

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control Division of Acute Disease Epidemiology

Week Ending October 5, 2013 (MMWR Week 40)

All data are provisional and may change as more reports are received.

MMWR Week 40 at a Glance:

Influenza Activity Level: LOCAL

Note: Activity level definitions are found on page 14

ILI Activity Status (South Carolina baseline is 2.05%*): The state ILI percentage was .23%. These data reflect reports from 10 (32.3%) providers.

SC Viral Isolate and RT-PCR Activity: Two positive specimens were reported.

Positive Rapid Flu Test Activity: 46 positive rapid tests were reported.

Hospitalizations: No lab confirmed hospitalizations were reported.

Deaths: No lab confirmed deaths were reported.

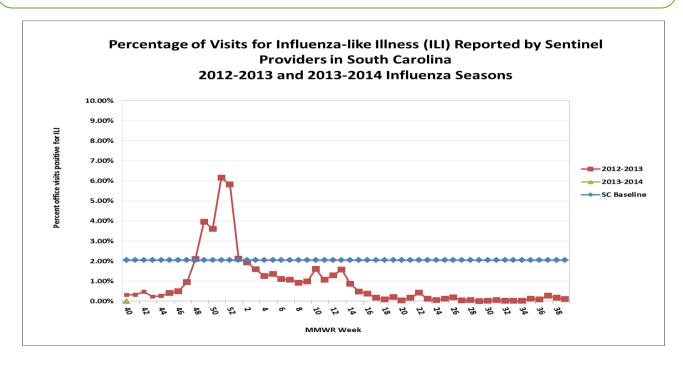
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Flu Watch

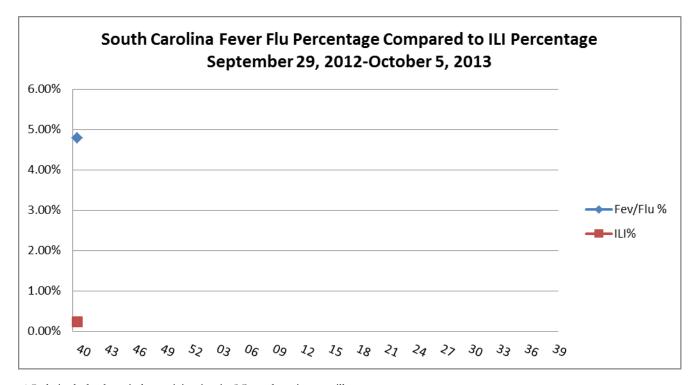
Summary of ILI Activity, Positive Confirmatory Tests, and Influenza Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths					
Innuenza Associated Hospital	izations and D	eatns			
	Current week	Previous week	Change from previous week		
Percent of ILI visits reported by ILINet providers	.23%				
Percent of fever-flu ER visits reported by hospitals	4.79%				
Number of positive confirmatory tests	2				
Number of lab confirmed flu hospitalizations	0				
Number of lab confirmed flu deaths	0				

I. ILINet Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance

During the first MMWR week of the 2013-14 season, .23% of patient visits to SC ILINet providers were due to ILI. This is below the state baseline **(2.05%)**. This ILI percentage compares to .31 % this time last year. Reports were received from providers in 9 counties, representing all 4 regions. The statewide percentage of ER visits with fever-flu syndrome was 4.79%.



*The SC baseline is the mean percentage of patient visits for ILI during non-influenza weeks (weeks when percent of positive lab tests was below 20%) for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations.

