceous Aquifer system in North and South Carolina. From the youngest to the oldest, the units are: the Pee Dee, Black Creek and Tuscaloosa Formations (Park 1979). The Tuscaloosa Formation (locally also referred to as the Middendorf Formation) is the only Cretaceous-Age formation of appreciable thickness beneath the Hartsville area and is characterized by medium- to coarse-grained unconsolidated sands with inconsistent light-gray silty clays that exhibit rapid vertical and lateral lithologic changes (Heron 1958).

3.5.2 Site-Specific Geology

Site-specific geology is based on the work performed during the baseline investigation that included installation of 23 soil borings that ranged in depth from 4 to 96 feet. The soil borings were installed by roto-sonic drilling methods that included 4-inch continuous coring, or hand augers. Detailed lithologic descriptions were recorded on soil boring by the project geologist.

Descriptions of the cores identify a complex site geology of interbedded sand-silt-clay sequences. The lithology generally consists of fine to medium, well graded sand, non-plastic silt, and sand-silt sequences to approximately 29 feet BGS (131.4 ft MSL) where a hard, gray, highly plastic, massive, dry fat clay with purple and yellow-orange mottling is encountered. This clay ranges in thickness from 8 to 10 feet to the south and is approximately 15 feet thick to the north where it was observed in SB-02 at a depth of 35 feet BGS (138.5 ft MSL). Field observations indicate this clay appears to be a locally confining unit in vicinity of the Site. The clay unit is underlain by additional sequences of sand, silt, and clayey sand to a depth of approximately 58 feet BGS (102.4 ft MSL) where another hard, gray, highly plastic, massive, dry fat clay with purple to yellow-orange mottling was observed and ranged in thickness from 18 to 28 feet. The variability of the sequences and presence of interbedded clays suggests fluvial deposition, which may be representative of lower Cretaceous lithology. Stratigraphic sequences observed at the Site are consistent with those observed approximately 0.75-miles east of the Site at Sonoco's proposed landfill site.

3.6 Hydrogeology

3.6.1 Regional Hydrogeology

The shallow aquifer is comprised of terrace deposits (interbedded sands, silts and clays) that extend from near the land surface to a depth of approximately 50 feet BGS where they overly the Cretaceous units. These deposits form the shallow water table aquifer system beneath the Hartsville area. Recharge to the shallow aquifer system is primarily from infiltration of precipitation and the aquifer typically discharges to nearby surface water bodies, including the Spring Branch (also known as Kilgore Branch) and Black Creek floodplains in the Hartsville area. The water table is generally a subdued reflection of topography and is encountered at depth in topographically high areas and close to the land surface near lakes and streams.

Groundwater in the deep Cretaceous aquifer system in the Hartsville area occurs primarily under confined conditions. The aquifer system consists of sandy units that are recharged predominantly from the Cretaceous outcrop areas located northwest of Hartsville. In addition, limited recharge to the confined aquifer may occur by local leakage of groundwater from the overlying, unconfined Pleistocene/Holocene shallow aquifer system through confining fine-grained strata. The Cretaceous unit that comprises most of the Cretaceous aquifer system beneath the Hartsville area is the Tuscaloosa Formation, known locally as the Middendorf Aquifer.

3.6.2 Site-Specific Hydrogeology

Comparison of the hydrogeologic data generally supports previous work conducted across the Coastal Plain region in Darlington and surrounding counties by Wollen and Colquhoun (1977), and others, and at the Sonoco facility by McCoy & McCoy Environmental Consultants, Inc. (1991). This work suggests that Cretaceous deposits are overlain by younger sands and clays of fluvial and transgression-regression marine sequences. The younger, post-Cretaceous deposits are virtually indistinguishable from the underlying Cretaceous sediments. These sediments form the shallow unconfined, and the apparent deep confined aquifers. Demarcation of the aquifer zones is based on the presence of thick, hard, highly plastic, massive, dry fat clay units observed in several soil borings located within the project area. Lithologic evidence of the mid to lower Cretaceous sediments was not observed in any of the soil borings.

Hydrogeologic cross-sections A-A' and B-B' constructed from the lithologic descriptions are provided as Figures 4 and 5, respectively. The lines of section are shown on Figure 6. The cross-sections show the presence of a shallow, unconfined aquifer underlain by a locally continuous confining unit. Underlying the locally continuous confining unit is a semi-confined aquifer followed by another clay unit that is thought to be locally confining as it was also observed approximately 0.75-miles east of the Site at the proposed Sonoco landfill site at a comparable elevation. The shallow monitoring wells of well pairs MW-02/02A, MW-05/05A, and MW-07/07A are screened in the upper portion of the shallow unconfined aquifer. The deeper monitoring wells of each well pair are installed in the lower portion of the same aquifer and completed on top of the first observed clay unit of appreciable thickness as proposed in the Work Plan. The deeper wells are constructed with 5-foot well screens to create vertical separation from the shallow wells and assess the hydrogeologic zone where heavier contaminants might be present (e.g., VOCs).

4.0 BASELINE INVESTIGATION FIELD ACTIVITIES

The baseline investigation activities summarized in the following sections establish “baseline” conditions for soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment within and surrounding the BASA and former industrial ponds.

4.1 Soil Boring Installation and Soil, Boiler Ash, and Wastewater Solids Sampling

Twenty-three (23) soil borings were installed in accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP at the Site between February 18 and March 12, 2014, to collect soil, wastewater solids/sludge, and ash samples. The locations of the soil borings are shown on Figure 6. Soil borings SB-01 through SB-08 were installed outside the limits of the BASA and former industrial ponds. SB-09 was installed outside the former industrial ponds, but inside the limits of the BASA. SB-10 through SB-13 were installed within former Industrial Pond #1 with SB-13 also installed within the limits of the BASA. SB-14 through SB-18 were installed within former Industrial Pond #2 with SB-14 also installed within the limits of the BASA. SB-19 and SB-20 were installed in the ponded water areas to the north and south of former Industrial Pond #2. SB-21 through SB-23 were installed in the wooded area northwest of the BASA and southeast of Patrick Highway. Soil borings SB-21, SB-22, and SB-23 are considered background sampling locations. With the exception of the soil borings installed within the former industrial ponds, continuous soil cores were collected at all of the soil borings using rotasonic-drilling methods by Terra Sonic International (SC Well Driller License No. 2130). The soil borings within the former industrial ponds were installed using a hand auger by GEL (SC Well Driller License No. 1330).

Soil borings SB-01 through SB-08 and SB-21 through SB-23 were installed into the shallow, unconfined water table aquifer and ranged from 10 to 20 feet deep. Soil boring SB-09 was installed to 66 feet BGS through the boiler ash and approximately 20 feet into residual soil. Soil borings SB-13 (70 feet BGS) and SB-14 (46 feet BGS) were installed through the boiler ash, wastewater solids, and approximately 15 feet and 6 feet, respectively, into residual soil. Soil borings SB-10 through SB-12 and SB-15 through SB-20 ranged from 4 to 8 feet deep and were installed through the wastewater solids and approximately 2 feet into the underlying soil.

Soil, wastewater solids, and ash samples were collected from each boring at 2-foot intervals. Grab samples for analysis of Target Compound List (TCL) VOCs and total petroleum hydrocarbons – gasoline range organics (TPH-GRO) were collected, using laboratory-provided sampling kits, from the base of each 2-foot interval. An aliquot of the remaining portion of each 2-foot sample was placed in a resealable plastic bag and field-screened for total organic vapors with a MiniRae® photoionization detector (PID). The 2-foot soil sample from each boring with the highest PID result was submitted for laboratory analysis. The remaining soil from the selected interval was composited for analysis of the remaining parameters. Where screening results from each 2-foot sample were within 10% of each other, the sample from the interval above the water table was submitted for analysis. The water table was encountered at a depth of approximately 5 feet in SB-07 and buried debris was observed to a depth of approximately 6 feet. Since no soil was encountered in SB-07 above the water table, no sample was collected from SB-07. Soil cuttings generated during soil boring installation and soil sampling activities were contained in 55-gallon drums and managed onsite as investigation-derived waste (IDW). Descriptions of the soil samples, borings, and screening results were recorded on soil boring logs, which are included in Appendix III.

A total of 30 soil, 21 wastewater solids, and 3 boiler ash samples (including field duplicates) were collected and placed on ice in clean coolers. The samples were transported to GEL Laboratories, LLC (GEL Labs, SC Certification No. 10120001) of Charleston, SC under proper chain-of-custody procedures for analysis of the following parameters:

- TCL VOCs by 8260B;
- TCL SVOCs by 8270D;
- Target Analyte List (TAL) metals by 6010C/6020A;
- Mercury by 7471B;
- Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI) by 7196A;
- TPH-Diesel Range Organics (DRO) by 8015C;
- TPH-Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) by 8015C
- Total cyanide by SW9012A;
- Oil and Grease by 9071B, and
- Chloride and sulfate by 9056A.

Analyses of TPH-GRO by 8015C and oil and grease by EPA Method 9071B were conducted by Shealy Environmental Services, Inc. (Shealy, SC Certification No 32010) of West Columbia, SC. A list of the soil samples, depths, locations, and parameters is included as Table 1.

4.2 Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation and Groundwater Sampling

In accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP, fifteen (15) permanent groundwater monitoring wells were installed at the Site from February 18 through 28, 2014 to collect samples from the upper and lower shallow, unconfined water table aquifer, measure water levels, and obtain groundwater flow direction data. The locations of the monitoring wells are shown on Figure 6. MW-01 through MW-08, MW-02A, MW-05A, and MW-07A were installed outside the limits of the BASA and former industrial ponds. MW-09 was installed outside the former industrial ponds, but within the limits of the BASA. MW-10 was installed within the limits of the BASA and former Industrial Pond #1, and MW-11 was installed within the limits of the BASA and former Industrial Pond #2. MW-12 was installed in the wooded area northwest of the BASA and former industrial ponds, and southeast of Patrick Highway. Monitoring well MW-12 is considered the background well location. All of the monitoring wells were installed using rotosonic drilling methods by Terra Sonic International (SC Well Driller License No. 2130).

The monitoring wells were installed in 6-inch diameter boreholes to total depths ranging from 15 to 70 feet BGS. The wells were constructed of 2-inch, flush-threaded Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) well materials. MW-01 through MW-12 were constructed with 10-foot, 0.010-inch slotted well screens installed in the upper portion of the shallow unconfined aquifer. MW-02A, MW-05A, and MW-07A were constructed with 5-foot screens installed to screen the lower portion of the shallow unconfined aquifer. No. 2 filter sand was emplaced in the annular space of each borehole from the total depth to approximately 2 feet above the well screen. A minimum of 2 feet of bentonite pellets were placed above the filter pack and allowed to hydrate for a minimum of 2 hours to form a well seal. The monitoring wells were grouted from the top of the seal to the ground surface with neat cement and completed at the surface with a lockable protective riser set in a 2-foot by 2-foot concrete well pad. Well MW-03 and MW-08 were completed at the surface with a lockable, flush-mount cover and well pad. The wells were affixed with a permanent ID placards identifying the well and construction details. Following installation, the wells were developed with a 12-volt submersible pump until development

water was relatively clear and free of sediment. The development water was contained in 55-gallon drums and managed onsite as IDW. Monitoring well construction details and water well records are contained in Appendix III.

Prior to sample collection, the water level and total well depths for each monitoring well were measured to determine the volume of standing water inside the well riser and screen. A minimum of three well volumes were purged using a peristaltic pump and new, disposable polyethylene tubing. The field parameters temperature, pH, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen (DO), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), and turbidity were measured using a multi-parameter water-quality meter and flow-through cell. Samples submitted for dissolved (filtered) analysis of metals were filtered in the field with disposable 0.45-micron filters. Monitoring well stabilization and purging were considered complete when, for at least three consecutive measurements, pH remained constant within 0.1 standard units (su), specific conductance varied by no more than 5%, and turbidity stabilized or was below 10 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs). In addition to the newly installed monitoring wells, a groundwater sample was also collected from existing well SO-1. The groundwater sampling activities were performed in accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP. The field measurements were recorded on groundwater sampling field data sheets, which are included in Appendix V.

A total of 20 groundwater samples (including field duplicates) were collected and placed on ice in clean coolers. The samples were transported to GEL Labs under proper chain-of-custody procedures for analysis of the following parameters:

- TCL VOCs by 8260B;
- TCL SVOCs by 8270D;
- Total and dissolved TAL metals by 6010C/6020A;
- Total and dissolved mercury by 7471B;
- Total and dissolved Cr VI by 7196A;
- TPH-DRO by 8015C;
- TPH-GRO by 8015C;
- Total and dissolved cyanide by SW9012A;
- Oil and Grease by 9071B, and
- Chloride and sulfate by 9056A.

Samples for analysis of TPH-GRO by 8015C and oil and grease by 9071B were submitted to Shealy. A list of the soil samples, depths, locations, and parameters is included as Table 1.

4.3 Surface Water and Sediment Sampling

Nine (9) surface water and sediment locations were sampled April 1-2, 2014 in accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP. The surface water and sediment sample locations are shown on Figure 6. SW/SD-01 through SW/SD-05 were collected from Spring Branch, which is located north and east of the BASA. SW/SD-06 was collected where the effluent from former Industrial Pond #1 crosses the access road to the Site, and SW/SD-07 was collected from the drainage swale west of former Industrial Pond #1. SW/SD-08 and SW/SD-09 were collected from springs north of former Industrial Pond #1 and west of the BASA. Sample location SW-05/SD-05 is considered a background location. Samples were collected from downstream to upstream.

A total of 11 surface water samples and 10 sediment samples (including field duplicates) were collected and placed on ice in clean coolers. The samples were transported to GEL Labs under proper chain-of-custody procedures for analysis of the following parameters:

- TCL VOCs by 8260B;
- TCL SVOCs by 8270D;
- TAL metals by 6010C/6020A;
- Mercury by 7471B;
- Cr VI by 7196A;
- TPH-DRO by 8015C;
- TPH-GRO by 8015C;
- Cyanide by SW9012A;
- Oil and Grease by 9071B, and
- Chloride and sulfate by 9056A; and
- 48-Hour Acute Bioassay with *Ceriodaphnia dubia* by 2002.0.

Samples for analysis of TPH-GRO by 8015C and oil and grease by 9071B were submitted to Shealy. Surface water samples SW-01, SW-05, SW-06, and SW-09 were analyzed for acute bioassay and were submitted to Shealy Consulting, LLC (SC Certification No. 32566). A list of the soil samples, depths, locations, and parameters is included as Table 1.

