

Flu Watch

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Division of Acute Disease Epidemiology

Week Ending December 31, 2011 (MMWR Week 52)

All data are provisional and may change as more reports are received.

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MMWR Week 52 at a Glance:

Influenza Activity Level: Sporadic

Note: Activity level definitions are found on page 11

ILI Activity Status (South Carolina baseline is 2.05%*): Below baseline in the Upstate (.20%) and the Midlands (.88%). Above baseline along the Coast (4.37%). The state ILI percentage is .90%. These data reflect reports from 13(40.6%) providers.

Note: See map of counties on page 3 for regional descriptions

SC Viral Isolate and RT-PCR Activity: Two positive specimens were reported. Four positive specimens have been reported this season.

Positive Rapid Flu Test Activity: Ten positive rapid tests were reported. So far this season 236 have been reported.

Hospitalizations: One lab confirmed hospitalization was reported. Thirteen lab confirmed hospitalizations have been reported this season. *Lab confirmation includes positive rapid tests, culture, PCR, DFA, or IFA.*

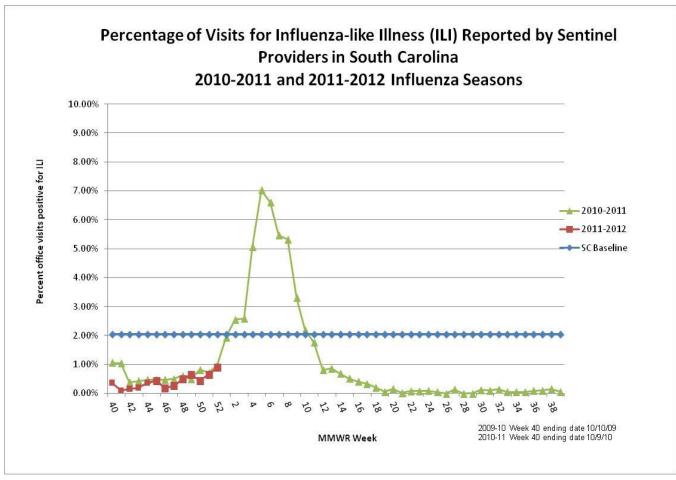
Deaths: No lab confirmed deaths were reported. Lab confirmation includes positive rapid tests, culture, PCR, DFA, or IFA.

Summary of ILI Activity, Positive Confirmatory Tests, and Influenza Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths

	Current week	Previous week	Change From previous week
Percent of visits to ILINet providers for ILI	.90	.65	▲.25
Number of positive confirmatory tests	2	0	A 2
Number of lab confirmed flu hospitalizations	1	2	▼ 1
Number of lab confirmed flu deaths	0	0	0

I. ILINet Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance

During MMWR week 52, .90% of patient visits to SC ILINet providers were due to ILI. This is below the state baseline **(2.05%)**. This ILI percentage compares to .98% this time last year. Reports were received from providers in 12 counties, representing 6 of the 8 regions.



^{*}The SC baseline is the mean percentage of patient visits for ILI during non-influenza weeks (weeks when percent of positive lab tests was below 20%) for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations.

Reported Influenza-Like Illness by Sentinel Providers December 25, 2011 – December 31, 2011

County	ILI %	County	ILI %
Abbeville		Greenwood	NR
Aiken	0%	Hampton	NR
Allendale		Horry	NR
Anderson	NR	Jasper	NR
Bamberg		Kershaw	1.64%
Barnwell		Lancaster	
Beaufort	NR	Laurens	NR
Berkeley	NR	Lee	
Calhoun		Lexington	NR
Charleston	NR	Marion	
Cherokee		Marlboro	
Chester		McCormick	1.00%
Chesterfield		Newberry	
Clarendon		Oconee	
Colleton		Orangeburg	
Darlington		Pickens	0%
Dillon	NR	Richland	0%
Dorchester	NR	Saluda	.69%
Edgefield		Spartanburg	0%
Fairfield	0%	Sumter	NR
Florence	.34%	Union	
Georgetown	4.37%	Williamsburg	
Greenville	.07%	York	0%

NR: No reports received ---: No enrolled providers



Geographic Region	ILI %	# of Reporters
Upstate-Regions 1 -2	.20	6
Midlands-Regions 3-5	.88	6
Coastal-Regions 6-8	4.37	1

^{*}County ILI percentages are affected by the number of reporting providers within that county.