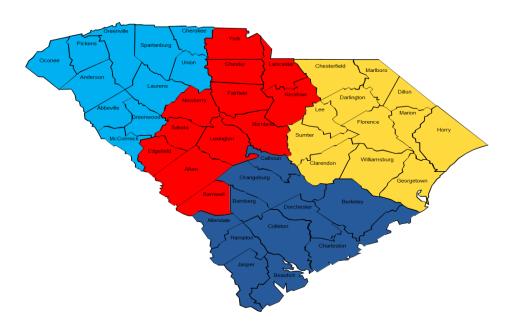


^{*}Only includes hospitals participating in SC syndromic surveillance

Influenza-Like Illness Reported by Sentinel Providers September 29, 2013 – October 5, 2013

County	ILI %	County	ILI %
Abbeville		Greenwood	NR
Aiken	0%	Hampton	NR
Allendale		Horry	NR
Anderson	0%	Jasper	NR
Bamberg		Kershaw	NR
Barnwell		Lancaster	
Beaufort	NR	Laurens	NR
Berkeley	4.24%	Lee	
Calhoun		Lexington	NR
Charleston	NR	Marion	
Cherokee		Marlboro	
Chester		McCormick	.65%
Chesterfield		Newberry	
Clarendon		Oconee	
Colleton		Orangeburg	
Darlington		Pickens	NR
Dillon	NR	Richland	.07%
Dorchester	NR	Saluda	0%
Edgefield		Spartanburg	NR
Fairfield		Sumter	NR
Florence	.12%	Union	
Georgetown	NR	Williamsburg	
Greenville	0%	York	

NR: No reports received ---: No enrolled providers



^{*}County ILI percentages are affected by the number of reporting providers within that county.

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Current MMWR Week (9/29/13 – 10/5/13)

	BOL	Other clinical labs
Number of specimens tested	4	-
Number of positive specimens	2	0
Influenza A unsubtyped		
Influenza A H1N1	2	
Influenza A H3N2		
Influenza B		
Other		
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Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA

For the current MMWR reporting week, two positive specimens were reported.

Positive confirmatory influenza test results* Cumulative (09/29/13 – 10/5/13)

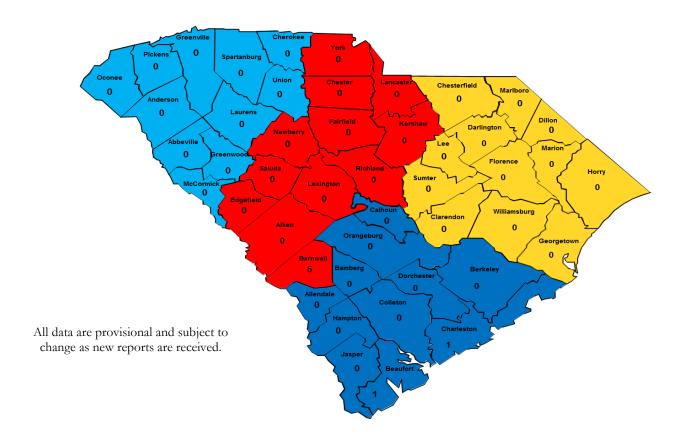
	BOL	Other clinical labs
Number of specimens tested	4	NA
Number of positive specimens	2 (50%)	
Influenza A unsubtyped		
Influenza A H1N1	2 (100%)	
Influenza A H3N2		
Influenza B		
Other		
		1

Includes culture, RT-PCR, DFA, and IFA

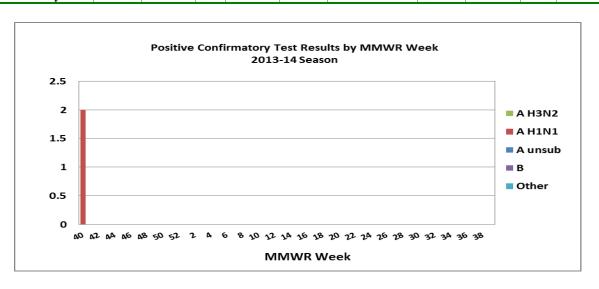
Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Current Week 9/29/13 – 10/5/13