4.4 Investigation Derived Waste

IDW generated during baseline investigation included personal protective equipment (PPE); disposable sampling equipment; soil cuttings generated from soil boring and monitoring well installation activities; decontamination fluids; and development and purge water generated during well installation and groundwater sample collection.

PPE and disposable sampling equipment were collected in garbage bags and placed in Sonoco's solid waste receptacles. Remaining IDW was containerized in SC Department of Transportation (DOT) approved 55-gallon drums and staged in a secure area adjacent to the 17-acre pond at the Sonoco facility pending review of analytical data.

4.5 Site Survey

All soil boring, monitoring well, and surface water/sediment sampling locations were surveyed by a GEL Professional Land Surveyor (SC License No. 15513). The horizontal locations were surveyed to the SC State Plane Coordinate System (North American Datum of 1983). Elevations were surveyed to North American Vertical Datum 1988. The survey was performed using a global positioning system (GPS) with differential correction as specified in the Work Plan.

5.0 SUMMARY OF BASELINE INVESTIGATION ANALYTICAL RESULTS AND FINDINGS

The following sections summarize field and analytical data collected during the baseline investigation.

5.1 Soil Sample Results

A total of 30 soil samples (including field duplicates) were analyzed. The soil sample locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected concentrations are summarized in Table 2. The soil sample results are compared to residential and industrial RSLs and SSLs for protection of groundwater. Note that exceedances of SSLs for the protection of groundwater are highlighted on Table 2; however, these are not discussed because groundwater analytical results provide a direct measure of groundwater quality, rendering the SSLs comparisons irrelevant. Copies of the soil sample Certificates of Analysis (COAs) and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix IV. Results qualified with a "J" data qualifier indicate the constituent was detected in the sample; however, the reported concentration is an estimated concentration between the laboratory detection and reporting limits.

TPH-DRO was detected in 16 of the 23 soil samples (including field duplicates) at concentrations ranging from 2.63 to 5,430 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg). TPH-GRO was detected only in SB-14-40-42 at 13 µg/kg. Oil and grease was detected in four of the 23 soil samples at concentrations ranging from 300 to 13,000 mg/kg. Chloride was detected in all 23 soil samples and ranged from 1.28 J to 10.0 mg/kg. Sulfate was detected in 18 of the 23 soil samples at concentrations ranging from 1.92 J to 2,100 mg/kg. Screening levels have not been established for any of these parameters.

Numerous metals were detected; however, the concentrations are within the range of background concentrations in South Carolina Coastal Plain soil (Canova, 1999). Only two metals, hexavalent chromium (Cr VI) and arsenic were detected at concentrations exceeding RSLs for industrial and/or residential soils. Cr VI concentrations exceed only the residential RSL in 18 of the 30 samples collected, while arsenic concentrations exceed the residential RSL in 13 samples and also exceed the industrial RSL in 4 samples. The background Cr VI concentrations are comparable to the Site concentrations except that SB-6, located south of the access road is higher. The arsenic exceedances are all within the range of naturally occurring background concentrations documented in Coastal Plain soils.

A total of 19 SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected in the soil samples. However, only benzo(a)anthracene (3 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (5 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (3 samples), benzo(k)fluoranthene (1 sample), chrysene (1 sample), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (3 samples), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (3 samples) were detected at concentrations exceeding industrial RSLs. The highest concentrations, which account for most of the exceedances of industrial RSLs, are in the primary and duplicate shallow soil samples from locations SB-04-2-4 and SB-06-2-4. PAHs are products of incomplete combustion of hydrocarbons and are also present in wood preservatives such as creosote. The detected concentrations in SB-04 and SB-06 are likely from the tar coated dura pipe noted in these borings.

A total of 10 VOCs were detected in the soil samples. None of the concentrations exceed residential or industrial RSLs.

5.2 Boiler Ash Sample Results

Three boiler ash samples were analyzed. The sample locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected concentrations are included as Table 3. The boiler ash samples are compared to the residential and industrial RSLs and SSLs for the protection of groundwater. Note that exceedances of SSLs for the protection of groundwater are highlighted on Table 3; however, these are not discussed because groundwater analytical results provide a direct measure of groundwater quality, rendering the SSLs comparisons irrelevant. Copies of the boiler ash sample COAs and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix IV.

TPH-DRO was detected in ASH-14-36-38 at 11 J mg/kg and ASH-13-48-50 at 353 mg/kg. Oil and grease was detected only in ASH-13-48-50 at 1,000 mg/kg. Chloride and sulfate were detected in all three samples and ranged from 6.11 mg/kg (ASH-13-48-50) to 271 mg/kg (ASH-09-44-45) and 49.6 mg/kg (ASH-13-48-50) to 13,600 mg/kg (ASH-09-44-45), respectively. TPH-GRO was not detected in any of the samples. No RSLs and SSLs are established for these parameters.

Four metals, Cr VI, arsenic, cobalt, and thallium were detected in one or more samples at concentrations exceeding industrial and/or residential RSLs. Cr VI was detected at concentrations ranging from 0.775 J to 5.2 µg/kg, exceeding only the residential RSL in all three samples. However, these concentrations are comparable to background soils. Arsenic concentrations range from 30,700 to 56,400 µg/kg, exceeding the industrial RSL in all three samples. Cobalt was detected in one sample (ASH-09-44-45) at a concentration exceeding only the residential RSL. Thallium was detected in two samples, ASH-09-44-45 and ASH-14-36-38, at concentrations exceeding the residential RSL.

SVOCs were detected at concentrations exceeding industrial RSLs only in ASH-13-48-50. Five PAHs were detected above industrial RSLs in the sample, including benzo(a)anthracene (25,100 µg/kg), benzo(a)pyrene (28,100 µg/kg), benzo(b)fluoranthene (33,600 µg/kg), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (4,890 µg/kg), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (14,700 µg/kg).

None of the detected VOCs concentrations exceed RSLs or SSLs. No other constituents were detected in the boiler ash samples.

5.3 Wastewater Solid Sample Results

A total of 21 wastewater solids (WWS) samples (including field duplicates) were analyzed. The WWS sample locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected concentrations are summarized as Table 4. The WWS sample results are compared to the residential and industrial RSLs and the SSLs for protection of groundwater. Note that exceedances of SSLs for the protection of groundwater are highlighted on Table 4; however, these are not discussed because groundwater analytical results provide a direct measure of groundwater quality, rendering the SSLs comparisons irrelevant. Copies of the WWS sample COAs and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix IV.

TPH-DRO was detected in all of the samples at concentrations ranging from 7.23 J to 10,800 mg/Kg. TPH-GRO was detected in 11 of the samples at concentrations ranging from 8.7 to 1,900 mg/Kg. Oil and grease was detected in 6 of the samples and ranged from 300 to 78,000 mg/Kg. Chloride was detected in 21 of the samples and ranged from 4.30 mg/kg to 219 mg/kg. Sulfate was detected in 16 of the

samples and ranged 2.41 J mg/kg to 5,260 mg/kg. No RSLs and SSLs are established for these parameters.

Total cyanide was detected in 10 of the samples at concentrations ranging from 232 J to 8,900 µg/kg, which do not exceed residential or industrial RSLs. Cr VI was detected in seven of the samples at concentrations from 0.307 J mg/kg to 16.8 J mg/kg. All of the detected concentrations exceed the residential RSL, and 3 of the samples also exceed the industrial RSL.

All of the TAL metals were detected in one or more of the samples. Only arsenic (8 samples), and lead (3 samples) exceed industrial RSLs.

SVOCs were detected in all of the WWS samples. Only the PAHs benzo(a)pyrene (5 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (2 samples), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) exceed industrial RSLs.

VOCs were detected in 16 of the WWS samples. However, none of the detected VOCs exceed residential or industrial RSLs.

5.4 Groundwater Sample Results

A total of 20 groundwater samples (including field duplicates) were analyzed. The monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected concentrations are summarized in Table 5. The groundwater sample results are compared to MCLs and tapwater RSLs for constituents that do not have an established MCL. Copies of the COAs and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix V. In addition to the "J" data qualifier, some of the groundwater sample results are flagged with a "B" qualifier indicating the target analyte was also detected in the associated blank.

TPH-DRO was detected in 10 of the 20 samples analyzed (including field duplicates) at concentrations ranging from 0.0796 BJ to 0.329 milligrams per liter (mg/l). Oil and grease was detected in 19 of the samples and ranged from 1.18 J to 2.47 mg/l. TPH-GRO was not detected in any of the samples. Chloride and sulfate were detected in all 20 of the samples and ranged from 0.067 to 16.4 mg/l and 0.438 and 186 mg/l, respectively. Cyanide was not detected in any of the samples.

Total and dissolved TAL metals were detected in all of the samples. None of the detected metals concentrations exceed MCLs. Concentrations of iron (5 samples) and manganese (4 samples) are the only metals that exceed tapwater RSLs.

Ten SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected. None of the concentrations exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs.

The only VOCs detected in the groundwater samples were methylene chloride (13 samples) and tetrachloroethylene (1 sample). None of the concentrations exceed MCLs.

5.5 Water Level Elevations and Groundwater Flow Direction

Water level measurements were collected from Site monitoring wells on March 18, 2014, using an electric water level probe. The water levels were measured in feet and referenced to the top of casing (TOC). The corresponding groundwater elevations ranged from 153.27 feet MSL in MW-06 to 164.57 feet MSL in MW-12. The resulting hydraulic gradient calculated across the Site from MW-12 to MW-06

is 0.01 feet/foot, and the groundwater flow direction is to the south-southeast toward Black Creek. The groundwater elevations, flow direction, and water level contours are shown on Figure 7.

5.6 Surface Water Sample Results

Eleven surface water samples (including field duplicates) were analyzed. The sample locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected constituents are summarized as Table 6. The surface water sample results are compared to South Carolina standards for freshwater aquatic life and human health. Copies of the surface water sample COAs and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix VI.

TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, and oil and grease were not detected in any of the surface water samples. Chloride and sulfate were detected in all of the samples and ranged from 3.09 to 21.1 mg/l and 1.15 to 9.50 mg/l, respectively.

Samples SW-01, SW-05, SW-06, and SW-09 analyzed for acute aquatic toxicity passed with zero percent mortality (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). BOD was detected in only three samples and ranged from 1.04 mg/l to 14.2 mg/l.

Total and dissolved cyanide were detected only in SW-08 at 17.2 and 2.45 J $\mu\text{g/l}$, respectively. The total cyanide concentration exceeds the Criterion Continuous Concentration (CCC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life. Concentrations of total cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc exceed the Criterion Maximum Concentration (CMC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life in one sample (SW-08), but the dissolved concentrations of these metals did not exceed regulatory standards, suggesting that the detections in the unfiltered sample result from sample turbidity. Dissolved and/or total copper (SW-06 and SW-07) and dissolved and/or total lead (SW-04, SW-06, SW-07, SW-09) were also detected at concentrations exceeding CCCs or CMCs. SW-4 and SW-9 are background locations.

The SVOC di-n-butylphthalate was detected only in SW-06 at 7.97 J $\mu\text{g/l}$, and does not exceed any screening levels. No other SVOCs and no VOCs were detected in the surface water samples.

5.7 Sediment Sample Results

Nine sediment samples (including field duplicates) were analyzed. The sediment locations are shown on Figure 6, and detected concentrations are summarized as Table 6. The sediment sample results are compared to EPA Region 4 ecological screening values (ESVs). Copies of the sediment sample COAs and chain of custody forms are included in Appendix VI.

TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, and oil and grease were not detected in any of the samples. Chloride and sulfate were detected in all of the samples and ranged from 3.66 to 73.5 mg/kg and 2.85 J to 20.3 mg/kg, respectively. ESVs have not been established for chloride and sulfate.

Total cyanide was detected only in SD-06 and SD-08 and at 341 J and 942 J $\mu\text{g/kg}$, respectively. Cr VI was also detected in only three samples and ranged from 0.168 J to 0.357 J mg/kg; no ESV currently has been established for cyanide or Cr IV. Detected concentrations are generally comparable to those found in Site soils. All of the TAL metals were detected in one or more of the samples. None of the concentrations exceed the respective ESVs in SD-01, SD-03, SD-04, SD-05, and SD-09.

Cadmium, total chromium, and zinc at concentrations of 1,220, 172,000, and 393,000 µg/kg, respectively, exceed the ESVs only in SD-06. Copper exceeds the ESV in SD-02 (20,100 µg/kg), SD-06 (2,120,000 µg/kg), SD-07 (59,700 µg/kg), SD-07-D (77,500 µg/kg), and SD-08 (52,600 µg/kg). Lead at 1,190,000 and 38,000 µg/kg in SD-06 and SD-08, respectively, exceeds the ESV. Mercury exceeds the ESV in the duplicate sample from SD-07 and in sample SD-08, at concentrations of 160 and 740 µg/kg, respectively. No other metals exceed the ESVs in the samples.

Several SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected in one or more of the samples. Anthracene (1 sample), benzo(a)anthracene (3 samples), benzo(a)pyrene (2 samples), bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (1 sample), dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (1 sample), fluoranthene (5 samples), phenanthrene (1 sample), and pyrene (4 samples) were detected at concentrations exceeding ESVs. Several VOCs were detected at low concentrations in one or more of the samples; however, ESVs have not been established for the detected VOCs.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The baseline investigation of the BASA has been conducted in accordance with Consent Agreement 13-04-SW and the DHEC-approved Work Plan. The findings indicate the BASA is stable and there has been minimal leaching into the groundwater. A summary of the findings of the baseline investigation is provided below:

Soil Samples

Soil sample findings indicate that the site soils do not appear to be adversely affected by site activities.

- Arsenic was detected in concentrations comparable to native soil. Four samples exceeded the industrial RSL. All concentrations are below 4 mg/kg except one at 18.6 mg/kg. Soils with comparable arsenic concentrations are routinely approved for unrestricted use by DHEC.
- None of the detected Cr VI concentrations exceed the industrial RSL. Cr IV was detected in the majority of the soil samples including the background samples. No pattern was identified by location, and the background locations are comparable to the other sample locations, except that the concentration in SB-06-2-4 (5.51 mg/kg) is higher than the balance of the data set.
- No other metal detected in the soil samples exceeds the RSLs. Concentrations detected in samples adjacent to and downgradient of the BASA are comparable to those detected in the background samples.
- Several SVOCs were detected in the soil samples. The majority of the SVOCs detected are PAHs that result from anthropogenic sources such as creosoted-wood and the incomplete combustion of hydrocarbons, and are common in older developed areas. Most exceedances of industrial RSLs are limited to only two shallow soil samples (5C-04 and SB-06) located along the access road south of the BASA.
- VOCs are a constituent group commonly associated with textile wastes. However, no VOCs were detected at concentrations exceeding RSLs for residential or industrial soils indicating that the former textile plant wastewater ponds do not appear to have significantly impacted site soil.

