9 Months to Get Ready
# Table of Contents

First Month .................................................................................................................................................2
Second Month................................................................................................................................................4
Third Month..................................................................................................................................................6
Fourth Month...............................................................................................................................................8
Fifth Month...............................................................................................................................................10
Sixth Month .............................................................................................................................................12
Seventh Month .......................................................................................................................................14
Eighth Month ...........................................................................................................................................16
Ninth Month ............................................................................................................................................18
Determining Your Due Date......................................................................................................................20
Exercise During Pregnancy ..................................................................................................................22
Prenatal Care ..........................................................................................................................................24
Sex During Pregnancy ............................................................................................................................26
Normal Complaints and Problems of Pregnancy ...............................................................................28
Weight Gain During Pregnancy ..............................................................................................................30
What You Need for Baby’s First Weeks ...............................................................................................32
How Will I Know if I am in Labor?..........................................................................................................34
Cesarean Birth .........................................................................................................................................36
In the First Few Days After Childbirth ..................................................................................................38
Postpartum Depression ...........................................................................................................................40
Post-Delivery Period After Birth ..........................................................................................................42
Postpartum Check-Up ..............................................................................................................................44
Facts for Fathers ....................................................................................................................................45
Make Better Food Choices ....................................................................................................................46
Breastfeeding ...........................................................................................................................................47
Formula Feeding .....................................................................................................................................48
Notes ..........................................................................................................................................................49
Your Baby

- Family traits were set when you got pregnant.
- The father’s sperm determined the baby’s sex.
- The brain and the nervous system are forming.
- The heart and lungs are forming, too.
- Tiny spots for ears, eyes and nose are showing.
- Arm and leg buds are forming.
- The baby is growing inside a sac of amniotic (am-ne-AH-tick) fluid (bag of water).
- Your baby will be about ¼ inch long at the end of this month.
- Your body began preparing for this baby before you became pregnant.

Your Body

- Two weeks after your baby was conceived, you missed your first period.
- Six weeks after your baby was conceived, you missed your second period.
- The placenta (pla-SEN-ta) is forming and making hormones that prepare your baby for an exchange of nutrients between the mother and fetus.
- You might have nausea (“morning sickness”) any time of the day.
- You might feel tired.
- Your breasts begin to feel tender.
- Your uterus (womb) is growing larger, but you can not feel it.
- You have not gained weight or changed body size this month.
- You might need to urinate (pee) more.
Your Responsibilities

- Make an appointment to start prenatal care.
- Ask your health care provider about any vitamins or supplements that you might need to take.
- Check with your health care provider or clinic before taking any prescribed or over-the-counter medicine.
- Avoid X-rays while you are pregnant.
- Avoid smoking or being around smoke. Avoid drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine and other amphetamines, heroin, or other street drugs.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- Eat three balanced meals a day or six small meals.
- Small meals will help if you have an upset stomach. Don’t go for long periods of time without food.
- Eat protein (meats-not fried, beans, fish, eggs, nuts, etc.).
- Talk with your family and/or friends about your feelings during this pregnancy.
- Stick to a diet naturally high in folic acid (oranges, melons and daily green vegetables). Take a folic acid supplement, if recommended by your health care provider.
- Decide how you will tell your family, friends, health care provider and employer about your pregnancy.
- Find out if you have insurance (Medicaid, private).

Your Tests

Pregnancy tests

May have other tests such as blood tests and urinalysis

Notes

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Your Baby

- This is a key month in your baby’s growth.
- The eyes and ears are forming. There are eyelids, but they cannot open yet.
- Facial features are forming.
- The head is large, since the brain grows faster than any other organ.
- Cartilage, skin and muscles are starting to shape your baby’s body.
- The umbilical (um-BIL-uh-kul) cord has formed.
- Fingers, toes and fingernails are forming. The neural tube that will become your baby’s brain and spinal cord closes about 5 weeks after conception.
- The stomach, liver and kidneys are developing.
- The heart is beating.
- Your baby will weigh about ½ to 1 ounce and be about 1 to 1½ inches long by the end of the month.

Your Body

- You might gain a pound or two during this month.
- Your waist size is likely to increase.
- Your breast size increases, and the nipples begin to darken.
- The uterus might feel like a small lump above your pubic bone.
- The uterus is softer, rounder and larger now.
- As the uterus crowds the bladder, you might urinate more often.
- The placenta is growing.
- More hormones are being produced.
- The tissues around the vagina become bluish as an increased blood supply nourishes the baby.
- The vaginal discharge becomes thicker, whiter and stickier.
- You might be more tired and have less energy this month.
- Nausea (morning sickness) can still occur and it might be more common in the morning.
Your Responsibilities

- Begin your regular checkups this month.
- Ask for prenatal test results: blood type and Rh factor, anemia, blood pressure, urine and weight.
- Ask about any medications you are taking. Some may need to be changed, now that you are pregnant.
- Get prescribed vitamins and iron, if needed. Eat a good diet including whole grains, proteins, fruits and vegetables.
- Take your prescribed vitamins.
- Drink six to eight glasses of water each day.
- Avoid cigarettes and cigarette smoke, alcohol, caffeine, junk foods, and/or medications unless prescribed by your doctor.
- Avoid paints, pesticides and aerosol sprays.
- Exercise: Walk, swim or bike 15 minutes daily.
- Try to enroll in prenatal classes.
- Discuss feelings, ideas or worries that you might have about the effects of pregnancy with your partner.
- Ask good friends or family about their experiences in the first few months of pregnancy.
- Find out if you have insurance for maternity and infant health services.

Notes

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Your Tests

Blood type and Rh factor

Hemoglobin and/or hematocrit (for anemia)

Rubella titer (see if susceptible to German measles)

Blood tests for syphilis, hepatitis B, and HIV

Other tests as needed

Blood pressure

Weight

Urine

Sugar (check for diabetes)

Protein (check for kidney disease)

Bacteria (check for bladder or kidney infection)

Pap smear, if recommended by your health care provider

Gonorrhea and Chlamydia cultures

Complete physical examination

Pelvic examination to check for size and shape of your pelvis
Your Baby

- Your baby is still too tiny for you to feel it move.
- The ears, arms, hands, fingers, legs, feet and toes will be completely formed this month.
- Your baby’s vocal cords are formed.
- The taste buds are forming.
- The head can be held up.
- Reflex movements allow your baby’s elbows to bend, legs to kick and fingers to form a fist.
- The sex of the baby is easy to tell now, if you could see inside the uterus.
- The heart rate is 120 to 160 beats per minute.
- Blood is now going through the umbilical cord to the baby.
- About one cup of amniotic fluid surrounds your baby.
- The baby’s kidneys will begin to function.
- By the end of the month your baby will weigh about 1 ounce and be about 2½ to 3½ inches long.

Your Body

- You will begin to feel better by the end of this month.
- You might be sick to your stomach less. If you continue to be sick each day or all day, let your health care provider know.
- You might begin to feel hungrier.
- You might have more energy.
- You can have gained about 5 pounds since you became pregnant.
- The placenta is now formed.
- You might be constipated. Drinking water or fruit juice and eating raw vegetables will help.
- You might be happy or sad for no reason.
- If your legs or feet swell, sit down at different times during the day and elevate (raise) your feet.
Your Responsibilities

- Get your prenatal checkup this month.
- Ask about the changes in your body that worry you.
- Ask about your test results.
- Ask if you will need an ultrasound or tests to see if your baby could have a genetic condition like Down syndrome or Trisomy 18.
- Eat three balanced meals daily, with snacks as needed in-between.
- Eat whole grains, proteins, fruits and vegetables.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of liquid (water, milk, fruit juices) a day.
- DO NOT SMOKE.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstacy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin, or other street drugs.
- Take only medicines prescribed by your health care provider.
- Avoid using paints, pesticides and spray cans.
- Exercise: Walk, swim or bike about 15 minutes daily.
- Share your good and bad feelings about having a baby with family, friends and/or health care provider.
- Continue to take vitamins or supplements as recommended by your health care provider.
- Ask your health care provider before adding any new herbs, oils, or other supplements to your diet. Some of these might not be safe for pregnant women.