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Current MMWR Week (12/25/11 – 12/31/11)						
	BOL	Other clinical labs				
Number of specimens tested	4	NA				
Number of positive specimens	2	0				
Influenza A unsubtyped						
Influenza A H1N1	1					
Influenza A H3N2	1					
Influenza B						
Other						

Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA

During MMWR week 52, two positive specimens were reported.

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Cumulative (10/2/11 – 12/31/11) BOL Other clinical labs Number of specimens tested 28 NA Number of positive specimens 4 0 Influenza A unsubtyped Influenza A H1N1 2 Influenza A H3N2 1 Influenza B 1 Other

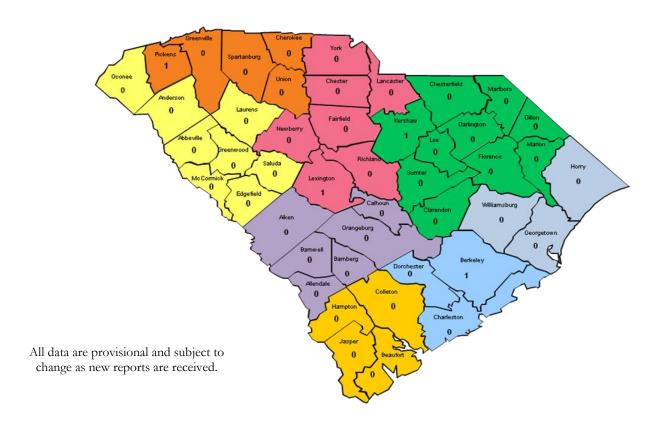
Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA

^{*}All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received.

Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Current Week 12/25/11 – 12/31/11

County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests
Abbeville		Dillon		Lexington	
Aiken		Dorchester		Marion	
Allendale		Edgefield		Marlboro	
Anderson		Fairfield		McCormick	
Bamberg		Florence		Newberry	
Barnwell		Georgetown		Oconee	
Beaufort		Greenville		Orangeburg	
Berkeley		Greenwood		Pickens	1
Calhoun		Hampton		Richland	
Charleston		Horry		Saluda	
Cherokee		Jasper		Spartanburg	
Chester		Kershaw	1	Sumter	
Chesterfield		Lancaster		Union	
Clarendon		Laurens		Williamsburg	
Colleton		Lee		York	
Darlington					

Map of Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Cumulative 10/2/11 – 12/31/11



Positive Confirmatory Tests by County and Type Cumulative 10/2/11 – 12/31/11

	A	A	В	A	Unk		A	A	В	A	Unk
	H1N1	H3N2		Unsub			H1N1	H3N2		Unsub	
Region 1						Region 2					
Abbeville						Cherokee					
Anderson						Greenville					
Edgefield						Pickens	1				
Greenwood						Spartanburg					
Laurens						Union					
McCormick						Region 4					
Oconee						Chesterfield					
Saluda						Clarendon					
Region 3						Darlington					
Chester						Dillon					
Fairfield						Florence					
Lancaster						Kershaw		1			
Lexington			1			Lee					
Newberry						Marion					
Richland						Marlboro					
York						Sumter					
Region 5						Region 6					
Aiken						Georgetown					
Allendale						Horry					
Bamberg						Williamsburg					
Barnwell						Region 8					
Calhoun						Beaufort					
Orangeburg						Colleton					
Region 7						Hampton					
Berkeley	1					Jasper					
Charleston						J 1					
Dorchester											