Ash Samples

Comparison of the boiler ash results to the soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediment samples indicates that the ash does not appear to have released contaminants to the surrounding environment.

- Arsenic was the only metal detected in the ash samples at concentrations that exceed industrial RSLs. Arsenic concentrations range from 30.7 to 56.4 mg/kg. Previous analyses demonstrate that the arsenic is not highly leachable. The absence of elevated arsenic in site soil or groundwater supports the conclusion that the arsenic in the ash is stable and is not prone to leaching.
- Cr VI was detected in all three ash samples at concentrations that exceed residential RSLs. The concentrations are the same order of magnitude as the native soil samples, including background locations.
- The majority of the SVOCs detected are PAHs that form as a result of the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing materials. Of the SVOCs detected, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene exceed industrial RSLs in only one of the ash samples. However, they do not appear to be

leaching to the environment as shown by their absence in groundwater. Based on the depth of the ash samples collected the detected concentrations of SVOCs in ash are likely attributed to the wastewater solids.

- None of the detected VOC concentrations exceed RSLs for residential or industrial soils.

Wastewater Solid and Sludge Samples

The wastewater solid and sludge sample data indicate that the wastewater solids are relatively stable and not a significant source of contaminants to the surrounding environment.

- Wastewater solids were observed to depths of 1-7 feet in borings within the footprint of the former industrial ponds and were 2-3 feet thick below the ash where the ash had been placed over the ponds.
- Cr VI was detected in seven of the WWS samples at concentrations that exceed residential RSLs. The detected concentrations in three of the samples exceed the industrial RSL. The overall concentrations in these samples are higher than in the soil or ash samples. However, elevated Cr VI is not present in other media (groundwater, surface water or sediment) at elevated concentrations indicating that it does not leach appreciably.
- Concentrations of arsenic, cobalt, copper, and lead exceed the residential RSL in one or more samples. Arsenic and lead were the only metals to exceed the industrial RSLs in at least one sample. The absence of these metals in groundwater samples at elevated concentrations indicating that they do not leach appreciably.
- SVOCs were detected in all of the WWS samples. However, only the PAHs benzo(a)pyrene (5 samples), benzo(b)fluoranthene (2 samples), and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (1 sample) exceed industrial RSLs. Furthermore, none of the SVOCs in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs providing additional evidence that the constituents in the sludge do not leach appreciably.
- VOCs are commonly associated with textile wastes. However, none of the detected VOCs exceed residential or industrial RSLs indicating the VOCs were not a significant component of the former dyeing and finishing processes at the Site.

Groundwater Samples

Site activities do not appear to have impacted groundwater quality underneath or downgradient from the BASA showing that the ash and wastewater solids/sludge are not leaching contaminants to groundwater in an appreciable manner.

- None of the metals concentrations in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs for elements that have no established MCL.
- None of the detected VOCs or SVOCs in groundwater exceed MCLs or tapwater RSLs.
- Comparison of the analytical results for the paired wells (MW-02/02A, MW-05/05A, and MW-07/07A) indicate that concentrations of detected constituents generally decrease with depth, i.e., concentrations in the lower portion of the shallow, unconfined aquifer are less than those in the upper portion of the same aquifer. Regardless, none of the constituents exceed regulatory standards.

Surface Water Samples

All four samples analyzed for bioassay (acute aquatic toxicity) passed with 0% mortality (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*). This finding provides a direct measurement showing that overall surface water quality is good.

- Although metals were detected in some surface water samples above screening criteria, the survival rate of 0% mortality of the *Ceriodaphnia dubia* in the bioassay samples documents that surface water quality is good and not adversely affected by the ash and wastewater solids/sludge.
- Total and dissolved cyanide were both detected in SW-08 only; the concentration of total cyanide exceeds the Criterion Continuous Concentration (CCC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life. The detected concentrations of cyanide in the wastewater solids samples were all below residential and industrial RSLs.
- Concentrations of total cadmium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc exceed the Criterion Maximum Concentration (CMC) for protection of freshwater aquatic life in the unfiltered sample from SW-08. However, dissolved concentrations of these metals did not exceed the regulatory standards in the filtered sample from SW-08, which indicates the total metals concentrations may be the result of sample turbidity. Total and/or dissolved copper were detected in SW-06 and SW-07 at concentrations exceeding the CCCs or CMCs; total and/or dissolved lead were detected at concentrations exceeding the CCCs or CMCs in SW-04, SW-06, SW-07, and SW-09.
- Di-n-butylphthalate was the only SVOC detected in the surface water samples. CCCs and CMCs are not established for di-n-butylphthalate; however, the concentration does not exceed human health criteria for water and organism, organism only, or MCLs for protection of human health. Di-n-butylphthalate is also a common plasticizer and laboratory artifact.
- No VOCs were detected in the surface water samples.

Sediment Samples

The survival with 0% mortality of the *Ceriodaphnia* in the bioassay samples documents that surface water quality associated with the sediments is good. Although some constituents in sediment exceed screening levels, the sources of these constituents is not clear.

- Nine sediment samples were collected and submitted for laboratory analyses. The sediment sample results were compared to the ecological screening values (ESVs).
- Total cyanide was detected in two samples. An ESV is not established for total cyanide.
- Cr VI was detected in three samples. An ESV for Cr VI is not established. However, the concentrations are comparable to those found in the soil samples, including background locations.
- Cadmium, total chromium, copper, lead, mercury, and zinc concentrations exceed the ESVs in at least one sediment sample.
- Several SVOCs, primarily PAHs, were detected in one or more of the sediment samples. Detected concentrations of anthracene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, and pyrene exceed the ESVs in one or more of the sediment samples.
- Several VOCs were detected at low concentrations in one or more of the sediment samples; however, ESVs are not established for the detected VOCs.

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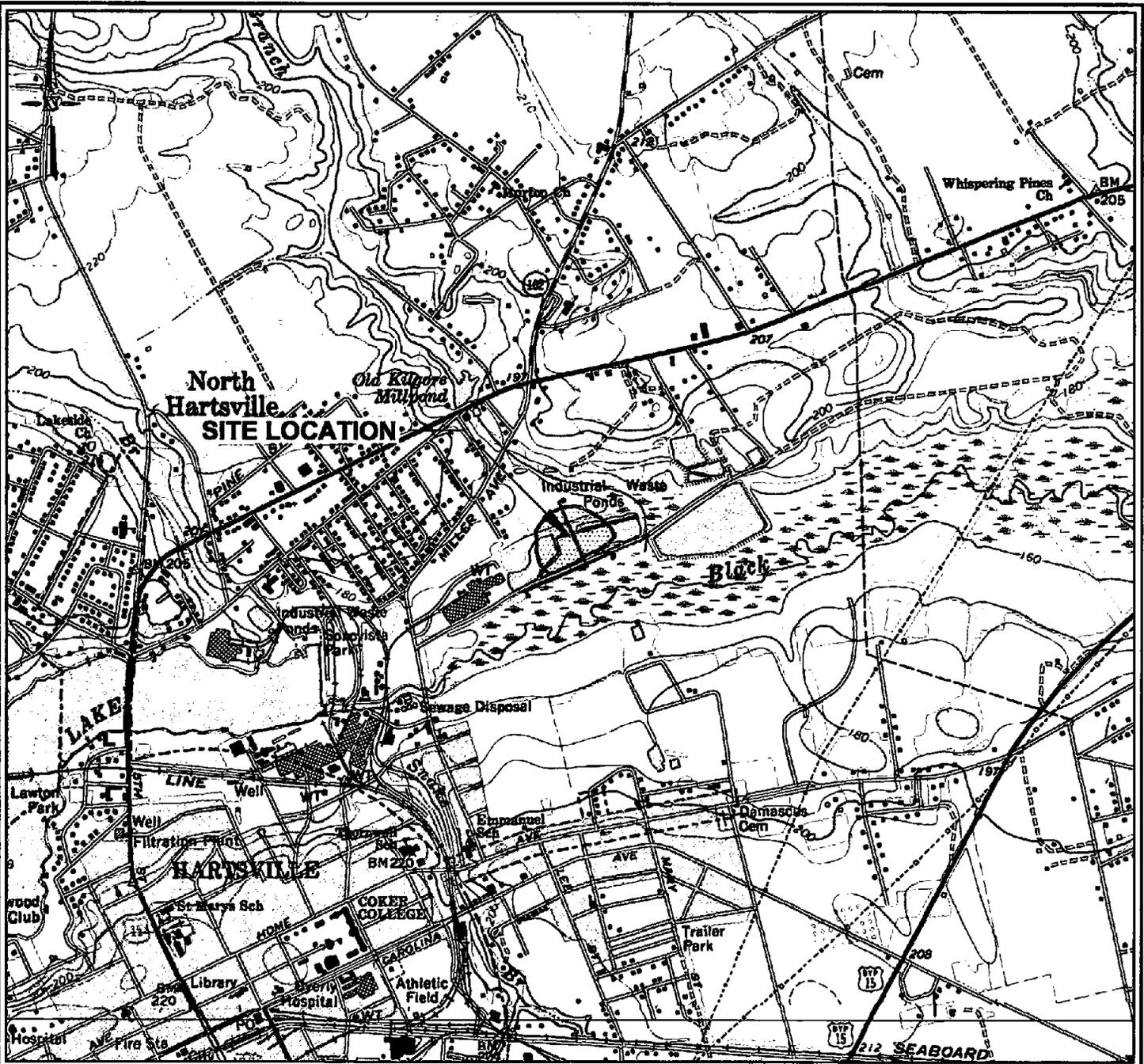
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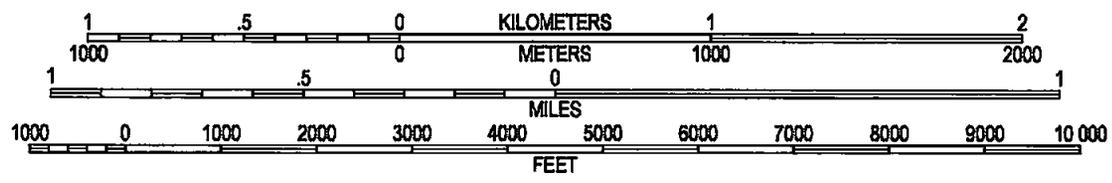
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FIGURES

Fig. 1 site location 1:528292014 8:58 AM
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SCALE 1:24 000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET
 NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

HARTSVILLE NORTH
 HARTSVILLE SOUTH
 1968
 7.5-MINUTE SERIES QUADRANGLES

GEL Engineering LLC a member of THE GEL GROUP INC ENVIRONMENTAL ■ ENGINEERING ■ SURVEYING 111 SMITH HINES ROAD SUITE J GREENVILLE, SC 29602 (864) 678-2202 www.gel.com	SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY 1 NORTH SECOND STREET HARTSVILLE, DARLINGTON COUNTY SOUTH CAROLINA Date: 05/07/2014 Drawn by: SKN	SITE LOCATION BOILER ASH STAGING AREA PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION	FIGURE 1 Approved by: TRP Project No: SONO00214
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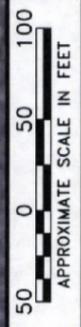


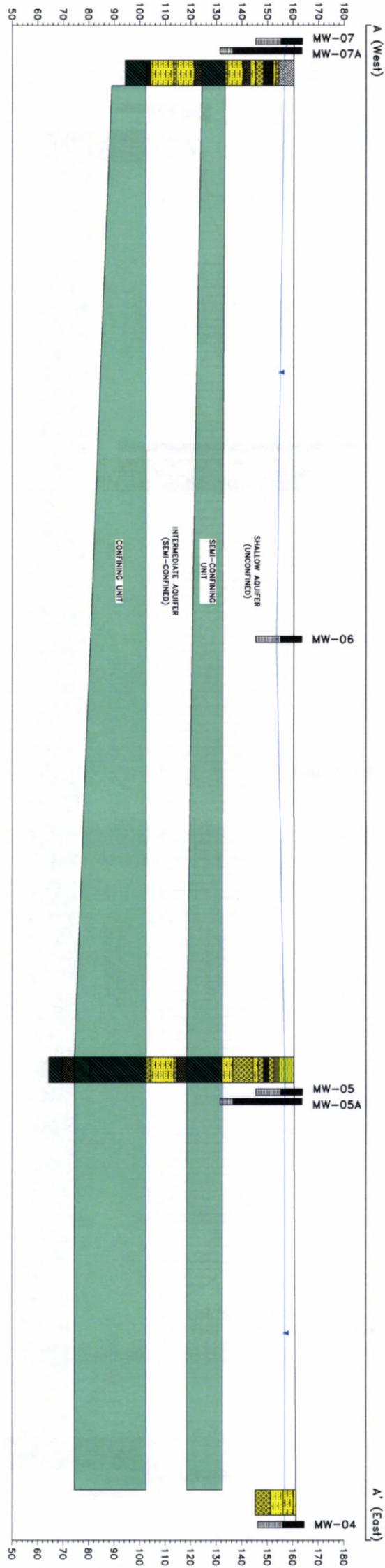
LEGEND

- #9 ASH (PAPER, COAL, BOILER NO. 4 RE-BURN)
- COAL ASH ONLY

NOTES:

1) APPROXIMATELY TOP 3 FEET OF STAGING AREA CONSISTS OF #9 ASH.