Your Tests

Blood pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus
(Fundal height is the distance from your pubic bone to the fundus, which is the upper, rounded top of your uterus. The measurement of the fundal height is taken on the outside of the abdomen with a tape measure and can tell the growth of both the uterus and the baby each month.)

Blood tests (as needed)

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Your Baby

- Your baby starts a growth spurt in length and weight.
- Hair begins to grow.
- Hair appears on the baby’s head.
- Downy hair called lanugo (lan-NOO-goh) covers the body.
- Eyebrows and eyelashes start to grow.
- The skin starts to fill out with fat.
- The kidneys make urine.
- Your baby enjoys moving about in the amniotic sac.
- The amniotic fluid increases a lot this month.
- This month marks the midpoint in pregnancy.
- The heartbeat will be heard.
- A doppler stethoscope will be used to hear the heartbeat.
- Your baby will be about 7 inches long and weigh about 4 ounces by the end of the month.

Your Body

- Your pregnancy is beginning to show.
- You gain ½ to 1 pound a week for a total gain of 2 to 4 pounds this month.
- Your nipples, the area around them and the line on your abdomen called the linea negra (LIN-ee-uh NAY-gruh) might darken.
- Your placenta releases hormones that help to soften some of your joints and muscles to make labor and delivery easier.
- You are less tired.
- You might begin to find you enjoy being pregnant.
- You might be hungry more often.
- You might feel cravings for some foods.
- The chance of urinary tract infection could increase this month.
- Your uterus will be just below your navel by the end of the month.
Your Responsibilities

- Get your prenatal checkup this month.
- Eat three balanced meals a day with healthy snacks in between.
- Take your prenatal vitamins and iron.
- Ask your health care provider about tests for neural tube defects, Down syndrome and Trisomy 18.
- Avoid smoking or being around cigarette smoke, drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin, or other street drugs.
- Stick to a diet naturally high in folic acid (oranges, melons and dark green vegetables).
- Exercise: Walk, swim or bike 15 minutes daily.
- Learn and practice the Kegel and pelvic rock exercises.
- Share your good and bad feelings about having a baby with family, friends and/or health care provider.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of liquid (water, milk, fruit juices) a day.

Your Tests

Blood pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus

Fetal heart tones

Blood tests (as needed)

Notes

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Your Baby

- Your baby will begin to move a lot. If this is your first pregnancy, you might not have felt the baby move before now.
- You will feel the baby's arms and legs move.
- There are times when the baby is active and times when the baby is calm.
- The skin is protected by a white cheesy coating as the baby moves in the amniotic fluid.
- The skin is wrinkled and red.
- The skin is filling out with fat that will help the baby keep warm after birth.
- The eyelids are still closed.
- The fingernails are growing and fingerprints begin to form.
- The heartbeat is easy to hear with a fetoscope (a baby stethoscope).
- Your baby will be about 8-12 inches long and weigh about 1 to 1½ pounds by the end of the month.

Your Body

- You feel well most of the time.
- People might tell you that you look good.
- You probably will gain about ½ to 1 pound a week or about 2 to 4 pounds a month.
- Your breasts grow larger, softer and the veins start to show.
- A yellowish-white fluid called colostrum (kuh-LOSS-trum) could leak from your breasts. This is in preparation for breast feeding your baby.
- You can feel the uterus at the navel or just above.
- Constipation might be a problem until the end of your pregnancy. Increase your fluids, eat more fruits and vegetables and walk more.
- Your hair might feel thicker and more oily.
- You might become easily upset due to hormonal changes. This can happen almost anytime during pregnancy.
Your Responsibilities

- Continue your prenatal checkups. Take recommended vitamins and supplements.
- Eat three balanced meals a day with healthy snacks in between.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of water, milk or fruit juices every day.
- Avoid smoking, drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin or other street drugs.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- Stick to a diet naturally high in folic acid (oranges, melons and dark green vegetables).
- Buy well-fitting support or nursing bras.
- Talk to your health care provider about labor and delivery classes.
- Walk and do Kegel and pelvic rock exercises every day. See pages 22 and 23 of this booklet for more information on exercises in pregnancy.
- Take time to rest every day, especially if you work outside of the home.
- Lying on your side might be more comfortable.
- Discuss your concerns about parenting with your family, friends and/or health care provider.
- Share your good and bad feelings about having a baby with family, friends and/or health care provider.
- Lie down and put your feet up at least 30 minutes a day.
- Choose comfortable shoes and clothes to fit your changing size.
- Wear seat belts low over your hips.

Your Tests

Blood pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus

Notes

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Your Baby

- Your baby is big enough to be felt when your abdomen is examined.
- The skin is still wrinkled and red.
- The fingerprints are forming.
- The eyes are almost developed.
- The eyelids can open and close.
- Your baby can kick, cry and hiccup.
- Noises from the outside could cause the baby to move or become quiet.
- Your baby will be about 11-14 inches long and weigh about 2 pounds by the end of this month.

Your Body

- You will continue to gain about 2 to 4 pounds a month.
- You might develop stretch marks on your stomach, hips and breasts.
- The uterus might be felt above the navel.
- Your appetite is good.
- You might get heartburn or gas, so eat slowly, relax and avoid fried foods.
- Your sex drive might increase or decrease and change from week to week. Talk about your feelings with your partner.
- You might think about things that can go wrong with your baby. Most women do at some time during their pregnancy.
- You might begin to see patches of brown coloring on your cheeks, nose, and forehead, and a line that extends down from your navel. The brown patches and line will disappear or fade after your baby is born.
Your Responsibilities

- Learn the signs and symptoms of preterm labor.
- Ask about a test for gestational diabetes.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of water, milk or fruit juices every day.
- Avoid smoking, drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin or other street drugs.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- Eat healthy food including plenty of whole grains (breads, cereals, rice, and pasta), meats, fresh vegetables, fruit and milk.
- Discuss feelings about your changing body.
- Prepare for breast or bottle feeding.
- Get information on infant feeding and nipple care, and check on the supplies you will need.
- Continue to take your prenatal vitamins and iron everyday.

Your Tests

Blood pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus

Notes:

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Your Baby
- Your baby is 15 inches long and will weigh about 3 to 3 ½ pounds by the end of this month.
- A fine, soft hair called lanugo (la-NOO-goh) covers the baby.
- The brain and nervous system grow quickly.
- Your baby’s heartbeat might be heard by another person by placing an ear on your abdomen.
- Iron is being stored from now until birth.
- The fingerprints are formed.
- The testicles of boys start to move down into the scrotum.
- Sleeping and waking times are definite.
- Kicking and stretching movements are often noticed.
- Your baby is sucking his thumb.
- Your baby begins to look more like a newborn. He or she still needs several weeks to grow and develop before birth.