County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests
Abbeville		Dillon		Marion	
Aiken		Dorchester		Marlboro	
Allendale		Edgefield		McCormick	
Anderson		Fairfield		Newberry	
Bamberg		Florence		Oconee	
Barnwell		Georgetown		Orangeburg	
Beaufort	1	Greenville		Pickens	
Berkeley		Greenwood		Richland	
Calhoun		Hampton		Saluda	
Charleston	1	Horry		Spartanburg	
Cherokee		Jasper		Sumter	
Chester		Kershaw		Union	
Chesterfield		Lancaster		Williamsburg	
Clarendon		Laurens		York	
Colleton		Lee		Unknown	
Darlington		Lexington			

Map of Positive Confirmatory Tests by County Cumulative 09/29/13 – 10/5/13



	Г	DSTITLE C				by County and 3-10/5/13	1 1 ype				
	A H1N1	A H3N2	В	A Unsub	Unk		A H1N1	A H3N2	В	A Unsub	Unk
				U	pstate						
Abbeville					potate	McCormick					
Anderson						Oconee					
Cherokee						Pickens					
Greenwood						Spartanburg					
Greenville						Union					
Laurens											
				M	idlands						
Aiken						Lancaster					
Barnwell						Lexington					
Chester						Newberry					
Edgefield						Richland					
Fairfield						Saluda					
Kershaw						York					
				Pe	ee Dee	1					
Chesterfield						Horry					
Clarendon						Lee					
Darlington						Marion					
Dillon						Marlboro					
Florence						Sumter					
Georgetown						Williamsburg					
				Low	Count	rv					
Allendale						Colleton					
Bamberg						Dorchester					
Beaufort	1					Hampton					
Berkeley						Jasper					
Calhoun						Orangeburg					
Charleston	1					0 0					
Unknown County											

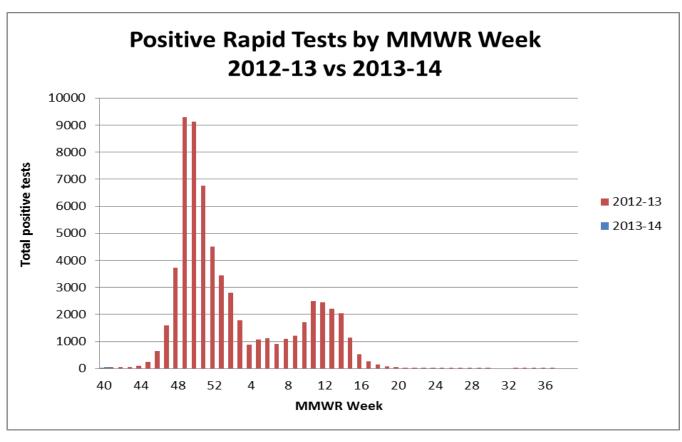


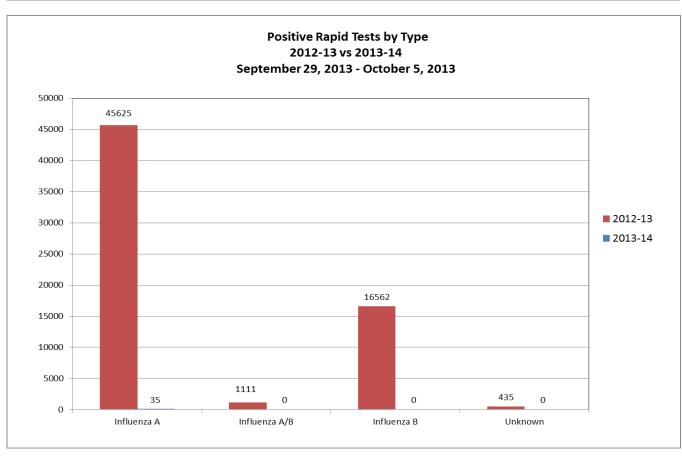
III. Positive Rapid Antigen Tests

For the current MMWR reporting week, 46 positive rapid antigen tests were reported. Of these, 35 were influenza A, 3 were influenza A/B, and 8 were influenza B. This compares to 28 this time last year.