NOTES:

1. Elevation referenced to feet above mean sea level (FT MSL).
2. Vertical exaggeration is approximately 2:1.

APPROXIMATE HORIZONTAL SCALE
IN FEET



LEGEND

- | | |
|--|---|
|  SP (Poorly graded SAND) |  SC (Clayey SAND) |
|  SW (Well graded SAND) |  CL (Lean CLAY) |
|  SP-SM (Poorly graded SAND w/ Silt) |  CH (Fat CLAY) |
|  SP-SC (Poorly graded SAND w/ Clay) |  OL (Organic Soil) |
|  SW-SM (Well graded SAND w/ Silt) |  Fill |
|  ML (SILT) | |

HYDROGEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION A - A'

BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION

SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY
1 NORTH SECOND STREET
HARTSVILLE, DARLINGTON COUNTY
SOUTH CAROLINA

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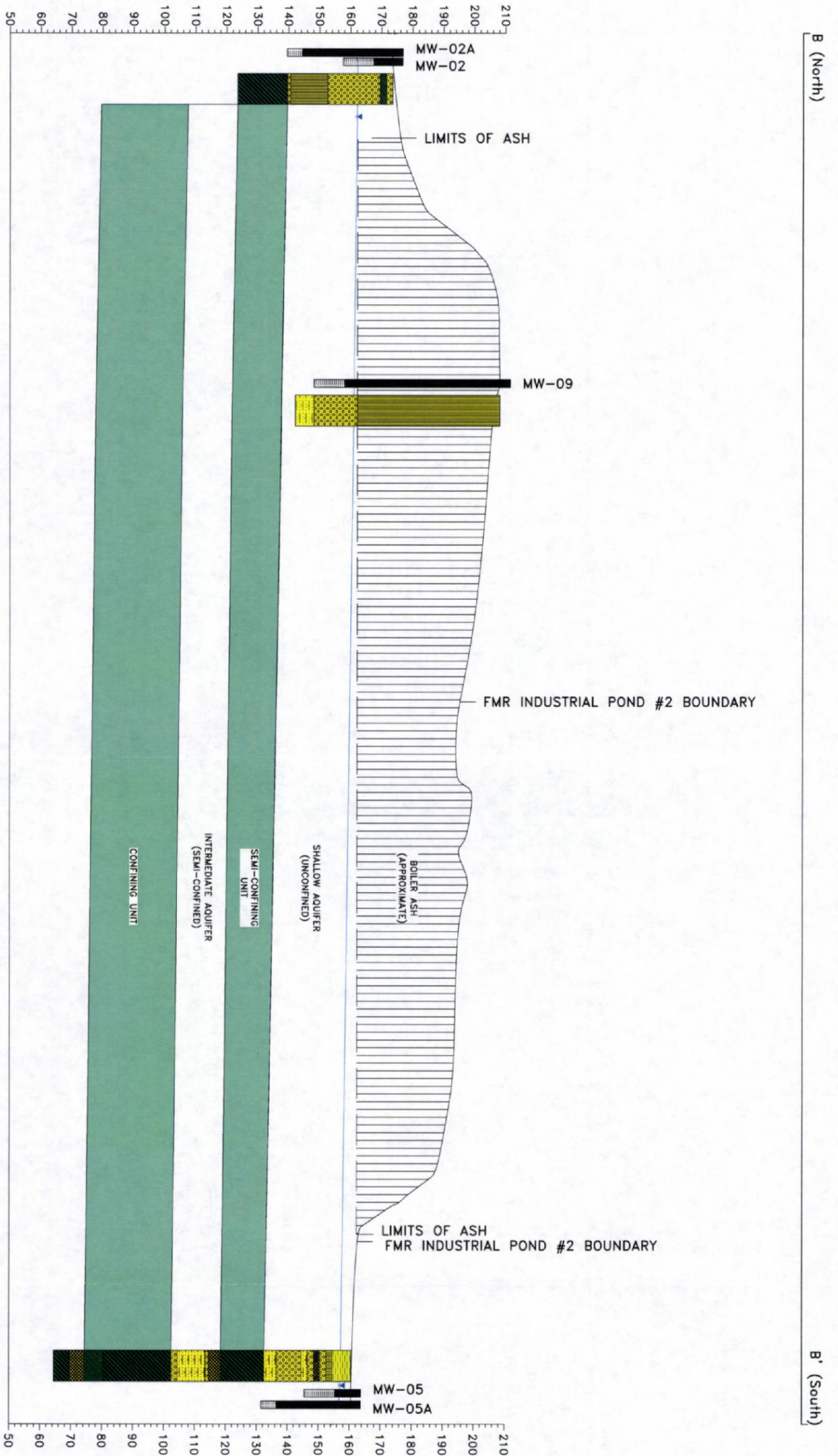
DATE: 05/07/2014

DRAWN BY: SKN

APPROVED BY: TRP

PROJECT NUMBER: SONO00214

FIGURE: 4



- NOTES:
1. Elevation referenced to feet above mean sea level (FT MSL).
 2. Vertical exaggeration is approximately 2:1.

APPROXIMATE HORIZONTAL SCALE
IN FEET



LEGEND

- | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | SP (Poorly graded SAND) | | SC (Clayey SAND) |
| | SW (Well graded SAND) | | CL (Lean CLAY) |
| | SP-SM (Poorly graded SAND w/ Silt) | | CH (Fat CLAY) |
| | SP-SC (Poorly graded SAND w/ Clay) | | OL (Organic Soil) |
| | SW-SM (Well graded SAND w/ Silt) | | Fill |
| | ML (SILT) | | |

HYDROGEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION B - B'

BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION

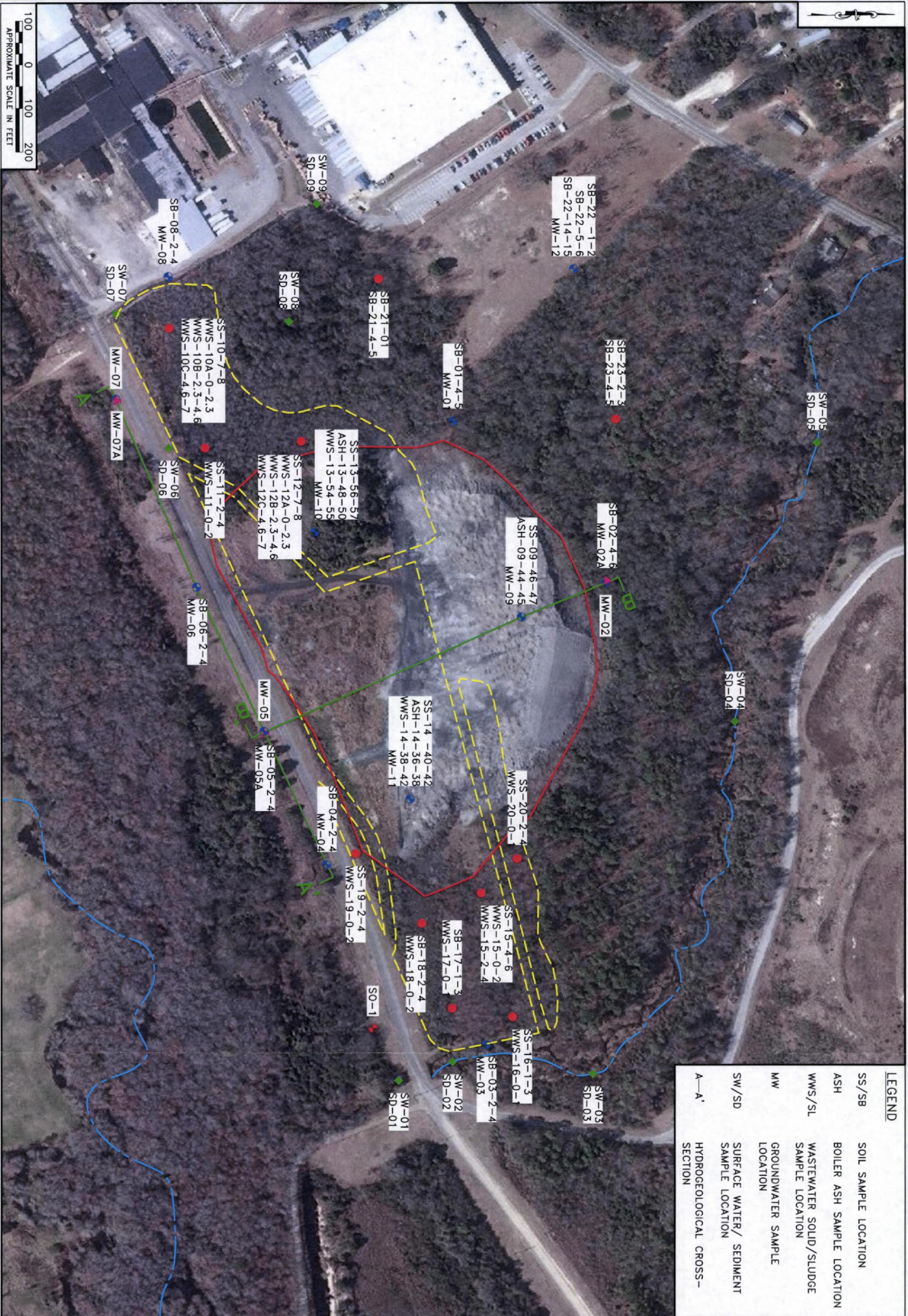
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APPROVED BY: TRP
PROJECT NUMBER: SONO00214
FIGURE: 5



LEGEND	
SS/SB	SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION
ASH	BOILER ASH SAMPLE LOCATION
WWS/SL	WASTEWATER SOLID/SLUDGE SAMPLE LOCATION
MW	GROUNDWATER SAMPLE LOCATION
SW/SD	SURFACE WATER/ SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATION
A-A'	HYDROGEOLOGICAL CROSS-SECTION

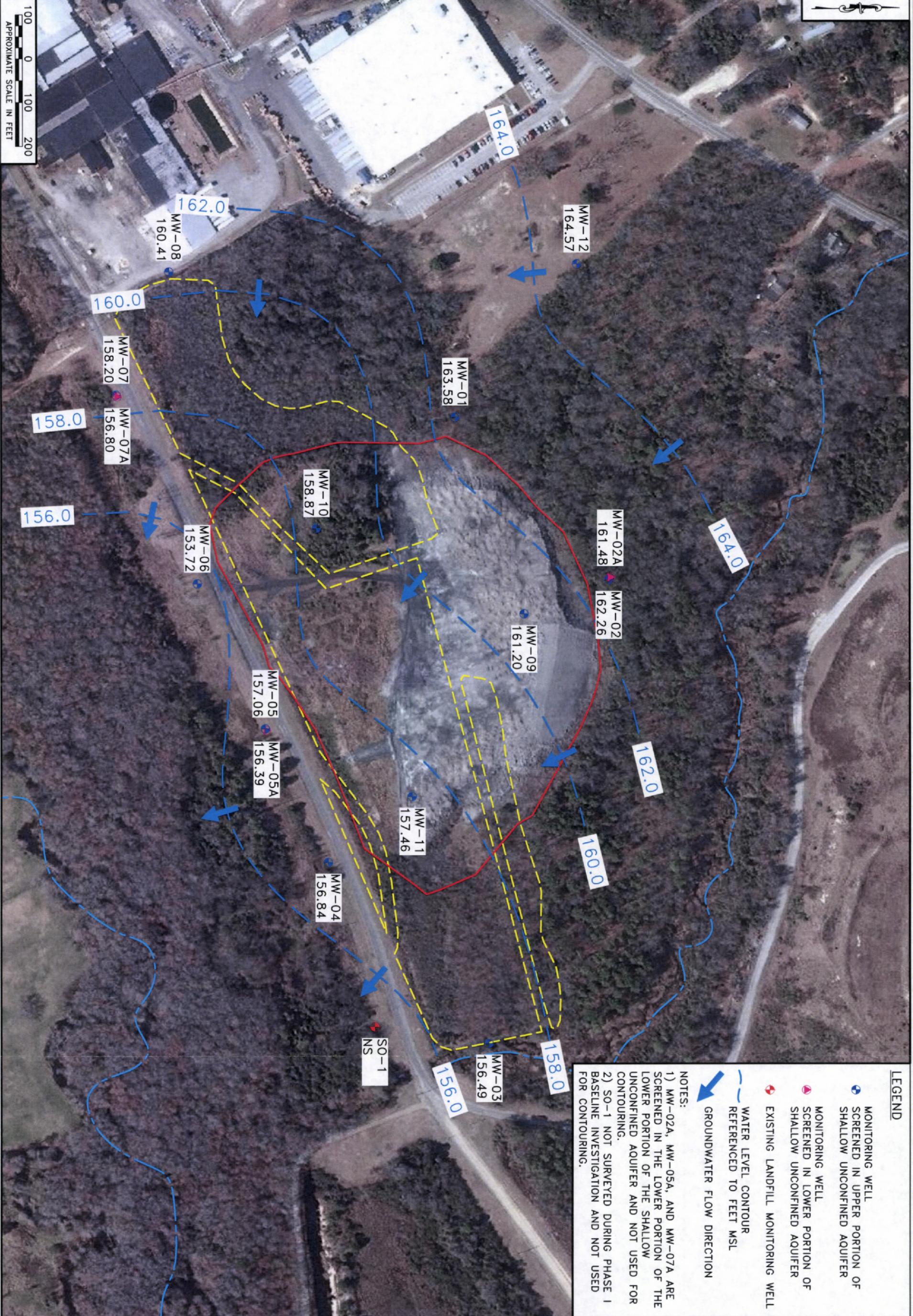
PHASE I SAMPLE LOCATION MAP
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION

DATE: 04/18/2014
 DRAWN BY: SKN
 APPROVED BY: TRP
 PROJECT NUMBER: SONO00413
 FIGURE: 6

SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY
 1 NORTH SECOND STREET
 HARTSVILLE, DARLINGTON COUNTY
 SOUTH CAROLINA

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LEGEND

- MONITORING WELL
- SCREENED IN UPPER PORTION OF SHALLOW UNCONFINED AQUIFER
- MONITORING WELL
- SCREENED IN LOWER PORTION OF SHALLOW UNCONFINED AQUIFER
- EXISTING LANDFILL MONITORING WELL
- WATER LEVEL CONTOUR REFERENCED TO FEET MSL
- ➔ GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION

NOTES:
 1) MW-02A, MW-05A, AND MW-07A ARE SCREENED IN THE LOWER PORTION OF THE LOWER PORTION OF THE SHALLOW UNCONFINED AQUIFER AND NOT USED FOR CONTOURING.
 2) SO-1 NOT SURVEYED DURING PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION AND NOT USED FOR CONTOURING.