Your Body
- You might gain weight faster because this begins the baby’s greatest growth period.
- Your uterus is moving closer to your rib cage.
- You might notice kicking against your ribs.
- You can see your abdomen move as your baby moves.
- You might feel awkward and tire more easily.
- You might feel light-headed when you get up.
- Your feet, hands and ankles could swell if it’s hot or you’ve been standing a lot.
- Your breasts might leak enough to require padding in your bra.
- You might notice a loosening in the pelvic bones when you walk.
- Some mothers have bursts of energy as they prepare for baby’s arrival. This is called “nesting.”
Your Responsibilities

- Get your prenatal checkup this month. Continue to take your prenatal vitamins and iron each day.
- Discuss how close to delivery you would like to stop working.
- Start prenatal classes right away if you have put them off.
- Tour the labor and delivery section of the hospital you will use.
- Think about things you will need the first six weeks like nutritious, easy to prepare foods, paper plates, disposable diapers, and/or diaper service.
- Eat three balanced meals daily with healthy snacks in between.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of water, milk, and fruit juices every day.
- Avoid smoking, or being around cigarette smoke, drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin or other street drugs.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- Stick to a diet naturally high in folic acid (oranges, melons and dark green vegetables).
- Plan what you will do when you go into labor.
- How are you going to get to the hospital?
- If you already have children, who will watch your children?
- Practice daily relaxation and breathing exercises.
- Talk about feelings and responsibilities with your partner.
- Plan special times with your partner.
- Take extra time to do things for yourself.

Your Tests

Blood Pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus

Fetal heart tones

Abdomen felt for baby’s position and size

Blood Tests (as needed)

Notes:

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Your Baby
- Your baby weighs about 5 ½ pounds and is about 18 inches long.
- Your baby’s eyes are open.
- The skin is smooth because fat begins to fill out the wrinkles.
- The downy hair gradually disappears.
- Your baby is active with noticeable patterns of sleep and wakefulness.
- He/she might settle into the position for birth.
- The baby’s body is now mature enough to survive if it is born early.
- Your baby gains about 2 pounds this month.
- If your baby is born now, he or she might need to spend time in the neonatal intensive care unit while the heart and lungs grow.

Your Body
- You might find this month is the most uncomfortable.
- You might have trouble sitting or lying down for a long period of time.
- You might have a problem breathing when the baby pushes against your lungs.
- Your uterus is now near your rib cage.
- You can feel parts of the baby through your abdominal wall.
- You might need to urinate more often (as the baby’s head pushes on your bladder). Good fluid intake is important to help prevent urinary tract infections.
- Your vaginal secretions will increase.
- You might have hemorrhoids (HEM-or-roidz) or be constipated. Increase your fluids and your fruits, juices and vegetables.
- You might have heartburn.
- You might sweat more easily.
- You might begin to tire easily.
Your Responsibilities

- Continue your prenatal checkups and taking your prenatal vitamins and iron.
- Eat three balanced meals a day or six small meals.
- Avoid smoking, drinks with caffeine (colas, teas, coffee) and junk food.
- DO NOT use marijuana, cocaine, ecstasy, methamphetamine or other amphetamines, heroin or other street drugs.
- DO NOT drink beer, wine, wine coolers, whiskey or any other alcoholic drinks.
- Drink 8-10 glasses of water each day.
- Stick to a diet naturally high in folic acid (oranges, melons and dark green vegetables).
- Keep up your walking and stretching exercises.
- Practice the exercises from your labor and delivery class.
- You should pack your suitcase. Include clothes and other items to use at the hospital and clothes for you and your baby to wear home.
- Make sure that you and your partner or other family members know how to get to the hospital or birthing center, especially if you will need to use a taxi or bus for part of the trip.

Your Tests

Blood Pressure

Weight

Urine

Height of fundus

Fetal heart tones

Abdomen felt for baby’s position and size

Blood Tests (as needed)

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Your Baby
- Your baby grows about 2 ½ inches and gains 2 pounds.
- Your baby weighs 6 to 7 ½ pounds and is about 20 inches long.
- The eye color is dark grey, which may change after birth.
- The fingernails become complete and may grow long.
- The baby settles into a head down position.
- The baby will still have periods of sleep and activity.
- About one quart of amniotic fluid surrounds your baby.
- Most babies are born about this time in the pregnancy.

Your Body
- You might be tired of being pregnant and are ready for delivery.
- Your abdomen is getting bigger and could look lopsided when the baby moves.
- Your feet might swell. Put your feet up occasionally.
- You might feel pressure low in the pelvis as the baby settles into position for birth.
- Your sleep could be disturbed.
- You might need to urinate more often.
- You might need to move more often.
- You tire easily and often feel drowsy.
Your Responsibilities

- Get a prenatal checkup each week until the baby arrives.
- Let your health care provider know if your hands and face become swollen, especially if you have been told that you have high blood pressure.
- Ask about a test for Group B Strep, if the test was not done earlier.
- Eat three balanced meals a day or six small meals.
- Small meals will help you if you have an upset stomach.
- Continue to exercise and practice for labor and delivery.
- You should limit out-of-area travel.
- Plan for a birth control method to use after delivery.
- Cover your mattress and your chair with plastic in case your bag of water breaks. (A shower curtain liner works well and is inexpensive.)
- List phone numbers of people to call when labor begins.
- Treat yourself and your partner to something special.
- Pay attention to the baby’s movement. The baby should move about 10 times in two hours or less.
- Be sure you have an approved car seat that has never been involved in an accident. Find out where in your city to have your infant car seat checked to make sure that it is installed correctly.
- Keep your packed suitcase where you can get it quickly if labor begins when you are not at home.

Notes:

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The average time from conception to full term is 266 days. The pregnancy period is about 40 weeks when counted from the first day of your last period. Only five percent of babies arrive on their due date. Most babies arrive about two weeks before or two weeks after their due date. The due date is counted as 280 days from the first day of your last period.

Predicting your due date is just a good guess. Your menstrual cycle will affect the length of your pregnancy. The baby may be early if you have periods every 21 days. Your baby may be later if your periods are usually more than 28 days. Women with regular periods usually have their babies close to the due date. Your age, race, size and number of children do not make a difference.

Sometimes doctors use other ways to set the due date. They do this when the woman has used birth control pills, has irregular periods or has not kept track of her periods. They also might do some of the following:

- Listen to the baby’s heartbeat.
- Check the size of the uterus.
- Check for the baby’s movement. (Mark on your calendar the first time you feel the baby move. Report it at your next visit.)
- Feel the baby through the abdomen.
- Measure the uterine contractions and the abdominal size.
- Do an ultrasound. (This is a machine that uses ultrasonic waves to produce a "picture" of the baby).

The due date is harder to set near the end of pregnancy. This is one reason why early prenatal care is important.

**Directions:**

1. Find the first day of your last period on the calendar.
2. Move ahead nine months.
3. Find the same date.
4. Add seven days.
5. This will be your baby’s due date.

**Example:**

1. Suppose your last period began June 10.
2. Move ahead nine months to March.
3. Find March 10.
4. Add seven days.
5. The due date would be March 17.

**Online Gestational Age Calculator**

DHEC’s online gestational age calculator can help you estimate your due date or your baby’s gestational age.

[http://www.scdhec.gov/Health/WRTK/English/CalculatingGestationalAge/]
Pregnancy Calendar

Count ahead nine months and add seven days.

1
JULY
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4
5 6 7 8 9 10 11
12 13 14 15 16 17 18
19 20 21 22 23 24 25
26 27 28 29 30 31

2
AUGUST
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29

3
SEPTEMBER
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

4
OCTOBER
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

5
NOVEMBER
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

6
DECEMBER
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 10 11 12
13 14 15 16 17 18 19
20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31

7
JANUARY
S M T W T F S
1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28 29 30 31

8
FEBRUARY
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

9
MARCH
S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30

FIRST DAY OF LAST PERIOD

ESTIMATED DUE DATE

9 MONTHS TO GET READY
Exercise During Pregnancy

Exercise is important for a healthy pregnancy. It can help you look and feel better. Talk with your health care provider about what exercises are safe for you. If you have gestational diabetes, talk to your health care provider about exercise. Pregnancy is not a time for new activities. Swimming, walking and relaxation exercises are safe exercises for pregnant women.

When you exercise:
- Wear comfortable, loose clothes.
- Drink plenty of water during exercise.
- Eat a snack an hour before.
- Warm up before and cool down after exercising.
- Don't become overheated.
- Never exercise to the point of pain, exhaustion or breathlessness.
- Don't lie on your back.