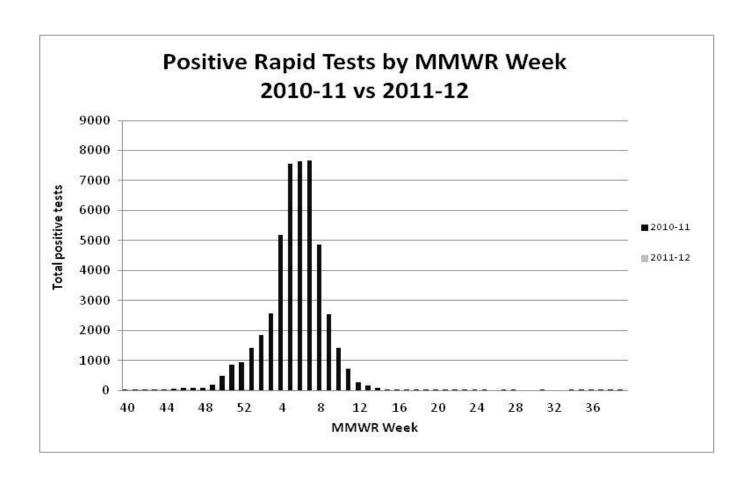
III. Positive Rapid Antigen Tests

During MMWR week 52, 11 positive rapid antigen tests were reported. Of these, there were 8 influenza A and 3 influenza B. During this MMWR week last year, 946 positive rapid tests were reported.

		Total Positive Rapid Antigen Tests					
	Influenza A	Influenza B	Influenza A/B	Unk/Other	Total		
Current MMWR(12/25-12/31/11)	8	3			11		
Cumulative (since 10/2/10)	165	73	18	5	261		

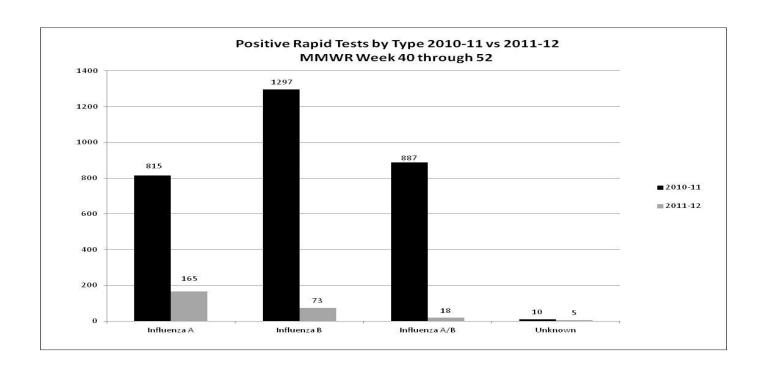
Positive Rapid Flu Tests by County Current Week 12/25/11 – 12/31/11

County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests
Abbeville		Dillon		Lexington	
Aiken		Dorchester		Marion	
Allendale		Edgefield		Marlboro	
Anderson	3	Fairfield		McCormick	
Bamberg		Florence		Newberry	
Barnwell		Georgetown		Oconee	
Beaufort		Greenville	2	Orangeburg	
Berkeley		Greenwood	2	Pickens	
Calhoun		Hampton		Richland	1
Charleston		Horry	3	Saluda	
Cherokee		Jasper		Spartanburg	
Chester		Kershaw		Sumter	
Chesterfield		Lancaster		Union	
Clarendon		Laurens		Williamsburg	
Colleton		Lee		York	
Darlington					