DATE: 05/07/2014
 DRAWN BY: SKN
 APPROVED BY: TRP
 PROJECT NUMBER: SONO00214
 FIGURE: 7

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND FLOW DIRECTION MAP, MARCH 17, 2014
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION

SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY
 1 NORTH SECOND STREET
 HARTSVILLE, DARLINGTON COUNTY
 SOUTH CAROLINA

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TABLES

TABLE 1. LIST OF SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE LOCATION	ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS	
SOIL	SB-01-4-5	Residual soil sample northwest of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-01)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-02-4-6	Residual soil sample north of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former industrial ponds (SB-02)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-03-2-4	Residual soil sample east of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-03)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-04-2-4, SB-05-2-4	Residual soil samples south of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-04, SB-05)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-06-2-4	Residual soil samples south of former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-06)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-08-2-4	Residual soil sample west of former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-08)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-09-46-47	Residual soil sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and north of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-09)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-10-7-8, SS-11-2-4, SS-12-7-8	Residual soil samples below former Industrial Pond #1 and outside the Boiler Ash Staging Area (SB-10, SB-11, SB-12)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-13-56-57	Residual soil sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-13)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-14-40-42	Residual soil sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-14)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-15-4-6, SS-16-1-3, SS-17-1-3, SS-18-2-4	Residual soil samples below former Industrial Pond #2 and outside the Boiler Ash Staging Area (SB-15, SB-16, SB-17, SB-18)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-19-2-4	Residual soil sample below the ponded water area south of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-19)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SS-20-2-4	Residual soil sample below the ponded water area north of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-20)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-21-0-1, SB-21-4-5	Background soil samples between the Site and Patrick Highway (SB-21)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-22-1-2, SB-22-5-6, SB-22-14-15	Background soil samples between the Site and Patrick Highway (SB-22)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	SB-23-2-3, SB-23-4-5	Background soil samples between the Site and Patrick Highway (SB-23)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
	BOILER ASH	ASH-09-44-45	Boiler ash sample from the base of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and north of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-09)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
		ASH-13-48-50	Boiler ash sample from the base of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and above former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-13)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
		ASH-14-36-38	Boiler ash sample from the base of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and formeabove r Industrial Pond #2 (SB-14)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate

TABLE 1. LIST OF SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE LOCATION	ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
WASTEWATER SOLID/ SLUDGE	WWS-10A-0-2.3, WWS-10B-2.3-4.6, WWS-10C-4.6-7	Samples from the upper, middle, and lower zones observed in former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-10)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-11-0-2	Samples from the upper zone observed in former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-11)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-12A-0-2.3, WWS-12B-2.3-4.6, WWS-12C-4.6-7	Samples from the upper, middle, and lower zones observed in former Industrial Pond #1 (SB-12)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SL-13-54-55	Sample from former Industrial Pond #1, but below the boiler ash (SB-13).	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-14-38-42	Sample from former Industrial Pond #2, but below the boiler ash (SB-14).	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-15-0-2, WWS-15-2-4	Samples from the upper and lower zones observed in former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-15)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-16-0-1	Samples from the upper zone observed in former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-16)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-17-0-1	Samples from the upper zone observed in former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-17)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-18-0-2	Samples from the upper zone observed in former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-18)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	WWS-19-0-2	Sample from the ponded water area south of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-19)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
WWS-20-0-1	Sample from the ponded water area north of former Industrial Pond #2 (SB-20)	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
MW-01	Shallow groundwater sample northwest of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
MW-02, MW-02A	Shallow and intermediate groundwater samples north of the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former industrial ponds	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
MW-03	Shallow groundwater sample east of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
MW-04	Shallow groundwater sample south of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
MW-05, MW-05A	Shallow and intermediate groundwater samples south of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	

TABLE 1. LIST OF SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE LOCATION	ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
GROUNDWATER	MW-06	Shallow groundwater sample south of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-07, MW-07A	Shallow and intermediate groundwater samples south of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-08	Shallow groundwater sample west of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-09	Shallow groundwater sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and north of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-10	Shallow groundwater sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-11	Shallow groundwater sample below the Boiler Ash Staging Area and former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	MW-12	Background groundwater sample between the Site and Patrick Highway	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SO-1	Shallow groundwater sample from existing permanent monitoring well south of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SW-01	Sample from Spring Branch southeast of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, Sulfate, BOD, and Accute Bioassay (Toxicity)
	SW-02	Sample from discharge of former Industrial Pond #2 to Spring Branch	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SW-03	Sample from Spring Branch northeast of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SW-04	Sample from Spring Branch northeast of Site	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
SW-05	Background sample from Spring Branch upgradient of the Site	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, Sulfate, BOD, and Accute Bioassay (Toxicity)	
SW-06	Sample from discharge of former Industrial Pond #1 to Black Creek flood plain	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, Sulfate, BOD, and Accute Bioassay (Toxicity)	
SW-07	Sample from drainage swale west of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
SW-08	Sample from spring/seep upgradient of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate	
SW-09	Sample from spring/seep upgradient of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, Sulfate, BOD, and Accute Bioassay (Toxicity)	

TABLE 1. LIST OF SAMPLE LOCATIONS AND ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE LOCATION	ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
	SD-01	Sample from Spring Branch southeast of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-02	Sample from discharge of former Industrial Pond #2 to Spring Branch	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-03	Sample from Spring Branch northeast of former Industrial Pond #2	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-04	Sample from Spring Branch northeast of Site	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
SEDIMENT	SD-05	Background sample from Spring Branch upgradient of the Site	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-06	Sample from discharge of former Industrial Pond #1 to Black Creek flood plain	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-07	Sample from drainage swale west of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-08	Sample from spring/seep upgradient of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate
	SD-09	Sample from spring/seep upgradient of former Industrial Pond #1	TAL Metals, Cyanide, Chromium (VI), TCL VOCs, TCL SVOCs, TPH-DRO, TPH-GRO, Oil & Grease, Chloride, and Sulfate

NOTES:

- 1 - All samples were collected and analyzed in accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP.
- 2 - TAL metals, mercury, cyanide, and chromium (VI) includes total and dissolved analyses for aqueous samples.
- 3 - Field duplicates and field, equipment and trip blanks were collected in accordance with the Work Plan and QAPP.

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SOIL SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-RSL	MCL-RSL	SB-01-4-5	SB-01-4-5-D	SB-02-4-6	SB-03-2-4	SB-04-2-4	SB-04-2-4-D	SB-05-2-4	SB-05-2-4-D	SB-06-2-4	SB-08-2-4	SB-08-2-4-D	SS-09-46-47	
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	2.37	U	2.3	U	310	68.6	J	2.48	U	5,430	11.7	97.2	2.38
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	260	U	250	U	760	6,500	U	240	U	13,000	230	230	220
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	5	U	5.3	U	5.6	5.6	U	6	U	9.2	4.2	4.5	4.6
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1.28	J	1.25	J	1.25	1.15	J	1.29	J	2.6	1.6	1.56	3.45
Cyanide, Total	G	UG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	83.2	U	87.8	U	86.5	91.2	U	82.5	U	124	80	80	90.4
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	0.307	J	0.426	J	0.528	0.181	U	0.286	J	5.51	0.317	0.663	0.255
Sulfate	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	26	U	21.1	U	49.6	41.9	U	16.5	U	21.9	2.34	2.05	65.6
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	7,220,000	U	3,920,000	U	4,470,000	4,540,000	U	7,400,000	U	5,760,000	12,100,000	445,000	1,090,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	NE	347	U	344	U	390	406	J	1,240	U	1,450	364	369	332
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	NE	1,060	J	886	J	3,090	3,370	J	941	J	18,600	3,190	224	744
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	NE	14,300	U	4,450	U	35,700	35,000	U	6,640	U	206,000	19,900	2,230	3,860
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13,000	NE	91.3	J	38	J	190	148	J	61.3	J	878	147	50.4	43
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	NE	75.3	J	47.4	J	481	82	J	28.4	J	391	281	41.2	30
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	25,800	J	19,400	J	710,000	493,000	J	78,800	J	2,720,000	284,000	45,800	665,000
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	NE	7,820	U	7,100	U	5,180	4,570	U	5,760	U	7,870	17,800	788	1,950
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	490	J	201	J	767	550	J	377	J	8,340	968	431	225
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	NE	2,860	U	1,790	U	8,490	106,000	U	3,550	U	29,600	30,900	2,840	5,790
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	3,520,000	U	2,770,000	U	3,320,000	3,630,000	U	3,110,000	U	7,490,000	9,590,000	614,000	1,310,000
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	NE	4,020	U	2,550	U	6,330	4,860	U	4,530	U	36,100	9,570	1,000	1,890
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	183,000	U	62,700	U	70,200	54,900	U	3,350	U	285,000	256,000	51,600	33,700
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21,000	NE	7,970	U	2,830	U	50,000	36,800	U	3,350	U	62,800	20,600	17,900	2,520
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	NE	282	U	150	U	14.7	16.8	U	22.7	U	76	36.8	26.2	356
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20,000	NE	1,820	U	887	U	2,410	1,720	U	1,810	U	7,370	3,120	322	560
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	175,000	U	68,700	U	108,000	114,000	U	70,400	U	606,000	285,000	97,500	44,300
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	NE	358	U	336	U	374	355	U	355	U	5,520	352	369	357
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	105	U	104	U	118	103	U	108	U	143	233	112	148
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	17,400	U	16,300	U	22,000	17,200	U	20,000	U	133,000	58,000	17,900	17,300
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	NE	65.1	U	61.0	U	137	85.1	J	101	U	519	89.3	67	64.9
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63,000	NE	9,880	U	9,920	U	10,600	8,310	U	9,270	U	18,700	18,000	11,200	3,430
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290,000	NE	4,750	U	2,020	U	17,300	7,550	U	3,680	U	55,800	33,300	3,750	2,210
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	122	113	U	11.4	U	7,440	11.1	24.1	11
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	109	U	107	U	1,220	1,130	U	114	U	74,400	111	113	110
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	122	113	U	11.4	U	7,690	11.1	18.8	11
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4,100	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	490	279	J	11.4	U	57,000	11.1	145	11
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	4,810	728	U	11.4	U	140,000	15.2	303	11
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	22,300	5,990	U	11.4	U	386,000	118	728	11
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	21,500	6,660	U	11.4	U	346,000	128	631	12.9
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	24,700	9,120	U	11.4	U	405,000	189	911	14
Benzo(ghi)perylene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	10,300	3,370	U	11.4	U	181,000	74.3	337	11
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	9,080	3,060	U	11.4	U	145,000	64.7	320	12.2
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	1,220	1,130	U	11.4	U	74,400	111	238	110
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	251	185	J	11.4	U	132,000	11.8	205	11
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	21,900	6,350	U	11.4	U	413,000	145	812	11
Dibenzof(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	3,620	1,030	U	11.4	U	58,800	17.4	97.6	11
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	1,220	1,130	U	11.4	U	74,400	111	113	110
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	39,800	9,750	U	11.4	U	864,000	191	1700	11
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	867	256	J	11.4	U	56,300	11.1	131	11
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	10,900	3,610	U	11.4	U	188,000	66.6	400	11
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	122	113	U	11.4	U	13,600	12.2	23.4	11
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	13,400	2,870	U	11.4	U	525,000	84	1500	11
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9,500	NE	10.9	U	10.7	U	27,500	7,010	U	11.4	U	460,000	169	1530	11
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	1.07	U	1.24	U	1.41	2.3	J	2.16	J	4.07	2.22	2.72	1.43
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	9.89	U	7.19	U	20.7	26.2	U	163	U	31.8	21.5	35.8	75.4
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	1.37	1.2	U	1.32	U	2.24	1.11	1.02	1.43
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1,200	NE	0.213	U	0.264	J	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	NE	0.213	U	0.247	U	0.274	0.24	U	0.265	U	0.447	0.222	0.204	0.286
Xylenes (total)																			

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SOIL SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-RSL	MCL-RSL	SS-10-7-8	SS-11-2-4	SS-12-7-8	SS-13-56-57	SS-14-40-42	SS-15-4-6	SS-16-1-3	SS-17-1-3	SS-18-2-4	SS-19-2-4	SS-20-2-4	SB-21-0-1
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	11.4	15.8	11.5	9	29.5	2.79	4.77	2.69	6.02	11.60	30.5	NA
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	290	250	290	270	260	270	300	230	260	240	300	NA
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	5.9	5.0	6.0	6	13	5.3	5.7	4.5	4.6	5.0	6.3	NA
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.25	4.38	3.27	4.5	77.1	2.48	6.40	3.86	25.2	24.1	10.0	NA
Cyanide, Total	G	UG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	105	95.2	104	90	107	108	98.0	93.0	91.4	87.9	119	81.2
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	2.08	0.346	0.232	0.731	0.607	0.216	0.200	0.191	0.201	2.17	2.17	0.169
Sulfate	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1.93	1.92	1.91	1.69	21.00	1.72	121	22.1	600	966	82.9	NA
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	4,040,000	1,230,000	4,130,000	873,000	3,650,000	1,810,000	8,330,000	3,740,000	6,390,000	2,280,000	7,180,000	2,920,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	270	476	12,400	472	416	390	428	397	383	365	414	467	321
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	290	283	247	269	233	253	245	561	233	244	392	277	338
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	82,000	2,710	4,680	3,190	1,800	3,410	1,710	10,700	4,340	6,440	2,470	9,060	7,300
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13,000	3,200	69.4	28.6	71.0	23	37.9	24.5	98.3	43.8	74.3	27.8	289	35.4
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	380	28.3	43.4	28.3	23	25.3	24.5	207	30.7	24.4	24.9	46.6	24
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	11,700	277,000	15,100	7,670	154,000	35,400	158,000	22,200	32,100	187,000	672,000	25,600
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	180,000,000	6,990	12,900	7,470	4,100	5,410	3,310	16,800	7,430	6,630	3,560	7,380	2,470
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	88.7	74.0	213	95.8	114	73.5	451	333	288	104	244	122
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	46,000	4,240	15,300	6,130	996	2,040	1,530	9,440	3,260	3,070	1,380	4,150	1,020
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	158,000	154,000	230,000	165,000	206,000	157,000	1,440,000	861,000	499,000	96,800	406,000	1,090,000
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	14,000	2,990	3,490	4,470	2,880	3,460	1,670	6,230	3,860	4,260	2,120	5,170	3,650
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21,000	NE	42,400	57,700	52,500	11,700	223,000	32,800	145,000	115,000	132,000	190,000	216,000	61,000
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	100	2,070	4,040	3,450	5,810	2,920	1,630	4,090	6,060	4,350	2,140	8,850	7,980
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20,000	NE	31.7	19.2	14.0	4.88	19.8	6.70	9.47	8.77	9.97	12.5	44.7	12.5
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	NE	NE	588	269	820	221	409	364	1,620	1,090	1,270	375	1,070	1,100
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	260	471	407	444	74,800	666,000	43,200	174,000	98,100	309,000	348,000	350,000	57,100
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	144	158	143	163	118	130	120	116	111	126	294	303
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1,000,000	19,700	603,000	370,000	1,990,000	76,900	76,800	86,100	778,000	1,070,000	529,000	14,700
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	140	85.0	74.0	80.7	69.8	75.8	73.5	78.3	69.8	73.3	74.6	83.1	55.1
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63,000	NE	3,740	800	4,660	1,110	2,520	1,870	19,800	7,540	3,140	2,220	8,160	3,980
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290,000	NE	1570	6,350	1,820	4,340	3,530	1320	32,800	3,420	2,770	2,280	8,160	4,290
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	148	127	732	127	129	129	130	119	122	126	144	NA
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
2-Methylphenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4,100	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	240	14.8	12.7	222	14	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	13.1	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Benzo(g,h)perylene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	1,400	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	11	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Dibenzof(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	NE	17.3	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9,500	NE	14.8	12.7	73.2	12.7	12.9	12.9	13.0	11.9	12.2	12.6	14.4	NA
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	1.6	0.265	0.248	0.281	0.207	1.98	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	3.44	2.21	2.31	1.04	5.48	5.75	1.63	2.30	1.90	1.47	5.78	NA
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	20.6	8.17	25.3	1.04	36.2	33.1	15.5	24.5	13.0	9.50	37.1	NA
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	2.6	2.48	0.248	0.281	2.21	0.297	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	1.33	1.24	1.41	1.04	1.78	1.35	2.26	1.20	1.28	1.41	1.73	NA
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	68	0.265	0.248	0.281	0.207	0.742	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	0.265	0.248	0.281	0.207	0.297	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	780	4.44	0.248	0.281	0.207	11.6	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1,200	110	0.265	0.248	0.281	0.207	0.297	0.271	0.274	0.241	0.256	0.283	0.346	NA
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	690	4.											