Warning Signs
Stop exercising and call your primary care provider if you have any of the following problems:
- Pain
- Vaginal bleeding or leaking of fluid
- Dizziness or faintness
- Abdominal pain or cramping
- Headaches or blurred vision
- Chest pain
- Rapid heartbeat
- Increased shortness of breath

The following exercises will help prepare you for labor and delivery.

A. Kegel (Kay-gul) Exercise
Purpose: This exercise will strengthen the muscles around the vagina. It will allow you to relax these muscles during delivery. This exercise may also help prevent accidental urination during pregnancy. It is the most important exercise.

How to do the Kegel Exercise:
1. To get the feel of the muscles, stop and start your urine when you use the toilet.
2. Try to tighten these muscles from front to back.
3. Practice while you sit, stand, walk, drive or watch TV.
4. Do these exercises two to three times each day; morning, afternoon and evening.
5. Start with five kegels each session. Work up to 25 times each session.

After your baby is born, keep doing kegels to restore your pelvic muscle tone.

B. Tailor Sit
Purpose: This exercise will strengthen your inner thighs and increase your blood flow.

How to do the Tailor Sit:
1. Sit on the floor with your ankles crossed.
2. Pull your feet as close to your body as you can.
3. Relax and hold this position as long as you are comfortable.
4. Do this at least three times a day.
C. Knee Press

Purpose: This will strengthen your inner thighs. It will stretch your lower back and increase your blood flow.

How to do the Knee Press:
1. Sit on the floor.
2. Pull your feet together with soles touching.
3. Bring your feet as near to your body as you can without feeling uncomfortable.
4. Keep your back straight and place your hands on your knees.
5. Press your knees slowly and gently to the floor with your hand.
6. Hold your knees to the floor and count to three.
7. Repeat 10 times, twice each day.

D. The Pelvic Rock

Purpose: This will strengthen your tummy muscles. It will relieve backaches and increase your blood flow.

How to do the Pelvic Rock:
1. Get down on your hands and knees with your arms straight.
2. Relax your back.
3. Keep your head in a straight line with your pelvis.
4. Hump your back, tighten your tummy muscles and your buttock muscles.
5. Drop your head all the way down and pull your pelvis toward your chin.
6. Relax your back and raise your head.
7. Do this slowly and evenly 10 times each day.

Talk to your primary care provider if you are currently exercising regularly or if you plan to start a new exercise program. Your provider will tell you what you can do while you are pregnant.
You should go to the doctor as soon as you think you are pregnant. Early signs of pregnancy include missed periods, morning sickness, sore breasts, sleepiness and frequent urination.

**Medical History**
Your doctor or health care provider will ask questions about your health, any medicines you take, your family’s health, and your lifestyle, in order to identify possible risks to your pregnancy.

**Blood Pressure**
A cuff will be wrapped around your arm and filled with air to check how well your heart is working. Your blood pressure could go up during pregnancy, so your doctor or health care provider will watch it closely to help your baby be born as healthy as possible.

**Weight and Height**
The nurse will measure how tall you are and how much you weigh now so your weight gain can be recorded throughout the pregnancy.

**Blood Test**
You will have blood drawn from your arm to check your blood type and to look for diseases such as anemia, sickle cell disease, hepatitis, syphilis and HIV. If any disease is present, you have to be treated right away.

**Urine**
You will be asked to pee into a small cup. The urine will be tested for sugar (diabetes), protein and infections, which need to be found early to keep you and your baby healthy.

**Physical Exam**
Your health care provider will check your heart, lungs and other organs to find out if you have any conditions that need to be treated.

**Pelvic Exam**
You will lie on a table with your feet in supports so your health care provider can feel the size and shape of your uterus. This is done to see how the baby is developing to let you know when your baby is due. Tests may also be done to detect any infections.

**Abdominal Exam**
The size of your uterus will be measured at each visit. The baby’s position and size will be checked. You can hear the heart beat just after the fourth month.

**Ultrasound**
An ultrasound uses sound waves to create pictures of the baby called sonograms. Most moms have the test done at least once during the pregnancy. The test is safe for you and your baby. The ultrasound can show: the age of your baby, whether the baby is growing and developing normally, whether or not you are carrying twins, if it is a boy or a girl, and how the placenta is growing.

**Other Testing**
You may have other tests if you are at risk for gestational diabetes, or if your baby is at risk for some genetic diseases. These tests may happen midway through your pregnancy.
Questions and Answers

Your health care provider might not talk about everything you want to know. Write down your questions so you won’t forget them, and take your list with you to your prenatal visits.

Tips for Dads During the Pregnancy

- Go with mom to prenatal visits. You will get a lot of good information about how to take care of her, you will get to hear the baby’s heartbeat and see the baby during the ultrasound.
- Get a book that explains the month-to-month growth of a baby. Learn how your baby is growing.
- Go to all of the prenatal classes that you can.
- Ask mom how she is feeling and what she is thinking. Be supportive and helpful. Pregnancy can be difficult for moms, both physically and emotionally.
- Help prepare the baby’s room, pick out names and shop for all the things your baby will need (diapers, wipes, blankets, clothes, etc.).
- If you smoke, try to quit. Secondhand smoke is bad for both the mom and the growing baby.
- Plan how you will help during labor and delivery. Know how to get to the hospital and what to take with you.
- Don’t be afraid to ask questions. Write your questions down and ask the health care provider for answers.
Sex During Pregnancy

Sex starts a pregnancy, but pregnancy does not mean the end of sex. Intercourse can be enjoyed throughout pregnancy, unless your health care provider advises against it. Making love during pregnancy is a special experience and includes many ways of sharing pleasure and feeling close to your partner with and without intercourse.

Expectant couples often have questions about sex. Talking with each other is the key to a good sexual relationship; it is important to share your feelings. Ask your health care provider about your questions.

Here are answers to some usual questions, but since each pregnancy is unique, there is no one right answer for all.

**Will sex harm my unborn baby?**

Your baby is protected by a membrane (bag of water) and fluid. Your stomach wall and the bones of your pelvis also protect it. It is almost impossible to harm your baby by having intercourse.

**Can I have intercourse anytime?**

Sex during pregnancy is safe except in a few cases. It is best to follow your health care provider’s advice.

**Warnings about sex during pregnancy**

If any of these things happen, stop any intercourse and get medical advice:

- Pain in the vagina or stomach
- Bleeding, itching or discharge from the vagina
- The amniotic sac (“bag of water”) breaks and fluid comes out of the vagina
- You are worried or think a miscarriage might happen.

Remember, intercourse is not the only means of sharing sexual pleasure and closeness.

**Some sex practices are risky to your health.**

1. Some sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) can be passed to your baby. If you have, or think you have an STD, call your health care provider right away.

2. Protect your baby and yourself from AIDS or other STDs. Always have safe sex (using a condom) unless you are absolutely sure that neither you nor your partner is infected.

3. Taking drugs or alcohol to increase sexual feelings can cause serious damage to the unborn baby.

4. Make sure that bacteria from the rectum does not enter the vagina. This can cause infection. Bacteria from the rectum can pass to the vagina by anal intercourse or by improper wiping after you use the toilet.
Will desire for sex decrease during pregnancy?

Your desire for sex could increase or decrease. It is normal for feelings to vary a great deal due to body changes in pregnancy. Both partners need time to adjust to these changes. The woman can feel the changes going on inside and outside. The man can only guess how she feels.

Fathers often have shifts in their emotions, too. Sex and pregnancy do not seem to go together for some men, and they might feel guilty about their sexual desires or lack of desire. A woman’s desire for sex might increase due to not having to worry about birth control. Also, more blood flowing to the pelvis in pregnancy enhances sexual feelings. Many pregnant women also feel the need for more affection. They need to know they still look nice and are loved.