Positive Rapid Flu Tests by County Current Week (9/29/13 – 10/5/13)								
County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests	County	Positive Tests			
Abbeville		Dillon		Lexington	1			
Aiken	1	Dorchester	4	Marion				
Allendale		Edgefield		Marlboro				
Anderson		Fairfield		McCormick				
Bamberg		Florence	3	Newberry	2			
Barnwell		Georgetown		Oconee				
Beaufort	3	Greenville	3	Orangeburg				
Berkeley		Greenwood		Pickens	1			
Calhoun		Hampton		Richland	4			
Charleston	12	Horry	5	Saluda				
Cherokee		Jasper		Spartanburg				
Chester	1	Kershaw	2	Sumter				
Chesterfield		Lancaster	1	Union				
Clarendon		Laurens		Williamsburg				
Colleton		Lee		York	3			
Darlington								

Positive Rapid Flu Tests by County and Type Cumulative (9/29/13 – 10/5/13)														
County	A	A/B	В	Unk/ Other	County	A	A/B	В	Unk/ Other	County	A	A/B	В	Unk/ Other
Abbeville					Dillon					Lexington	1			
Aiken	1				Dorchester	4				Marion				
Allendale					Edgefield					Marlboro				
Anderson					Fairfield					McCormick				
Bamberg					Florence	2		1		Newberry	1		1	
Barnwell					Georgetown					Oconee				
Beaufort	3				Greenville	2	1			Orangeburg				
Berkeley					Greenwood					Pickens	1			
Calhoun					Hampton					Richland	2		2	
Charleston	11	1			Horry	3	1	1		Saluda				
Cherokee					Jasper					Spartanburg				
Chester	1				Kershaw	1		1		Sumter				
Chesterfield					Lancaster	1				Union				
Clarendon					Laurens					Williamsburg				
Colleton					Lee					York	3			
Darlington														



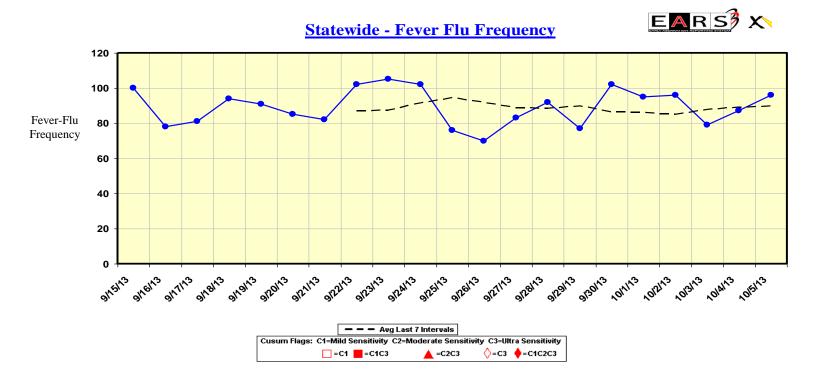


IV. Influenza hospitalizations and deaths

For the current MMWR reporting week, no lab confirmed influenza hospitalizations were reported. No lab confirmed influenza deaths were reported.*

	Total number*				
Number of Reporting	34				
Hospitals (Current week)					
	Current MMWR Week (9/29/13-10/6/13)	Cumulative (since 09/29/13)			
Hospitalizations	0	0			
Deaths	0	0			

^{*} Lab confirmation for hospitalizations and deaths includes culture, PCR, DFA, IFA, and rapid test.



Cumulative Sums Analysis (CUSUM):

C1 = Flags because of sharp rise in counts from 1 day to the next

C2 = Flags because of aberrant, initial, rapid rise in counts and peak in counts

C3 = Flags because of a gradual rise in counts over a short time

The SC Statewide Fever-Flu Syndrome graph above illustrates the <u>daily</u> counts of hospital emergency department (ED) visits with an Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for the past 21 days. A total of <u>22 hospital</u> facilities are reporting to the SC-DARTS system. These 22 include: AnMed Health (Upstate Region); Self Regional (Upstate Region); Oconee Medical Center (Upstate Region); Palmetto Health Alliance (Upstate and Midlands Regions); Greenville Hospital System (Upstate Region); Kershaw Health (Midlands Region); McLeod Health (Pee Dee Region); Elgin Urgent Care (Midlands Region); Medical University of South Carolina (Low Country Region); Roper (Low Country Region); St. Francis (Low Country Region); Trident (Low Country Region); Colleton (Low Country Region); Hampton Regional (Low Country Region); and Mount Pleasant (Low Country Region).