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SOIL SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	H-RSL	RB-SSL	MCL-SSL	SB-21-4-5	SB-22-1-2	SB-22-5-6	SB-22-14-15	SB-23-2-3	SB-23-4-5
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cyanide, Total	G	UG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	86.9	90.6	89.2	75.1	76.0	97.9
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	0.622	0.466	1.22	0.506	0.308	0.689
Sulfate	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	8,410,000	1,500,000	7,970,000	1,040,000	6,330,000	21,900,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	270	354	371	348	319	309	374
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	290	1,200	256	746	349	571	414
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	82,000	15,300	5,590	6,620	865	14,500	22,100
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13,000	3,200	98	32.4	50.4	18.9	90.9	103
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	380	97	24.2	60.9	18.9	64.1	166
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	37,700	38,400	28,200	62,500	93,400	147,000
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	180,000,000	8,120	1,520	10,500	2,010	5,930	15,800
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	800	72.6	208	56.8	467	606
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	46,000	2,730	567	2,050	479	3,400	6,580
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	4,630,000	635,000	3,800,000	922,000	2,440,000	9,530
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	14,000	4,010	3,160	3,330	712	3,270	2,080,000
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	254,000	26,700	63,600	17,600	158,000	208,000
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21,000	NE	10,900	3,100	1,990	1,360	6,480	4,680
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	100	10.2	7.12	26.4	4.23	352	91
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20,000	NE	2,810	434	764	162	1,600	3,000
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	258,000	31,300	66,200	20,600	151,000	208,000
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	260	357	399	354	313	330	387
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	107	112	105	96.6	93.5	169
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	17,300	19,400	17,200	15,200	16,000	22,300
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	140	76.6	72.6	64.3	56.8	60.5	96.8
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63,000	NE	9,440	3,070	19,400	3,400	6,270	20,100
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290,000	NE	7,380	6,220	2,590	1,150	3,550	4,770
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4,100	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	240	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	1,400	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenzol(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000,000	15,000,000	440	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	1.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	2.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	68	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	780	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1,200	110	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	690	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Xylenes (total)	VOA	UG/KG	630,000	2,700,000	190	9,800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

TABLE 2. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SOIL SAMPLES
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

NOTES:

- 1 - All samples collected by GEL between February 20-28, 2014.
- 2 - "SB- and SS- sample prefixes indicate soil sample; sample suffix indicates sample depth in feet below ground surface.
- 3 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
- 4 - Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for residential (R) and industrial (I) soils and risk-based (RB) and Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)-based Soil Screening Levels (SSLs) for the protection of groundwater (Regional Screening Levels for Chemicals at Superfund Sites, EPA, November 2013).
- 5 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
- 6 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
- 7 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
- 8 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
- 9 - Total chromium RSLs and SSL based on screening levels for chromium III.
- 10 - "NA" indicates sample not analyzed for constituent.

	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater.
	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater and residential RSL.
	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater, residential RSL, and industrial RSL.

TABLE 3. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN ASH SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-SL	MCI-SL	ASH-09-44-45	ASH-13-48-50	ASH-14-36-38
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	2.41	353	11
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	230	1,000	410
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	7.8	6.2	17
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	271	6.11	65.7
Cyanide, Total	G	MG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	86.1	120	168
Hexavalent Chromium Sulfate	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	1.98	5.2	0.775
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	13,600	49.6	1,290
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	270	31,000,000	455	5,710,000
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	290	1,930	465	1,740
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	82,000	56,400	36,100	30,700
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13,000	3,200	404,000	439,000	280,000
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	380	12,600	1,180	5,550
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	2,050	643	427
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	180,000,000	183,000,000	7,090,000	4,190,000
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	37,700	112,000	8,100
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	46,000	37,700	5,090	17,400
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	119,000	55,300	50,300
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	14,000	13,900,000	9,760,000	5,660,000
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	32,400	21,700	20,200
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21,000	NE	3,850,000	804,000	1,010,000
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	100	224,000	180,000	86,200
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20,000	NE	379	49.9	177
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	57,600	11,600	23,500
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	260	3,360,000	1,080,000	2,000,000
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	18,500	875	8,150
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	209	141	210
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	140	1,480,000	339,000	2,420,000
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63,000	NE	1,630	304	1,380
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290,000	NE	80,700	44,100	21,400
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	11.1	143	37.6
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	111	1430	209
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	11.1	143	37.6
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4,100	NE	11.1	555	20.9
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	11.1	2,150	20.9
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	NE	11.1	25,100	20.9
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	240	11.1	28,100	20.9
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	11.1	33,600	20.9
Benzo(g,h)perylene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	11.1	13,800	20.9
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	11.1	12,000	20.9
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	1400	11.1	1,430	20.9
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	11.1	1,120	20.9
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	11.1	28,300	20.9
Dibenzof(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	11.1	4,890	20.9
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	NE	11.1	1,430	20.9
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	11.1	36,800	20.9
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	11.1	584	20.9
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	11.1	14,700	20.9
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	11.1	234	57.2
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	11.1	7,440	20.9
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9,500	NE	11.1	26,800	20.9
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	1.6	0.418	0.407	0.807
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	2.09	4.56	4.04
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	38.8	44.1	403
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	2.6	0.418	0.407	0.807
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	2.09	2.04	4.04
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	68	0.418	0.407	0.807
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	0.418	0.407	0.807
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	780	0.418	0.407	0.807
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1200	110	0.418	0.407	0.807
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	690	0.418	0.407	0.807
Xylenes (total)	VOA	UG/KG	630,000	2,700,000	190	9800	0.418	0.407	0.807

TABLE 3. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN ASH SAMPLES
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

NOTES:

- 1 - All samples collected by GEL between March 10-13, 2014.
- 2 - ASH- sample prefix indicate ash sample; WWS- sample prefix indicate wastewater solid samples; SL- sample prefix indicated sludge sample; sample suffix indicates sample depth in feet below ground surface.
- 3 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
- 4 - Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for residential (R) and Industrial (I) soils and risk-based (RB) and Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)-based Soil Screening Levels (SSLs) for the protection of groundwater (Regiona Screening Levels for Chemicals at Superfund Sites, EPA, November 2013).
- 5 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
- 6 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
- 7 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
- 8 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
- 9 - Total chromium RSLs and SSL based on screening levels for chromium III.
 Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater.
 Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater and residential RSL.
 Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater, residential RSL, and Industrial RSL.

TABLE 4. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN WASTEWATER SOLID SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-SL	MCI-SL	WWS-10A-0-2-3	WWS-10A-0-2-3-D	WWS-10B-2-3-4-6	WWS-10C-4-6-7	WWS-11-0-2	WWS-12A-0-2-3	WWS-12B-2-3-4-6	WWS-12C-4-6-7
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	3,800	7,040	110	35.8	10,800	357	535	7.9
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	5,600	33,000	300	1,000	78,000	770	1,200	460
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1,900	1,600	20	6.8	900	19.0	220	22
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	15.3	19.1	11.1	10.5	17.8	43.6	27.3	4.30
Cyanide, Total	G	MG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	1,120.0	8,900.0	137	12.1	6,820.0	1,690.0	367	115
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	0.797	9.08	0.598	0.516	1.52	9.22	5.72	2.13
Sulfate	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.91	8.84	2.55	2.41	29.0	296	239	1.87
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	1,870,000	2,820,000	1,740,000	3,680,000	2,920,000	18,000,000	6,000,000	2,680,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	270	4,340	5,370	1110	1220	6,150	6,430	1280	456
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	290	665	1,480	349	1,030	610	43,500	10,200	269
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	82,000	42,700	182,000	10,300	24,600	207,000	498,000	179,000	2,510
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13,000	3,200	173	379	167	246	459	5,520	2150	79.7
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	380	496	1,320	65.3	115	7,650	2,180	722	26.9
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1,090,000	1,580,000	336,000	988,000	1,940,000	31,700,000	8,980,000	13,900
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	180,000,000	334,000	1,110,000	152,000	25,500	1,740,000	678,000	110,000	5,540
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	442	981	144	600	1,950	25,200	8,140	149
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	46,000	929,000	5,530,000	154,000	139,000	5,280,000	2,160,000	304,000	3,580
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	659,000	1,500,000	274,000	1,790,000	2,760,000	7,970,000	2,140,000	77,200
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	14,000	211,000	1,260,000	49,500	52,000	1,230,000	1,060,000	174,000	2,970
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	365,000	823,000	296,000	210,000	1,110,000	2,170,000	1,010,000	19,500
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21,000	NE	11,400	16,800	2,820	12,500	35,000	199,000	63,100	2,010
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	100	530	1,420	29.9	68.7	1,770	1,100	191	26.9
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20,000	NE	3,240	8,370	752	2,220	10,900	48,000	15,400	647
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	84,500	189,000	85,100	166,000	180,000	2,650,000	968,000	114,000
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	260	853	936	576	633	1,010	7,970	2,200	444
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	897	1,680	436	323	1,380	1,460	388	138
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	118,000	104,000	347,000	211,000	85,900	671,000	1,160,000	748,000
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	140	253	170	105	91.7	248	1,900	494	80.8
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63,000	NE	4,630	6,200	1,720	5,880	6,850	128,000	25,800	2,350
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290,000	NE	144,000	329,000	21,600	28,000	1,470,000	393,000	107,000	1810
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	2050	60.2	38.8	14.0
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	1330	1510	96.2	80.8	3250	60.2	388	140
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	208	242	96.2	80.8	2,980	60.2	38.8	14.0
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4,100	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Benzol(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	NE	133	151	96.2	91.6	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Benzol(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Benzol(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	133	217	96.2	127	325	179	38.8	14.0
Benzol(ghi)perylene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	251	38.8	14.0
Benzol(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	1400	20,400	29,900	96.2	80.8	79,100	7,280	1,440	140
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Dibenzol(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	NE	1330	1510	96.2	80.8	3250	60.2	388	140
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	133	151	96.2	105	531	223	41.4	21.0
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	60.2	38.8	14.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	325	185	38.8	14.0
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	767	933	507	86.2	3630	138	85.5	14.0
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	133	151	96.2	80.8	1250	60.2	38.8	14.0
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9,500	NE	257	363	96.2	116	380	185	47.9	17.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	1.6	109	114	0.354	0.258	153	0.557	104	0.443
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	546	568	8.52	2.54	763	8.18	522	3.92
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	546	568	45.7	15.5	763	52.4	522	21.5
Benzene disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	2.6	109	114	0.991	0.827	153	0.557	104	0.443
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	546	568	1.77	1.29	763	2.78	522	2.21
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	68	109	114	3.20	0.913	153	3.64	104	0.443
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	109	114	0.354	0.258	153	0.557	104	0.443
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	780	109	114	1.27	0.258	153	0.557	104	0.443
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1200	110	109	114	0.354	0.258	153	0.557	104	0.443
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	690	131	140	3.35	1.38	153	1.69	104	0.443
Xylenes (total)	VOA	UG/KG	630,000	2,700,000	190	9800	109	114	3640	3650	153	939	1010	36.2