Toward the end of her pregnancy, however, a woman might not feel very sexy. Her mind is on getting ready for the baby. The most important thing is to talk about your feelings with your partner. Sharing your feelings and concerns will help you meet each other’s needs.

Is it harmful to have an orgasm during pregnancy?

No, it is not harmful to have an orgasm. Having an orgasm will not hurt the baby. But, some pregnant women have sexual tension and pelvic discomfort after sex. Orgasm sometimes fails to relieve this tension and the body takes longer to relax.

What if the pressure during intercourse is uncomfortable?

If the man’s weight causes uncomfortable pressure, change positions. One position that avoids belly to belly contact and can be used even in the later stages of pregnancy is the side-by-side with the man behind so you fit like a “spoon.” Late in pregnancy, positions where the penis does not go in as deep could be tried. The woman-on-top position is good because it gives the woman more control. Other ways of showing love and affection also can be explored and enjoyed during these special months to help you and your partner grow closer together as you await the birth of your baby.

How soon after delivery can intercourse start again?

Your body has many changes to go through after birth that affect your sex life. Your hormones must go back to normal levels. The uterus and vagina must return to their normal size. You can begin sexual intercourse when bleeding and discharge stop, and when tears or cuts in the vagina heal. This will take from two to six weeks, depending on how fast your body heals. It is best to follow your health care provider’s advice.

Birth Control after Delivery

It is safest for the mother’s health to space babies’ births about 2 years apart. You need a good method of birth control after having your baby. Because you can get pregnant in the first few weeks after giving birth, even if you are breastfeeding, you will need to plan how to delay pregnancy while your body heals. An intrauterine device (IUD) can be placed in your uterus immediately after delivery. Vaginal foam for you and condoms for your partner are good methods to use. Your health care provider could write a prescription for a birth control method you can start a few days after the baby is born. Your postpartum checkup will be four to six weeks after you give birth. At that time you can choose a method of birth control.

It is important to talk about sex after childbirth. Go slowly and talk with each other about what feels comfortable. Your tissues might still be tender. They will not be as moist as before, and a water-soluble vaginal jelly may help. If you had stitches, you might need to gently stretch that area. Continue to practice Kegel exercises. Intercourse can be a little painful at first. Your body needs time to adjust and get back to normal. Be patient. Take some time. You can enjoy sex after childbirth. If you have doubts or questions about when to begin intercourse, check with your health care provider.
Nausea
Eat dry crackers, toast or cereal before getting up or when feeling sick. Eat five or six small meals a day. Drink lots of water between meals, but not during meals. Avoid strong food smells. Avoid greasy or spicy foods.

Tender Breasts
Wear a good supportive bra. It might help to wear it to bed.

Leaking Breasts
Wear nursing pads or tissues in your bra.

Frequent Urination
Limit fluids before bedtime. Limit fluids when a bathroom is not nearby. (Drink necessary fluids at other times.)

Fatigue
Fatigue is common early and late in pregnancy. Exercising each day can help you have more energy. Lie down at least once a day, but not until at least 30 minutes after eating if you have heartburn.

Constipation
Eat raw fruits, vegetables, prunes and whole grain or bran cereals. Exercise helps. Walking is very good. Drink at least two quarts of fluid each day. A cup of hot water three times a day helps.

Hemorrhoids
Try to keep bowel movements regular. Take short rests with hips lifted on a pillow. Sit on firm chairs or sit Tailor Style on the floor. Practice Kegel exercises.

Low Backache
Rest often. Keep good posture. Move around rather than standing in one place too long. Use a footstool for your feet. Keep your knees higher than your hips. Wear low-heeled shoes.

Vaginal Discharge (itching/discharge/odor)
Bathe the outer vaginal area often. Use soap without perfume. Do not use vaginal sprays, powders or feminine hygiene products. Do not use colored or perfumed toilet paper. Wear cotton panties. Avoid panty hose, girdles and tight pants. If these tips do not help, talk to your health care provider.

Heartburn
Stay away from greasy and spicy foods. Eat smaller meals but eat more often. Don't lie down for at least 30 minutes after eating.

Dizziness
Change your position slowly. Get up slowly when you have been lying down. Eat regular meals. Do not stay in the sun too long or get too hot. Report ANY dizziness to your health care provider.

Varicose Veins
Avoid stockings or girdles with elastic bands. You can use support hose. Put them on while lying down. Take short rests with legs raised. Raise your legs when you sit down.

Shooting Pains Down Your Legs
Change positions. If you are sitting, stand up. If you are standing, sit down.
Lower Leg Cramps

Elevate legs often during the day. Point toes upward and press down on kneecaps. Use a heating pad set on low or a hot water bottle for relief.

Increased Nasal/Oral Secretions
(mucus-nose/throat/mouth)

Do not use over-the-counter medicine. Check with your health care provider.

Trouble Sleeping

Do not eat just before going to bed. Drinking milk might help. Try a warm bath before you go to bed. Practice exercises that help you relax. Listen to relaxing music.

Feel Faint When Lying on Back

Lie on your left side.

Feet and Hands Swell

Lie on your left side for 30 minutes. Do this three or four times a day. Exercise often. Drink more fluids. Eat three servings of protein each day. If you wake up in the morning with swelling, tell your health care provider.

Bleeding Gums

Use a soft toothbrush and brush gently. Drink more orange juice and eat more foods high in Vitamin C. Floss regularly. See your dentist if problems continue.

False Labor

Change your position and your activity. Drink a glass of water. If it is true labor, it will not stop. True labor contractions will become more regular and closer together. If contractions continue, call your health care provider immediately.

Tell your health care provider what problems/complaints you have been having and what you have done to provide relief.

If at any time these methods don't work, call your health care provider.
The Right Weight Gain for You

Pregnancy is a time to eat right and gain the right amount of weight. The amount of weight you should gain depends on how much you weighed when you became pregnant. You need to gain more weight if you were underweight and less if you were overweight.

### Weight Gain Goal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prepregnancy weight</th>
<th>First to Third month</th>
<th>Fourth to Ninth month</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Underweight</td>
<td>2 to 7 pounds</td>
<td>1 pound per week</td>
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<tr>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>2 to 7 pounds</td>
<td>1 pound per week</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overweight</td>
<td>2 to 7 pounds</td>
<td>0.6 pounds, or 10 ounces per week</td>
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<tr>
<td>Obese</td>
<td>1 to 4 ½ pounds</td>
<td>1/2 (0.5) pounds per week</td>
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### How Fast Should You Gain Weight?

In early pregnancy, you will gain weight to provide food for your growing baby. In later pregnancy, most weight gain will be from your baby’s own growth. Steady weight gain during pregnancy is best. Keep track of your weight to make sure you are gaining the right amount of weight each week.

### Rate of Weight Gain

If your weight goes up or down suddenly, be sure to check with your health care provider.

If you gain too little, your baby could be born small. If you gain too much, it might be hard for you to get back to a healthy weight and stay there after your baby is born.

Use the chart on the next page to track your weight gain week-by-week. To get “Weight Gained”, subtract “Weight Before Pregnant” from “Current Weight”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>One Baby</th>
<th>Your weight before:</th>
<th>You should gain:</th>
<th>Twins</th>
<th>Your weight before:</th>
<th>You should gain:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Underweight</td>
<td>28-40 pounds</td>
<td></td>
<td>Underweight</td>
<td>1.5 pounds per week during 2nd &amp; 3rd trimester</td>
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<td>Normal</td>
<td>25-35 pounds</td>
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<td>Normal</td>
<td>37-54 pounds</td>
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<td>Overweight</td>
<td>15-25 pounds</td>
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<td>Overweight</td>
<td>31-50 pounds</td>
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<td>Obese</td>
<td>11-20 pounds or less</td>
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<td>Obese</td>
<td>25-42 pounds</td>
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# Weight Before Pregnant ________

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<tr>
<th>Weeks Pregnant</th>
<th>Current Weight</th>
<th>Weight Gained</th>
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</table>
The list below shows basic things you need to care for your baby. You can add extra items if your budget allows.