Positive Rapid Tests by County and Type Cumulative 10/2/11 – 12/31/11

	A	В	A/B	Unk		A	В	A/B	Unk
Region 1					Region 2				
Abbeville	1				Cherokee	1			
Anderson	11	3			Greenville	13	7	2	
Edgefield					Pickens	13	3	1	
Greenwood	3				Spartanburg	2			
Laurens	6				Union				
McCormick					Region 4				
Oconee	4	1	1	1	Chesterfield	1			
Saluda					Clarendon		1		
Region 3					Darlington	1	1		4
Chester					Dillon				
Fairfield					Florence	11	5		
Lancaster		1			Kershaw	3			
Lexington	3	2	1		Lee				
Newberry	1				Marion				
Richland	12	5			Marlboro	1	1		
York	1	1			Sumter	5			
Region 5					Region 6				
Aiken					Georgetown	17	2		
Allendale					Horry	9	29	4	
Bamberg			1		Williamsburg			2	
Barnwell					Region 8				
Calhoun					Beaufort	2			
Orangeburg					Colleton	2			
Region 7					Hampton				
Berkeley	3	4	2		Jasper			1	
Charleston	25	2	2		. 1				
Dorchester	14	5							

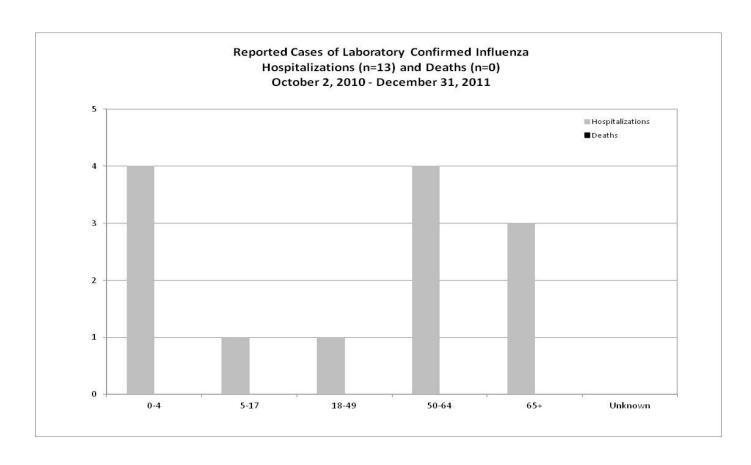


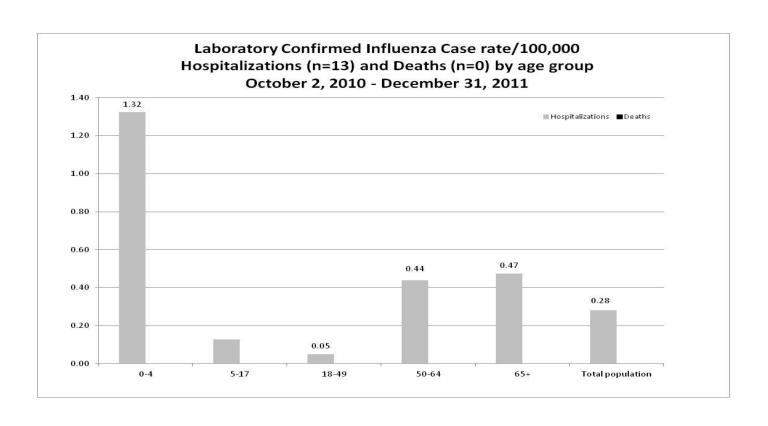
IV. Influenza hospitalizations and deaths

During MMWR week 52 one lab confirmed* influenza hospitalizations was reported. No lab confirmed deaths were reported.

	Total number*				
Number of Hospitals Reporting (current week)	30				
	Current MMWR (12/25- 12/31/11)	Cumulative (since 10/2/10)			
Hospitalizations	1	13			
Deaths	0	0			

^{*}These data are provisional. Lab confirmation for hospitalizations and deaths includes culture, PCR, DFA, IFA, and rapid test.





V. Influenza activity levels

Activity Level	ILI activity/Outbreaks		Laboratory data			
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases			
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases			
Sporadic			OR			
	Not increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution			
	Increased ILI in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI			
	OR					
Local	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions			
	Increased ILI in 2-3 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions			
Regional	OR					
	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 2-3 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions			
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 4 of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.			