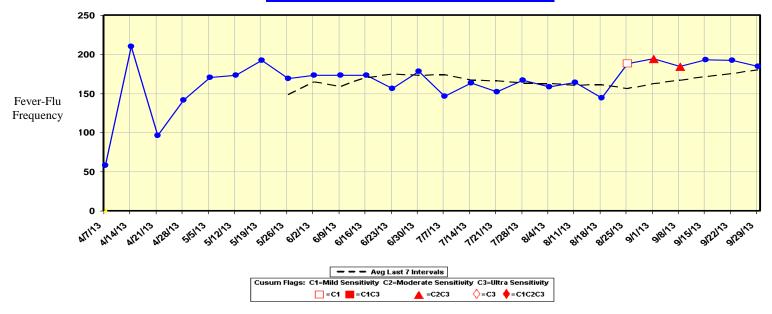
Statewide CUSUM Flag Alerts Description:

No flags for the past week.

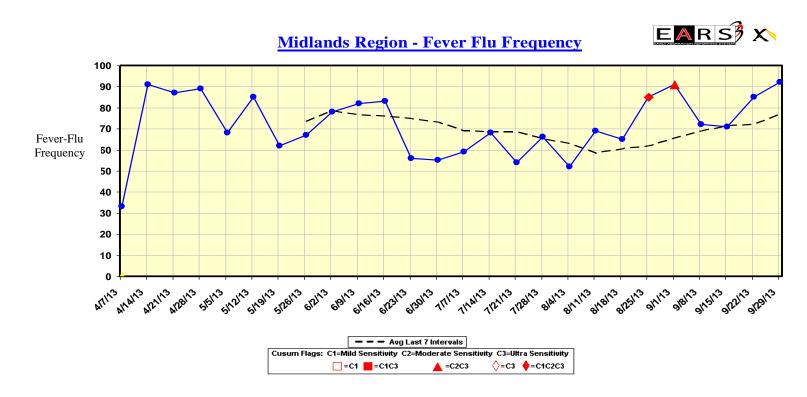
Below are the fever-flu syndrome graphs by Region for the past 180 days (weekly interval).



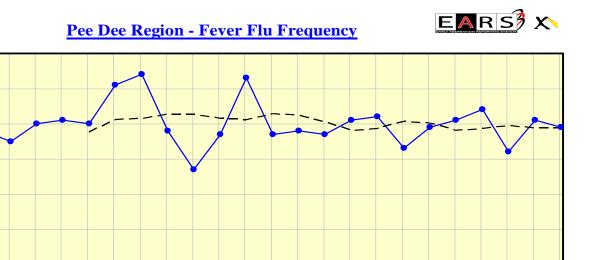
Upstate Region - Fever Flu Frequency



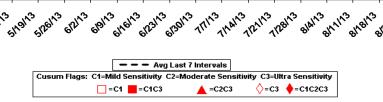
Upstate Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): AnMed Health (3); Self-Regional (1); Oconee Medical Center (1); Greenville Hospital System (4); Palmetto Health Easley (1)



Midlands Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): Palmetto Health Baptist (1); Palmetto Health Richland (1); Kershaw Health (1); Elgin Urgent Care (1)



8/25/13



Pee Dee Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): McLeod Health (1)