**Clothing:**
Adjust the number needed depending on your laundry facilities. Avoid buying newborn sizes which your baby could quickly outgrow.

Disposable diapers/cotton diapers and pins 1-2 packages (then purchase as needed)

Shirts 4-6
Sleepers, kimonos, nightgowns, onesies 4-6
Wearable blanket 3-4

**Bedding:**
Receiving blankets 4-5
Waterproof pads 3-4 (1-2 small ones to use as lap pads)
Sheets 3-4
Blankets 2-3

**Bathing:**
Towels 2-3
Washcloths 4-6
Mild soap 1

**Breastfeeding:**
Handkerchiefs or clean cloths 5-6
Nursing pads 5-6
Support/nursing bra 2-3
Breast pump 1

Apply for WIC Services to help you and your baby with food items. www.scdhec.gov/wic

No blankets should be used in the sleep area.
## Bottle Feeding:

- **Bottles and caps**: 8-10 (4 and 8 oz. size)
- **Nipples**: 10-12
- **Bottle and nipple brush**: 1
- **Small pan for warming bottles**: 1
- **Quart measuring cup**: 1
- **Formula** *(In ready-to-feed, powdered or liquid concentrate form)*: 1 week supply *(then purchase as needed)*
- **Boiled sterile water for mixing with powder or liquid**: 1 gallon
- **Can opener**: 1
- **Measuring spoons**: 1 set

## Equipment:

- **Car seat** *(make sure the model is safe for your car and that the seat has never been in an accident. Find out where in your community to have your car seat installation checked.)*
- **Crib** *(a crib, bassinet, portable crib, or play yard that follows the safety standards of the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) is recommended. For information on crib safety, contact the CPSC at 1-800-638-2772 or http://www.cpsc.gov.)*
- **Diaper pail with cover**
- **Thermometer to be used under the arm**
- **Rubbing alcohol/cotton balls for cord care**
- **Diaper bag for supplies**
- **Mobiles in bright colors for infant stimulation**
- **Stroller**

**Do NOT Buy:**

- **Bumper pads for cribs**

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**Buy what you need ahead of time. This will help you to be ready to care for your baby. Buy other items as you need them. Look for special sales in stores on baby items or go to garage sales. Ask your friends and family to help you.**

**ABC: Baby sleeps safest Alone, on his or her Back, in a Crib with no pads, pillows, or toys.**
When should I go to the hospital?
This is a hard question to answer. It will vary depending on many things. For example:
- How far do you live from the hospital?
- Have you had any children before?
- If you have had children before, did you have a fast labor?

If you are not sure about what is happening to you, call your health care provider. You should always call right away if you have any of these signs:
- Baby is moving less or is not moving at all
- Severe headache
- Fever
- Blurred vision
- Sudden gush of fluid from your vagina (birth canal)
- Flow of blood from your vagina
- Swollen hands
- Sharp pain in your back, stomach or both
- Bloody, bad-smelling, brownish or greenish fluid from your vagina.

How can I tell I am going into labor?
- Signs of labor can be different for each woman. They could start a few weeks, a few days or even a few hours before you are ready to give birth.
- Some women have clear signs of labor. Their labor pains (contractions) are hard and regular.
- Some women have labor pains (contractions) that are not as hard. Their contractions can start and stop over a period of time.
- Contraction are not the only sign that labor is about to begin. You might have some or all of the following changes:

“Lightening” or “Dropping”
- If this is your first baby, your baby could settle or “drop” into your pelvis about two weeks before labor begins.
- If this is not your first baby, your baby might wait until you go into labor to “drop”.
- After the baby “drops,” you have more room to breathe. You could also have less heartburn since there is less pressure against your stomach.
- You might have more pressure on your bladder after the baby “drops” and need to go to the bathroom more often.

Amniotic membranes or “Bag of Water” Breaks
- Your amniotic membranes could break before labor starts.
- For most women, the amniotic membranes usually break late in labor.
- When your amniotic membranes break, you might feel a “gush” or a “trickle.”
- If you think your “bag of water” has broken, call your health care provider’s office immediately.

Energy
- Some women feel a sudden “burst of energy” just before labor starts. If this happens to you, please rest so you will have energy for labor.

Weight Loss
- Some women lose about 1-3 pounds the day before labor starts.

Upset Stomach
- Some women have indigestion, loose stools (mild diarrhea), an upset stomach, or vomit just before they go into labor. Some women say they just “felt different” the day they went into labor.

Mucus Plug
- You might see “pink mucus” coming from your vagina over a period of hours or even days. This is your mucous plug.
- Dark red, bright red or heavy bleeding from your vagina is a danger sign. Get to the hospital right away. You might need to go by ambulance. Call 911 if you need to go by ambulance.
**False Labor**
Contractions or "pains":
- Are not getting closer together
- Are usually irregular and short
- Are not getting stronger or "harder"
- Usually feel better with walking
- Are usually felt in front or in the lower tummy area.

**True Labor**
Contractions or "pains":
- Are not regular at first, but become regular and closer together
- Do not go away if you lie down
- Are getting stronger or "harder"
- Get stronger or "harder" if walking
- Are felt low in the front, back or both
- Feel like bad menstrual or period cramps.

**How to Tell the Difference**
If you are not sure whether you are in labor or not:
- Drink two glasses of water.
- Lie on your left side.
- If contractions do not go away after one hour, call your health care provider.

**Timing Contractions**
To time contractions:
- Write the time each contraction starts on a piece of paper.
- See how far apart your contractions are by counting the minutes between the beginning of one contraction to the beginning of the next contraction.
- Call your health care provider when you have 10 contractions in a row that are five minutes or less apart.
- This will be about 10-12 contractions in one hour.

Don't be afraid to call if you have questions or concerns. Your health care provider wants to help you have a safe delivery and a healthy baby.
Why do you need to know about Cesarean (si-ZAIR-ee-un) birth?

Every woman should know about Cesarean birth. Cesarean births are sometimes called C-sections. A woman could have a Cesarean when there is a problem in labor or when the baby does not turn. A Cesarean delivery is when a cut is made in the abdomen (tummy) and the uterus. Then the baby is delivered through it. The mother has been given an anesthetic to keep from feeling the pain. Sometimes there is a risk in having a vaginal birth, so a Cesarean birth would be safer. It protects the baby and the mother. Many babies are born by Cesarean section. It is not a sign of failure if you do not have a vaginal birth. It is more important that your baby be born healthy.

Why do some women need a Cesarean birth?

Most reasons for the first Cesarean are:

- The baby’s head is too large for the mother’s pelvis.
- The baby’s heartbeat shows the baby is not getting enough oxygen.
- The baby’s heartbeat might show other problems.
- The baby is in an awkward position (the buttocks or arms are coming first).
- There is more than one baby.
- The placenta is blocking the cervix (the uterus opening).
- The placenta comes loose from the uterus before the baby is born.
- The baby is more than two weeks past due and seems to have problems.
- The “bag of water” breaks and labor does not start.
- The mother has a sexually transmitted disease (STD).
- The mother has diabetes.
- The mother has pre-eclampsia and/or increased blood pressure.
- The mother has severe vaginal bleeding late in pregnancy. Report ANY dizziness to your health care provider.

What questions should I ask?

During your prenatal visits, ask your health care provider for the choices you have in case you need a C-section. Knowing ahead of time can help you know what to expect. Discuss the different methods with your health care provider. Then you will be ready, if you need to have a Cesarean.