VI. South Carolina Influenza Surveillance Components

South Carolina influenza surveillance consists of mandatory and voluntary reporting systems for year-round influenza surveillance. These networks provide information on influenza virus strain and subtype and influenza disease burden.

Mandatory Reporting

Positive confirmatory test reporting

Positive influenza culture, PCR, DFA, and IFA results from commercial laboratories should be reported to DHEC within 7 days electronically via CHESS or using a DHEC 1129 card.

Positive rapid antigen test reporting

Summary numbers of positive rapid influenza tests and influenza type identified should be sent to the <u>regional</u> health department by fax or email before noon on Monday for the preceding week.

Influenza death reporting

Lab confirmed influenza deaths in adults should be reported to DHEC within 7 days. Lab confirmed influenza deaths in children under age 18 should be reported within 24 hours. These include results from viral culture, PCR, rapid flu tests, DFA, IFA or autopsy results consistent with influenza. Hospitals should report deaths to their regional health department by noon on Monday for the preceding week.

Influenza hospitalizations

DHEC requires weekly submission of laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations. Hospitals should report these to their <u>regional</u> health department by noon on Monday for the preceding week.

For additional information about ILINet or to become an ILINet provider, contact the Acute Disease Epidemiology influenza surveillance coordinator at springcb@dhec.sc.gov.

Voluntary Networks

Laboratory Viral Isolate Network

Viral isolate surveillance is essential for identifying circulating influenza strain subtype information, and the identification of new strains that may need to be included in the next year's influenza vaccine. Participating providers receive culture media, packaging, processing and shipping labels in order to submit a subset of specimens to the Bureau of Labs (BOL).

Influenza-Like Illness (ILINet) Sentinel Providers Network ILINet focuses on the number of patients presenting with influenza-like symptoms in the absence of another known cause. ILI is defined as fever (temperature of U≥U100°F) plus a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of another known cause. Providers submit weekly reports to the CDC of the total number of patients seen in a week and the subset number of those patients with ILI symptoms by age group.

South Carolina Disease Alerting, Reporting & Tracking System (SC-DARTS)

SC-DARTS is a collaborative network of syndromic surveillance systems within South Carolina. Currently our network contains the following data sources: SC Hospital Emergency Department (ED) chief-complaint data, Poison Control Center call data, Over-the-Counter (OTC) pharmaceutical sales surveillance, and CDC's BioSense Biosurveillance system. The hospital ED syndromic surveillance system classifies ED chief complaint data into appropriate syndrome categories (ex: Respiratory, GI, Fever, etc.). These syndrome categories are then analyzed using the cumulative sum (CUSUM) methodology to detect any significant increases. Syndromic reports are distributed back to the hospital on a daily basis.

To join the SC-DARTS system or for more information, please contact: Alecia Alianell at 803-898-0269 or alianeat@dhec.sc.gov.

VII. National Surveillance MMWR Week 51 (12/18-12/21)

During week 51 (December 18-24, 2011), influenza activity remained low in the United States.

- o **U.S. Virologic Surveillance**: Of the 2,652 specimens tested by U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories and reported to CDC/Influenza Division, 97 (3.7%) were positive for influenza.
- o Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance: The proportion of deaths attributed to P&I was below the epidemic threshold.
- o **Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality**: No influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported.
- o **Outpatient Illness Surveillance**: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 1.5%, which is below the national baseline of 2.4%. All 10 regions reported ILI below region-specific baseline levels. One state experienced moderate ILI activity, New York City and one state experienced low ILI activity, 47 states experienced minimal ILI activity, and the District of Columbia and one state had insufficient data.
- o **Geographic Spread of Influenza**: The geographic spread of influenza in one state was reported as regional; two states reported local activity; Guam and 37 states reported sporadic activity; the District of Columbia, the U.S. Virgin Islands and 10 states reported no influenza activity, and Puerto Rico did not report.

For more information, please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.