60

50

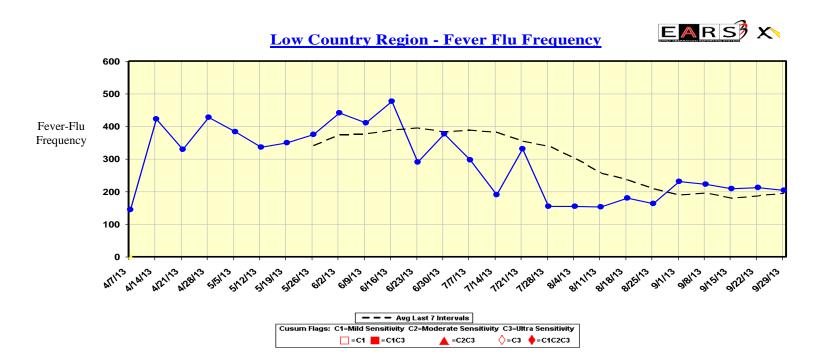
40

30

20

10

Fever-Flu Frequency



Low Country Region Hospitals (# of Facilities): Medical University of South Carolina (1); Roper (1); St. Francis (1); Trident (1); Hampton Regional (1); Colleton (1); Mount Pleasant (1);

VI. Influenza activity levels

Activity Level	ILI activity/Outbreaks		Laboratory data					
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases					
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases					
Sporadic			OR					
	Not increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution					
	Increased ILI in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI					
	OR							
Local	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI And activity in other regions is not increased		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions					
	Increased ILI in 2-3 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions					
Regional	OR							
	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 2-3 regions And		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions					
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 4 of the regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.					

VII. South Carolina Influenza Surveillance Components

South Carolina influenza surveillance consists of mandatory and voluntary reporting systems for year-round influenza surveillance. These networks provide information on influenza virus strain and subtype and influenza disease burden.

Mandatory Reporting

Positive confirmatory test reporting

Positive influenza culture, PCR, DFA, and IFA results from commercial laboratories should be reported to DHEC within 7 days electronically via CHESS or using a DHEC 1129 card.

Positive rapid antigen test reporting

Summary numbers of positive rapid influenza tests and influenza type identified should be sent to the Uregional U health department by fax or email before noon on Monday for the preceding week.

Influenza death reporting

Lab confirmed influenza deaths in adults should be reported to DHEC within 7 days. Lab confirmed influenza deaths in children under age 18 should be reported within 24 hours. These include results from viral culture, PCR, rapid flu tests, DFA, IFA or autopsy results consistent with influenza. Hospitals should report deaths to their regional health department by noon on Monday for the preceding week.

Influenza hospitalizations

DHEC requires weekly submission of laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations. Hospitals should report these to their <u>regional</u> health department by noon on Monday for the preceding week.

For additional information about ILINet or to become an ILINet provider, contact the Acute Disease Epidemiology influenza surveillance coordinator at springcb@dhec.sc.gov.

Voluntary Networks

<u>Influenza-Like Illness (ILINet) Sentinel Providers</u> Network

ILINet focuses on the number of patients presenting with influenza-like symptoms in the absence of another known cause. ILI is defined as fever (temperature of U≥U100°F) plus a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of another known cause. Providers submit weekly reports to the CDC of the total number of patients seen in a week and the subset number of those patients with ILI symptoms by age group.

South Carolina Disease Alerting, Reporting & Tracking System (SC-DARTS)

SC-DARTS is a collaborative network of syndromic surveillance systems within South Carolina. Currently our network contains the following data sources: SC Hospital Emergency Department (ED) chief-complaint data, Poison Control Center call data, Over-the-Counter (OTC) pharmaceutical sales surveillance, and CDC's BioSense Biosurveillance system. The hospital ED syndromic surveillance system classifies ED chief complaint data into appropriate syndrome categories (ex: Respiratory, GI, Fever, etc.). These syndrome categories are then analyzed using the cumulative sum (CUSUM) methodology to detect any significant increases. Syndromic reports are distributed back to the hospital on a daily basis.

To join the SC-DARTS system or for more information, please contact: Alecia Alianell at 803-898-0269 or alianeat@dhec.sc.gov.