What happens in a Cesarean birth?

A C-section delivery takes 45 to 90 minutes. Here is what usually happens:

- Your abdomen (tummy) is washed.
- Your blood is taken and typed in case there is a need to give you blood later.
- A tube is put in your bladder to drain urine into a bag. Your doctor can then keep the bladder away from the cut.
- An intravenous (IV) solution is inserted in your arm. This gives you nourishment or medication.
- You might get an antacid to calm your stomach.
- Your tummy is scrubbed again.
- You will be given an anesthetic. (an-is-THET-ic)
- There are two kinds of anesthetics:
  » A general anesthetic puts you to sleep.
  » A local anesthetic, such as an epidural, numbs some areas but you are awake.
- Your doctor will decide which anesthetic to give.
- The cut is made and the baby is delivered.
- Your uterus and tummy are sewn back together. Staples may be used to close the cut in your abdomen instead of stitches. This step takes most of the time.
What is the most common type of C-section?

The TRANSVERSE (trans-VURCE) cut is a horizontal cut. It is made across the bottom of the uterus. This is the quickest method. It is also called the bikini cut.

What happens afterwards?

If you have had a Cesarean delivery, you can sometimes nurse your baby right away. Breastfeeding is more successful if the baby sucks soon after birth. “Getting started” might be a bit slower. The father should be allowed to hold and cuddle the baby, too.

This is a good time for parents and baby to get close to each other. You will be taken to the recovery room after delivery. You will stay there until the anesthetic wears off. This might take two to five hours. Some hospitals allow the father and the baby to stay with you. Your baby might be taken to the special care nursery to be watched. You will be moved to an area for new mothers after recovery. You might feel less social than the other mothers. You are in the hospital about three days for a Cesarean birth. Some stitches or staples can be removed about the fourth day at the health care provider’s office. Stitches that dissolve are sometimes used.

Feeling good again depends on your health at the time of the delivery. The reason for the C-section makes a difference, too.

How do you get back to normal?

You can prevent problems if you exercise while still in bed. The exercises reduce gas pains and speed recovery. They take some effort, but are worth it. Ask your health care provider about them. Rest is very important for your recovery.

You will need help to care for your baby. You should have someone close to you come stay with you. They should plan to be with you for one to two weeks. You should not be alone until the baby is seven days old. Most of the time you will be resting in bed for those seven days. You will be able to get up to care for the baby and go to the bathroom. If you have a C-section without problems, you should be up daily, but you should rest often. Do not lift anything heavier than your baby. When you start feeling better, you should still take it easy. You will delay feeling good again if you do too much, too soon. The scar tissue will fade but it will not go away. Usually, the same place is used if you have another C-section. The old scar tissue is removed.

A Cesarean is just one of two ways to have a baby. You need longer to recover, but you and your baby are healthy. Hold and touch your baby as soon as you can. You, the father and the baby can enjoy your new lives together right away.
In the First Few Days After Childbirth

Your Baby

• Your newborn baby might look wrinkled and red.
• The baby’s head might be a bit out of shape from birth and will be large compared to its body.
• The top of the baby’s head will have soft spots in front and back.
• Your baby’s eye color will be dark grey, but may change during the next few weeks.
• Your baby can focus on your face.
• The baby’s breasts (both boys and girls) may be swollen for a few days.
• A baby boy might have a swollen scrotum (SCROH-tum).
• A baby girl might have a little bloody vaginal discharge.
• Your baby can respond to your voice, touch and grasp your finger, suck its fingers and nurse.

Your Body

• You may feel tired and happy.
• You want to cuddle your new baby.
• You will want to eat, sleep and bathe.
• If you had an episiotomy (ee-PEEZ-ee-aw-toh-mee), your episiotomy incision will be sore.
• If you had a Cesarean section, your abdomen will be sore.
• You may have trouble urinating because of swollen tissues.
• You will lose weight, as fluid is lost through frequent urination.
• You may sweat a lot to get rid of extra fluid.
• You will have a vaginal discharge (lochia) of blood from the uterus, which may be present for one to five weeks after birth.
• You will not have milk for several days. Colostrum (coh-LAW-strum) will nourish your baby until your breast milk comes in.
• Your abdomen will stay large until your muscles tighten.
Your Responsibilities

- Hold, cuddle, touch and enjoy your baby.
- Talk with your partner about the birth experience.
- Repeat Kegel exercises after birth.
- Get up and walk as soon as you can.
- Rest when you are tired.
- Drink lots of liquids and eat when you are hungry.
- To increase milk flow, breastfeed soon after delivery and as needed.

Notes

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Baby Blues

What Are “Baby Blues?”

“Baby blues” are very common. Many new moms have a feeling of being let down after the emotionally-charged experience of birth. Baby blues can happen during the first few days after you have the baby. In some women, the feelings begin even before the baby is born or several weeks after birth. Symptoms of baby blues can include:

- sudden mood swings (ranging from feeling very happy to feeling very sad)
- feelings of loneliness
- restlessness
- irritability
- crying for no known reason
- anxiety.

Symptoms of “baby blues” usually go away on their own, sometimes as quickly as they came.

What Can Be Done?

- Talk with your partner and other loved ones about how you are feeling.
- Talk with your health care provider about your feelings.
- Rest! Try to take a nap while your baby is sleeping.
- Ask for help with chores and nighttime feedings.
- Don’t feel you have to do it all. Do as much as you can and leave the rest.
- Get dressed and leave the house for a short time each day.
- Try to spend time alone with your partner.
- Talk to other mothers.

Postpartum Depression

What Is It?

One in 15-20 mothers experiences postpartum depression. It can occur while you are still pregnant, within days of the delivery, or appear gradually, sometimes up to a year or so later. Symptoms can include:

- sluggishness, fatigue, exhaustion
- sadness, depression, hopelessness
- appetite and sleep disturbances
- poor concentration, confusion
- memory loss
- over-concern for the baby
- uncontrollable crying, irritability
- lack of interest in the baby
- guilt, inadequacy
- fear of harming the baby
- fear of harming yourself
- exaggerated highs and/or lows
- lack of interest in sex.

Symptoms can range from mild to severe. You might have “good” and “bad” days.

What Can Be Done?

Seek help from your health care provider as soon as possible. Depending on how severe your depression is, your health care provider might put you on medication and refer you for counseling.

If you are breastfeeding, your health care provider can talk with you about which medications will be best for you and your baby while you breastfeed.
Postpartum Psychosis

What Is It?
Postpartum psychosis is a serious mental illness. It affects one in 1,000 new mothers. It can occur up to a year after having a baby. Women who suffer from it can lose touch with reality. They might experience hallucinations, delusions, bizarre feelings and behavior, and be unable to sleep.

What Can Be Done?
Postpartum psychosis should be treated as a medical emergency. This is a serious problem. It is important to get help right away.
You spent about nine months getting used to being pregnant. Now you are a non-pregnant woman again—a mother!

Being a mother is a big change in your life. This is true even when you want the baby and are ready for the responsibility. You might not have a “feeling of motherhood” right away. That feeling develops as you and your baby get to know each other. In fact, you might have mixed feelings about being a mother. These feelings can be good or bad.

Physical changes are part of adjusting. It can take from six weeks to three months for your body to return to normal. Right from the start, try not to do too much. There are a number of things you might worry about.

Here are a few tips to help you:

Share your concerns with someone. Find a person you can talk to about your feelings. Try to get together with some of the women from your classes after you have your babies. You are all going through the same stages together. Experienced mothers can also give good advice. Just knowing that you are not alone can be a big help.

Don’t expect too much.

You might feel that you are not sure of how to take care of a newborn. All parents have to be “first timers” at infant care. So be prepared to be unprepared, and be patient. You will learn by doing.