TABLE 4. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN WASTEWATER SOLID SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-SSL	MCL-SSL	WWS-13-54-55	WWS-13-54-55-D	WWS-14-38-40	WWS-14-38-40-D	WWS-15-0-2	WWS-15-2-4	WWS-16-0-1	WWS-16-0-1-D
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	1,720	994	34.4	31.4	29.2	23.4	127	27.7
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	360	340	270	290	450	460	330	300
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	750	820	10	8.7	57.0	13.0	9.9	7.7
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	32.2	44.9	88.7	76.5	6.02	5.17	15.7	17.2
Cyanide, Total	G	MG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	2,000	452	306	112	137	137	497	232	187
Hexavalent Chromium Sulfate	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	NE	9.44	16.8	2.08	1.12	2.63	0.370	2.86	3.33
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	NE	2,010,000	5,830,000	3,360,000	3,990,000	4,330,000	10,990,000	10,700,000	10,600,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	270	664	936	445	453	555	2,830	611	732
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	290	428	1,290	797	708	469	25,300	1,710	2,290
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	82,000	105,000	77,900	9240	15,200	25,000	307,000	37,400	78,600
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13000	3,200	591	729	60	87	206	3,280	318	388
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	380	153	845	90.1	245	163	497	1,390	1,390
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	4,360,000	1,710,000	1,760,000	1,810,000	2,360,000	24,000,000	694,000	870,000
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	180,000,000	37,600	211,000	21,700	20,800	32,000	16,900	165,000	529,000
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	NE	498	1,450	226	319	599	11,400	819	746
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	46,000	8,190	84,500	16,000	31,100	21,300	56,700	110,000	296,000
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	NE	489,000	1,290,000	383,000	550,000	1,830,000	4,560,000	2,970,000	2,460,000
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	14,000	6,420	32,000	6,490	9,880	8,600	22,800	45,900	120,000
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	975,000	407,000	399,000	536,000	521,000	2,420,000	237,000	332,000
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21000	NE	58,000	35,600	12,600	15,700	25,600	228,000	9,820	9,820
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	100	104	85.2	32	52	147	166	297	570
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20000	NE	3,300	4,660	625	871	1,290	25,000	3,620	3,610
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	503,000	1,110,000	900,000	893,000	271,000	2,450,000	312,000	373,000
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	260	707	1,230	459	455	553	3,350	609	709
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	NE	283	284	135	137	168	551	185	222
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	3,820,000	9,030,000	3,460,000	3,390,000	364,000	555,000	223,000	315,000
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	140	129	159	83.4	82.7	101	1,400	111	129
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63000	NE	1,440	9,840	2,440	2,890	2,950	52,100	10,700	12,200
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290000	NE	13,100	107,000	15,100	156,000	33,500	57,300	123,000	117,000
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	NE	101	176	55.7	14	17.0	45.1	19.0	112
2,4-Dimethylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	NE	1,840	5,680	55.7	140	170	246	190	1120
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	NE	202	344	55.7	14	17.0	48.4	19.0	112
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4100	NE	21.7	29	55.7	14	17.0	24.6	19.0	112
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	NE	21.7	29	55.7	14	17.0	138	19.0	112
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	4	NE	49.2	99.7	55.7	14	17.0	1,220	19.0	112
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	35	NE	66.6	152	55.7	14	17.0	2,250	19.0	112
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	NE	66.6	152	55.7	14	17.0	2,610	19.0	112
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	57.2	66.8	55.7	14	17.0	576	19.0	112
Benzo(ghi)perylene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	NE	30.4	58.1	55.7	14	17.0	246	19.0	112
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	1400	217	2710	781	140	875	246	896	1,250
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	21.7	29	55.7	14	17.0	25	19.0	112
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	21.7	29	55.7	14	17.0	25	19.0	112
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	NE	26.8	131	55.7	14	17.0	1,730	19.0	112
Dibenzol(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	NE	26	38.7	55.7	14	17.0	25	19.0	112
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	NE	217	939	55.7	140	170	246	190	1120
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	NE	69.5	218	55.7	14	17.0	1,850	19.0	112
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	NE	21.7	29	55.7	14	17.0	25	19.0	112
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	NE	36.2	94.8	55.7	14	17.0	2,030	19.0	112
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	NE	1,740	1310	55.7	14	17.0	81.2	19.0	112
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	23.9	131	55.7	14	17.0	869	19.0	112
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9500	NE	35.4	150	55.7	14	18.7	2,250	19.0	112
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	1.6	74.3	99.2	0.309	0.324	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	NE	372	496	3.1	3.58	36.1	5.74	3.71	2.18
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	NE	372	496	51.1	66.7	167	269	28.6	9.04
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	2.6	74.3	99.2	0.309	0.335	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	NE	372	496	2.03	1.62	9.35	3.88	3.71	2.18
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	68	146	215	0.464	0.4	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	NE	74.3	99.2	0.309	0.368	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	780	102	126	2.81	2.82	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1200	110	74.3	99.2	0.309	0.324	0.852	0.775	0.742	0.435
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	690	74.3	99.2	0.989	1.11	1.11	0.775	0.742	0.435
Xylenes (total)	VOA	UG/KG	630,000	2,700,000	190	9800	15,800	19,500	31.2	29.8	3.18	0.775	1.81	0.435

TABLE 4. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN WASTEWATER SOLID SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	R-RSL	I-RSL	RB-SSL	MCL-SSL	WWS-17-0-1	WWS-17-0-1-D	WWS-18-0-2	WWS-19-0-2	WWS-20-0-2
Diesel Range Organics	DRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	NE	13.8	7.23	43.5	7.46	102
Oil & Grease	O&G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	480	460	380	390	410	U
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	6.7	9.3	8.7	10.0	10.0	U
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	NE	NE	21.8	24.5	21.9	41.0	15.8	U
Cyanide, Total	G	MG/KG	22,000	140,000	14	133	157	177	184	275	J
Hexavalent Chromium Sulfate	G	MG/KG	0.29	5.6	0.00059	0.307	0.358	0.364	0.348	4.76	U
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	77,000,000	990,000,000	23,000,000	9,590,000	9,350,000	13,700,000	13,800,000	21,500,000	U
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	31,000	410,000	270	580	652	1560	2,360	4,930	U
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	610	2,400	1.3	3,050	2,690	32,200	49,000	49,800	U
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	15,000,000	190,000,000	120,000	78,900	52,600	318,000	386,000	412,000	U
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	160,000	2,000,000	13000	391	363	4,150	5,830	7,190	U
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	70,000	800,000	520	805	744	1,020	622	1,190	U
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	3,100,000	2,870,000	12,600,000	8,130,000	46,300,000	U
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	120,000,000*	1,500,000,000*	NE	44,500	37,600	76,300	16,900	40,000	U
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	23,000	300,000	210	1,430	1,270	13,600	17,900	21,100	U
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	3,100,000	41,000,000	22,000	49,800	45,700	137,000	65,000	123,000	U
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	55,000,000	720,000,000	270,000	3,210,000	2,640,000	5,970,000	7,130,000	9,370,000	U
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	400,000	800,000	NE	98,100	76,100	66,900	28,100	49,800	U
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	1,270,000	1,210,000	3,150,000	2,540,000	2,790,000	U
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	1,800,000	23,000,000	21000	45,400	37,700	198,000	106,000	199,000	U
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	10,000	43,000	33	166	284	371	188	744	U
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	1,500,000	20,000,000	20000	4,060	3,810	28,800	33,500	44,300	U
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	767,000	764,000	4,250,000	3,010,000	3,520,000	U
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	400	581	614	3,420	1,720	9,290	U
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	600	176	391	419	513	673	U
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	1,290,000	1,330,000	4,980,000	1,320,000	859,000	U
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	780	10,000	11	128	112	1,420	1,720	2,130	U
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	390,000	5,100,000	63000	10,700	13,100	46,000	53,700	119,000	U
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	23,000,000	310,000,000	290000	95,100	102,000	110,000	53,400	149,000	U
1-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	16,000	53,000	5.1	18.1	20.2	23.6	70.7	45.6	J
2,4-Dimethylphenol	SVOA	UG/KG	1,200,000	12,000,000	320	181	202	236	219	304	U
2-Methylnaphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	230,000	2,200,000	140	18.1	20.2	23.6	83.8	51.7	J
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,400,000	33,000,000	4100	18.1	20.2	23.6	21.9	30.4	U
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	17,000,000	170,000,000	42,000	18.1	20.2	26.8	455	148	U
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	10	71.7	92.2	206	1,340	1,580	J
Benzo(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	4	90.4	121	387	1,760	1,770	J
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	35	137	138	443	2,320	2,060	J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	74.1	130	535	1,550	1,350	J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500	21,000	350	32.5	47.8	131	525	594	J
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	35,000	120,000	1,100	181	202	236	219	304	U
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	18.1	20.2	23.6	21.9	30.4	U
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	15,000	210,000	1,100	67.5	74.0	317	1,700	2,040	J
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	15	210	11	18.1	20.2	23.6	22	30.4	U
Diphenylamine	SVOA	UG/KG	1,500,000	15,000,000	440	181	202	236	219	304	U
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	70,000	98.8	103	284	2,500	2,820	J
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/KG	2,300,000	22,000,000	4,000	18.1	20.2	23.6	30.6	30.4	U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	150	2,100	200	63.9	114	434	1,350	1,200	J
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	3,600	18,000	0.47	18.1	20.2	23.6	99.8	53.7	J
Naphthalene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	NE	NE	44.0	57.9	177	2,760	482	J
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	1,700,000	17,000,000	9500	97.6	121	380	3,530	3,500	J
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,300	0.077	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	28,000,000	200,000,000	1,000	1.36	1.71	1.53	2.64	9.72	U
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	61,000,000	630,000,000	2,400	9.27	1.71	1.53	2.64	82.5	U
Benzene	VOA	UG/KG	1,100	5,400	0.2	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	820,000	3,700,000	210	1.36	1.71	1.53	2.64	3.39	J
Chlorobenzene	VOA	UG/KG	290,000	1,400,000	49	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Chloromethane	VOA	UG/KG	120,000	500,000	49	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Ethylbenzene	VOA	UG/KG	5,400	27,000	1.5	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	6,300,000	36,000,000	1200	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	5,000,000	45,000,000	590	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U
Xylenes (Total)	VOA	UG/KG	630,000	2,700,000	190	0.271	0.341	0.305	0.528	0.532	U

TABLE 4. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN WASTEWATER SOLID SAMPLES
PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

NOTES:

- 1 - All samples collected by GEL between March 10-13, 2014.
- 2 - ASH- sample prefix indicate ash sample; WWS- sample prefix indicate wastewater solid samples; SL- sample prefix indicated sludge sample; sample suffix indicates sample depth in feet below ground surface.
- 3 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
- 4 - Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for residential (R) and industrial (I) soils and risk-based (RB) and Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)-based Soil Screening Levels (SSLs) for the protection of groundwater (Regional Screening Levels for Chemicals at Superfund Sites, EPA, November 2013).
- 5 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
- 6 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
- 7 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
- 8 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
- 9 - Total Chromium RSLs and SSL based on screening levels for chromium III.

	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater.
	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater and residential RSL.
	Indicates concentration exceeds SSLs for protection of groundwater, residential RSL, and industrial RSL.

TABLE 5. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN GROUNDWATER SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	Tapwater-RSL	MCL	MW-01	MW-01-D	MW-02	MW-02A	MW-03	MW-04	MW-05	MW-05A	MW-06	MW-06-D	MW-07	MW-07A	MW-08	MW-08-D
Diesel Range Organics	DRG	MG/L	NE	NE	0.0998													
Oil & Grease	HEM	MG/L	NE	NE	1.56													
Gasoline Range Organics	GRG	MG/L	NE	NE	0.1													
Chloride	G	MG/L	NE	NE	6.4													
Sulfate	G	MG/L	NE	NE	12.1													
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/L	0.000031	NE	0.0033													
Hexavalent Chromium-Dissolved	G	MG/L	0.000031	NE	0.0033													
Aluminum	METALS	UG/L	16000	NE	164													
Aluminum-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	16000	NE	182													
Arsenic	METALS	UG/L	0.045	10	1.7													
Arsenic-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	0.045	10	1.7													
Barium	METALS	UG/L	2900	2,000	43.1													
Barium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	2900	2,000	43.1													
Cadmium	METALS	UG/L	6.9	5	0.11													
Cadmium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	6.9	5	0.11													
Calcium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	3,680													
Calcium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	3,490													
Chromium	METALS	UG/L	NE	100	2													
Chromium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	100	2													
Cobalt	METALS	UG/L	4.7	NE	0.653													
Cobalt-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	4.7	NE	0.753													
Copper	METALS	UG/L	620	1,300	1.46													
Copper-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	620	1,300	1.47													
Iron	METALS	UG/L	11,000	NE	222													
Iron-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	11,000	NE	225													
Lead	METALS	UG/L	NE	15	0.5													
Lead-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	15	0.5													
Magnesium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,130													
Magnesium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,160													
Manganese	METALS	UG/L	320	NE	34													
Manganese-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	320	NE	33.4													
Nickel	METALS	UG/L	300	NE	1.61													
Nickel-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	300	NE	1.56													
Potassium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,640													
Potassium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,440													
Sodium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	4,940													
Sodium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	4,780													
Vanadium	METALS	UG/L	63	NE	1													
Vanadium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	63	NE	1													
Zinc	METALS	UG/L	4,700	NE	13.8													
Zinc-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	4,700	NE	15.8													
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/L	400	NE	0.3													
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/L	1,300	NE	0.3													
Benzol(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/L	0.029	NE	0.3													
Benzol(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/L	0.029	NE	0.3													
Benzol(ghi)perylene	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3													
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3													
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/L	630	NE	0.3													
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/L	220	NE	0.3													
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3													
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/L	87	NE	0.3													
Methylene chloride	VOA	UG/L	9.9	5	1.47													
Tetrachloroethylene	VOA	UG/L	9.7	5	0.3													

TABLE 5. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN GROUNDWATER SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	Tapwater-RSL	MCL	MW-09	MW-10	MW-10-D	MW-11	MW-12	SO-1
Diesel Range Organics	DRG	MG/L	NE	NE	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Oil & Grease	HEM	MG/L	NE	NE	1.41	1.9	1.76	1.89	2.47	2.06
Gasoline Range Organics	GRO	MG/L	NE	NE	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chloride	G	MG/L	NE	NE	16.4	3.61	3.63	5.31	7.7	2.95
Sulfate	G	MG/L	NE	NE	186	0.594	0.588	5.71	7.68	3.53
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/L	0.000031	NE	0.00553	0.0033	0.0033	0.0106	0.0033	0.0033
Hexavalent Chromium-Dissolved	G	MG/L	0.000031	NE	0.0033	0.0033	0.0033	0.00638	0.0033	0.0033
Aluminum	METALS	UG/L	16000	NE	339	159	194	341	70.5	409
Aluminum-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	16000	NE	31.3	15	15	15	29.9	27.1
Arsenic	METALS	UG/L	0.045	10	1.7	1.7	1.7	4.42	1.7	1.7
Arsenic-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	0.045	10	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.89	1.7	1.7
Barium	METALS	UG/L	2900	2,000	196	18.9	19.5	17.2	37.6	4.81
Barium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	2900	2,000	190	16.1	15.8	14.5	38.6	4.49
Cadmium	METALS	UG/L	6.9	5	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Cadmium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	6.9	5	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Calcium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	33,500	871	870	8,980	2,480	1,410
Calcium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	32,100	769	769	8,860	2,610	1,370
Chromium	METALS	UG/L	NE	100	2.78	2	3.79	3.84	2	2
Chromium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	100	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cobalt	METALS	UG/L	4.7	NE	0.1	2.05	2.06	0.423	0.865	0.444
Cobalt-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	4.7	NE	0.1	1.93	1.92	0.1	0.917	0.389
Copper	METALS	UG/L	620	1,300	1.85	2.86	3.13	2.31	1.65	4.51
Copper-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	620	1,300	0.603	0.647	0.386	0.506	1.98	1.76
Iron	METALS	UG/L	11,000	NE	9,640	649	749	20,800	1,020	1,270
Iron-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	11,000	NE	8,250	570	520	19,300	1,150	130
Lead	METALS	UG/L	NE	15	1.4	0.511	0.579	0.793	0.5	2.68
Lead-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	15	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Magnesium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	6,300	396	397	1,120	931	424
Magnesium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	6,200	419	427	1,260	915	398
Manganese	METALS	UG/L	320	NE	102	39.1	39.1	86.3	63	16.9
Manganese-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	320	NE	98	37.9	34.6	83.4	66	15.8
Nickel	METALS	UG/L	300	NE	1.87	3.4	3.66	1.37	2.17	0.679
Nickel-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	300	NE	1.41	3.41	3.05	0.961	2.45	0.631
Potassium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	13,500	399	397	1,890	1,760	609
Potassium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	13,200	445	454	1,920	1,870	583
Sodium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	37,000	3,620	3,260	5,370	5,290	2,560
Sodium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	34,500	3,520	3,400	4,950	4,950	2,560
Vanadium	METALS	UG/L	63	NE	1.92	1	1	2.27	1	10.1
Vanadium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	63	NE	1.16	1	1	1	1	1
Zinc	METALS	UG/L	4,700	NE	3.5	4.8	4.95	3.5	8.72	3.5
Zinc-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	4,700	NE	3.5	4.28	5	3.5	10.3	4.01
Acenaphthene	SVOA	UG/L	400	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/L	1,300	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Benzo(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/L	0.029	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/L	0.029	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/L	630	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Fluorene	SVOA	UG/L	220	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/L	87	NE	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Methylene chloride	VOA	UG/L	9.9	5	1	1	1	1	1.53	2.36
Tetrachloroethylene	VOA	UG/L	9.7	5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

- NOTES:
- All samples collected by GEL between March 17-20, 2014.
 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
 - Regional Screening Levels (RSLs) for Tapwater and Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) (Regional Screening Levels for Chemicals at Superfund Sites, EPA, November 2013).
 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
 - Total chromium MCL based on screening levels for chromium III.
 - Indicates concentration exceeds tapwater RSL.

TABLE 6. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SURFACE WATER SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	FRESHWATER AQUATIC LIFE		HUMAN HEALTH			SW-01	SW-02	SW-02-D	SW-03	SW-04	SW-05	SW-06	SW-07	SW-07-D	SW-08	SW-09
			CMC	CCC	WATER & ORGANISM	ORGANISM	MCL											
Chloride	G	MG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	4.06	3.94	3.93	3.80	3.38	3.09	8.80	10.2	10.2	21.1	9.74
Sulfate	G	MG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	3.33	2.61	2.58	1.91	1.56	1.15	9.50	6.70	6.74	6.31	8.23
Cyanide - Total	G	UG/L	22	5.2	140	140	200	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.72	1.67
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/L	22	5.2	140	140	200	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	2.45	1.67
Hexavalent Chromium-Dissolved	G	MG/L	16	11	NE	NE	100	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.0152	0.003
Aluminum	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	112	120	123	126	180	128	123	163	171	4100	199
Aluminum-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	53.3	56.1	25.1	39.1	65.2	71.5	37.3	101	99.4	42.8	72.5
Arsenic	METALS	UG/L	340	150	10	10	10	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.79	1.70	1.84	2.62	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
Arsenic-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	340	150	10	10	10	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	2.82	1.70	2.22	1.70	1.70
Barium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,000	NE	2,000	18.7	18.6	18.6	19.9	13.7	12.5	40.0	48.0	47.7	177	49.5
Barium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	1,000	NE	2,000	18.0	17.6	17.3	18.1	12.3	12.5	40.8	46.9	46.4	53.4	48.7
Cadmium	METALS	UG/L	0.53	0.1	NE	NE	5	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	1.57	0.110
Cadmium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	0.53	0.1	NE	NE	5	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	0.110	1.57	0.110
Calcium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	2500	2430	2700	2390	1570	1370	13200	6810	6740	6590	5080
Calcium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	2500	2430	2700	2390	1570	1370	13200	6810	6740	6590	5080
Chromium	METALS	UG/L	580*	28*	NE	NE	100	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.12	3.21	2.00	2.04	2.22	5.11	2.00
Chromium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	580*	28*	NE	NE	100	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.12	3.21	2.00	2.04	2.22	5.11	2.00
Cobalt	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.252	0.267	0.247	0.272	0.281	0.229	0.428	0.863	0.847	13.0	0.890
Cobalt-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.252	0.267	0.247	0.272	0.281	0.229	0.428	0.863	0.847	13.0	0.890
Copper	METALS	UG/L	3.8	2.9	1,300	NE	NE	0.931	0.992	0.841	1.07	0.220	0.202	0.809	0.809	0.837	0.248	0.840
Copper-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	3.8	2.9	1,300	NE	NE	0.931	0.992	0.841	1.07	0.220	0.202	0.809	0.809	0.837	0.248	0.840
Iron	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1120	1140	1040	954	1.29	0.948	2.76	17.8	19.0	18.2	2.13
Iron-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1120	1140	1040	954	1.29	0.948	2.76	17.8	19.0	18.2	2.13
Lead	METALS	UG/L	14	0.54	NE	NE	NE	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.619	2.40	2.42	41.8	0.500
Lead-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	14	0.54	NE	NE	NE	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.619	2.40	2.42	41.8	0.500
Magnesium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	915	897	894	846	613	585	1610	1510	1490	1760	1490
Magnesium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	915	897	894	846	613	585	1610	1510	1490	1760	1490
Manganese	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	895	847	845	913	562	602	1680	1460	1480	1400	1490
Manganese-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	895	847	845	913	562	602	1680	1460	1480	1400	1490
Mercury	METALS	UG/L	1.6	0.91	0.05	NE	NE	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	1.18	0.067
Mercury-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	1.6	0.91	0.05	NE	NE	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	1.18	0.067
Nickel	METALS	UG/L	150	16	610	4,600	NE	0.615	0.547	0.500	0.741	0.885	0.715	1.18	1.33	1.21	17.5	1.30
Nickel-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	150	16	610	4,600	NE	0.615	0.547	0.500	0.741	0.885	0.715	1.18	1.33	1.21	17.5	1.30
Potassium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1280	1180	1190	1140	763	536	2720	2420	2380	2120	2230
Potassium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1280	1180	1190	1140	763	536	2720	2420	2380	2120	2230
Sodium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1330	5100	5190	1120	674	555	2840	2330	2360	1990	2210
Sodium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1330	5100	5190	1120	674	555	2840	2330	2360	1990	2210
Vanadium	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5580	5100	4910	4930	2400	2210	7760	9300	9280	14500	8690
Vanadium-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	5580	5100	4910	4930	2400	2210	7760	9300	9280	14500	8690
Zinc	METALS	UG/L	37	37	7,400	26,000	NE	4.07	4.22	4.16	4.48	9.23	3.65	9.09	20.6	20.3	198	26.6
Zinc-Dissolved	METALS	UG/L	37	37	7,400	26,000	NE	4.07	4.22	4.16	4.48	9.23	3.65	9.09	20.6	20.3	198	26.6
Di-n-butylphthalate	SVOA	UG/L	NE	NE	2,000	4,500	NE	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	7.97	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00

NOTES:

- 1 - All samples collected by GEL between April 1-2, 2014.
 - 2 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
 - 3 - Criterion Maximum Concentration (CMC) and Criterion Continuous Concentration (CCC) for Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life; Water & Organism, Organism Only, and Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for Protection of Human Health from Appendix: Water Quality Numeric Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Life and Human Health (Regulation 61-68, South Carolina Water Classifications and Standards, June 2004).
 - 4 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
 - 5 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
 - 6 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
 - 7 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
 - 8 - Total Chromium MCL based on screening levels for chromium III.
 - 9 - "Dissolved" suffix indicates constituent analyzed for samples filtered in the field.
- Indicates concentration exceeds CCC for Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life or Water/Water & Organism for Protection of Human Health.
- Indicates concentration exceeds CCC and CMC for Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life.

TABLE 7. SUMMARY OF DETECTED CONSTITUENTS IN SEDIMENT SAMPLES
 PHASE I BASELINE INVESTIGATION REPORT
 BOILER ASH STAGING AREA
 CONSENT AGREEMENT 13-04-SW
 SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY

CONSTITUENT	FRACTION	UNITS	ESV	SD-01	SD-02	SD-03	SD-04	SD-05	SD-06	SD-07	SD-07-D	SD-08	SD-09
Chloride	G	MG/KG	NE	9.49	8.63	12.6	5.81	10.4	17.1	14.3	17.6	73.5	3.66
Sulfate	G	MG/KG	NE	17.4	4.26	2.99	2.85	13.7	14.8	20.3	16	10.9	4.89
Cyanide, Total	G	UG/KG	NE	103	131	157	160	126	341	114	132	942	91.3
Hexavalent Chromium	G	MG/KG	NE	0.173	0.21	0.357	0.216	0.209	0.237	0.29	0.22	5.69	0.168
Aluminum	METALS	UG/KG	NE	1,580,000	2,370,000	6,110,000	9,250,000	4,400,000	2,140,000	2,390,000	3,750,000	7,280,000	1,410,000
Antimony	METALS	UG/KG	NE	465	540	587	2,670	561	6,960	460	1,600	4,510	380
Arsenic	METALS	UG/KG	NE	1,330	2,010	2,930	2,820	585	5,450	1,480	1,900	2,070	923
Barium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	10,400	20,100	32,900	29,600	6,760	50,700	18,100	30,400	208,000	8,660
Beryllium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	97.6	202	398	341	199	361	227	331	2,970	60.2
Cadmium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	98.4	143	169	179	51.9	1220	247	267	673	31.7
Calcium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	111,000	150,000	238,000	429,000	379,000	2,970,000	492,000	715,000	4,430,000	204,000
Chromium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	4,080	11,700	7,580	11,000	5,050	172,000	5,940	9,830	11,300	2,060
Cobalt	METALS	UG/KG	NE	457	1,070	2,580	1,350	266	3,220	1,770	2,060	6,110	647
Copper	METALS	UG/KG	NE	8,630	20,100	8,700	14,600	2,660	2,910,000	59,700	77,500	52,600	2,350
Iron	METALS	UG/KG	NE	1,440,000	2,420,000	3,660,000	3,190,000	557,000	2,910,000	2,670,000	4,360,000	1,250,000	1,810,000
Lead	METALS	UG/KG	NE	5,530	21,600	13,100	24,700	4,300	1,190,000	18,400	26,300	38,000	3,120
Magnesium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	45,100	73,400	120,000	165,000	78,300	279,000	327,000	534,000	958,000	333,000
Manganese	METALS	UG/KG	NE	4,910	6,760	17,100	17,600	8,720	28,500	26,500	42,300	73,500	26,800
Mercury	METALS	UG/KG	NE	130	121	58.8	67.2	15.5	116	63.9	160	740	40.5
Nickel	METALS	UG/KG	NE	15,900	1,960	3,800	3,150	1,280	7,910	2,290	3,730	13,100	954
Potassium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	51,200	146,000	179,000	137,000	66,800	127,000	276,000	366,000	99,700	389,000
Selenium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	478	551	789	789	630	1,290	462	591	6,790	399
Silver	METALS	UG/KG	NE	156	164	178	164	158	360	139	165	471	241
Sodium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	23,200	43,000	34,700	29,700	26,400	61,900	43,400	69,400	209,000	19,300
Thallium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	91	100	177	110	99.1	220	84	99.1	309	72.5
Vanadium	METALS	UG/KG	NE	4,980	6,380	12,100	16,300	7,970	2,610	6,060	11,300	6,380	2,180
Zinc	METALS	UG/KG	NE	124,000	22,000	19,000	14,200	3,630	393,000	51,300	93,500	78,200	10,700
Anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	145	182	188	191	178	544	144	189	516	127
Benzol(a)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	623	182	188	191	178	3,880	159	333	516	127
Benzol(a)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	503	231	251	191	178	3,530	144	201	516	127
Benzol(b)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	469	267	276	191	178	5,050	188	390	516	127
Benzol(k)fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	179	182	188	191	178	1,700	144	189	516	127
Benzol(k)fluoranthene bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	SVOA	UG/KG	182	1450	1820	1880	1910	1780	212	144	189	516	127
Carbazole	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	145	182	188	191	178	6,090	144	189	516	127
Chrysene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	1200	485	658	191	178	523	144	189	516	127
Dibenzol(a,h)anthracene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	145	182	188	191	178	4,000	169	277	516	127
Fluoranthene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	449	400	188	191	178	601	144	189	516	127
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	NE	145	182	188	191	178	5,710	520	566	516	127
Phenanthrene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	145	182	188	191	178	1,700	144	189	516	127
Pyrene	SVOA	UG/KG	330	338	291	188	191	178	2,180	207	245	516	127
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.341	0.488	0.463	0.563	0.687	4,760	361	453	516	127
2-Butanone	VOA	UG/KG	NE	20.8	20.6	13.1	28.6	0.687	2.64	0.381	0.473	1.55	0.257
Acetone	VOA	UG/KG	NE	93.5	60.9	39.7	89.6	13.2	34.6	1.91	5.79	66.4	3.88
Carbon disulfide	VOA	UG/KG	NE	1.7	2.44	2.31	2.81	3.44	112	2.15	30	258	58.3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.341	0.488	0.463	0.563	0.687	6.92	1.91	2.37	9.71	1.29
Methylene chloride	VOA	UG/KG	NE	2.27	3.25	3.09	3.75	6.39	0.515	0.381	0.473	1.81	0.257
Styrene	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.341	0.488	1.27	1.48	1.79	3.43	2.54	3.15	10.3	1.71
Tetrachloroethylene	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.341	0.488	0.463	0.563	0.687	0.67	0.381	0.473	1.55	0.257
Toluene	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.397	0.488	0.463	0.6	0.687	1.89	0.762	0.852	1.55	0.514
Xylenes (total)	VOA	UG/KG	NE	0.341	0.488	0.463	0.6	0.687	1.89	0.381	0.473	1.55	0.257

- NOTES:
- All samples collected by GEL April 2, 2014.
 - "D" sample suffix indicates field duplicate.
 - Ecological Screening Values (ESV) (Waste Management Division Sediment Screening Values for Hazardous Waste Sites from Ecological Risk Assessment Bulletins--Supplement to RAQS, Region 4, EPA, November 2001).
 - "NE" indicates RSL or SSL not established for constituent.
 - Results in BOLD indicate concentration exceeds laboratory reporting limit.
 - "U" data qualifier indicates constituent not detected above method detection limit.
 - "J" data qualifier indicates concentration exceeds method detection limit, but not laboratory reporting limit.
 - Total Chromium MCL based on screening levels for Chromium III.
 - "Dissolved" suffix indicates constituent analyzed for samples filtered in the field.
 - Indicates concentration exceeds Ecological Screening Value.

APPENDICES – On Enclosed CD

APPENDIX I

**Phase I Baseline Investigation Work Plan and
DHEC Approval Letter**

APPENDIX II

ERM Phase I and Phase II Ash Staging Area Reports

APPENDIX III

**Soil Boring Logs, Monitoring Well Construction Diagrams,
and Water Well Records**

APPENDIX IV

**Soil, Boiler Ash, Wastewater Solid, and Sludge Sample Certificates of Analysis
and Chain of Custody Forms**

APPENDIX V

**Groundwater Certificates of Analysis, Chain of Custody Forms,
and Groundwater Sampling Field Data Sheets**

APPENDIX VI

**Surface Water and Sediment Sample Certificates of Analysis
and Chain of Custody Forms**