Most first-time parents have never seen a newborn baby before. You should be ready for some surprises. For example, you might not know why your baby is crying and why your baby does not smile at you. Your friends who are parents can tell you how their baby looked. They also know how babies act the first few weeks.

Read about being a parent. There are several good books that you can get. Ask your health care provider for suggestions.

If people offer help—accept it.

This is a special time for you, the father and the baby to be together. You will be able to care for the baby, but it is nice to have extra help at home. Someone else can do the household chores. Accept the fact that some things will not get done. And be careful. Avoid lifting objects heavier than the baby, and avoid climbing stairs the first few weeks.

Try to limit your visitors the first few weeks.

Many people will want to see your new baby. This can tire you out quickly. Try to space the time between visitors. If your visitors are sick, ask them to come back when they are feeling better. You do not have to be a super hostess. These visitors might want to help you. Let them.

If you do not feel well or have pain, call your health care provider.

It is normal to feel tired, but you should not feel sick. If you have any of these problems, call your health care provider at once.

- Very heavy or sudden increases in bleeding from your vagina (This would be more than a menstrual period. Soaking more than two sanitary napkins in a half-hour is heavy.)
- A discharge from your vagina with a strong, unpleasant smell
- An oral temperature of 101 degrees Fahrenheit or higher
- Red and/or painful breasts
- Sudden swelling in your face and hands
- A very bad headache or feeling very dizzy
- Loss of appetite for a long period of time
- Pain, redness, tenderness and/or swelling of your legs
- Pain in your lower stomach or your back.
Advice will come from everyone.
Listen to the well-meaning “advice givers” and then follow what seems sensible to you. Do what fits into your lifestyle and your ideas about parenting. Ask your health care provider if you have questions about anything.

Don’t ignore signs of tiredness.
Tune into the signs your body gives you about being tired. Many women are surprised by how tired they feel during the first few months. Adjust your schedule to fit your baby’s. Try taking a nap or rest when the baby does.

Weight loss after birth is something most women welcome.
It is normal to lose 10 to 15 pounds right after birth. This will depend on how much of the weight is water. You will have more weight to lose, but diet later. Your body needs a well-balanced diet to help you keep up your energy level and good health. You have about seven pounds of fat stored in your body. This gives you an energy reserve for about the first three months. These extra pounds will gradually come off. You need to eat properly and get adequate exercise. If you are breastfeeding, it is important for you to eat right. Your diet provides the nutrients your baby needs. Your body will burn up to 1,000 calories a day just making milk, so you might need to eat an extra 500 calories a day (such as a turkey and cheese sandwich and a glass of milk). You also need to drink more fluids. This helps your body make milk.

Ask your health care provider when you should start your post delivery exercises.
Exercise is a must to get your body’s tone and flexibility back. Exercise on a regular basis. Try to do your prenatal exercises. The ones to strengthen your stomach and promote relaxation are good.

Birth control is needed.
Breastfeeding or not having your period will not protect you from getting pregnant. There are many kinds of birth control that you can use to prevent pregnancy. You can ask your health care provider to put an Intrauterine Device (IUD) in your uterus right after you deliver or at your postpartum exam, have a contraceptive implant placed in your arm, get a Depo-Provera shot, use a progestin-only birth control pill, or use condoms and contraceptive foam or jelly in the first few weeks after delivery. A few weeks after delivery, it will be safe for you to start using a combined hormonal method such as combined birth control pills, the birth control ring or patch. Talk to your health care provider about your birth control choices before delivery, then again at your postpartum exam. If you are breastfeeding, you should not use the combined birth control pill, patch or ring.

“Baby blues” is not a joke.
It is normal to feel blue and a little let down after the excitement of pregnancy and delivery. “Baby blues” usually lasts no longer than a week or two. Your hormones are changing after the birth of your baby. The hormone changes are a major reason why you feel blue. Your changing role with your partner and the baby’s constant needs all can add to the “baby blues.” You might resent the ways the baby has changed your life. This could make you feel angry and guilty. It is a normal feeling that all parents have. Talk to your health care provider if feeling “blue” concerns you.

Two is company, three’s a crowd.
Now there is a new person in your lives. The baby will change the way both of you feel about yourselves, and it could change how you relate to each other. Making the change from “couple” to “family” can cause some tensions. A man often feels that the baby gets all the attention and might feel somewhat left out. Talking with each other can prevent some problems and solve others. It is sometimes hard for other children to accept the new baby. They might think the baby is taking away all their mother’s attention. Set aside a special time for the other children.

Finally, keep your sense of humor.
There will be good days and bad days. Do whatever you can to enjoy your new baby.
Your first checkup will be scheduled about four to six weeks after delivery. Your postpartum check up could include the following:

**Blood Pressure:**
Your blood pressure will be checked to see if it is normal.

**Anemia:**
Your blood might be checked to make sure you don’t have “low blood” (anemia).

**Breast Examination:**
Your breasts will be checked for lumps and nipple problems. Ask how to check your own breasts. If you are breastfeeding, your breasts might feel firm and full.

**Vagina and Cervix:**
You will be checked for healing, muscle tone and abnormal bleeding. A Pap smear might be done.

**Uterus:**
The size and shape of your uterus will be checked. Your uterus should be much smaller now. It will never be as small as before you were pregnant.

**Abdominal Exam:**
Your muscle tone will be checked. If you had a C-section, your incision will also be checked for healing.

**Menstrual Cycle:**
Most women ovulate (release an egg) before they have their first period. You can get pregnant the first time you ovulate. You can also get pregnant before you have a period. The first period, four to 10 weeks after delivery, could be heavy. If you are nursing, your first period could be delayed for several weeks or months.

Birth control is needed before your first period. You will choose a method of birth control at this visit, if you haven’t already done so.

**Psychosocial Changes:**
Your feelings and your partner’s feelings could change. Talk to each other about the changes you are experiencing since your pregnancy. Having a new baby is stressful; find time for yourself. You deserve a break!
You are about to go through one of life’s greatest joys – the birth of your child. This is a time of change for both you and your partner. Here are some ideas to help you.

Your partner’s pregnancy
The pregnancy will have more meaning for both of you if you stay involved during the entire pregnancy.

Your partner should get good prenatal care.
She should see a health care provider on a regular basis. Visits to her health care provider can help make sure the pregnancy is going as it should. Stay informed about her pregnancy. If possible, go to the prenatal visits with her.

Help her eat right and stay in shape.
She will need to follow a balanced food plan. This could mean changing some of your own eating habits. Some exercise is good for both mother and baby. Encourage her to exercise. Try walking with her when you can.

Use this time to relax and talk about things together. It’s important that you and your partner stay away from alcohol, cigarettes and drugs while she’s pregnant and after the baby is born.

Your changing role
As the pregnancy progresses, you will need to take on more than your normal share of the household duties.

Make sure she gets a chance each day to put her feet up and relax. Decide now who will do what after the baby comes. Don’t forget you are both in this together. Plan to share both the work and the fun.

Your relationship
There will be changes between you and your partner. For instance, you both might have mood swings. You might feel sad, worried or nervous for no real reason. Try to listen and help each other. Take the time to talk things over.

Your sex life could also change.
In a normal pregnancy, it is safe to have intercourse through the end of the eighth month. During the ninth month, and for about six weeks after the baby comes, find other ways to be close besides intercourse. Your health care provider can give you advice in this area.

Sources of help
If you have questions during the pregnancy or after your baby arrives, try the following:

Talk with family and friends.
They are a great source for information and advice. Don’t be afraid to ask questions. Remember, being a parent is something you learn.

Read up on things you need to know.
There are many books on pregnancy and being a good parent. Check with your library or bookstore.

Take childbirth classes.
You and your partner can learn together what will happen during the pregnancy. Many hospitals offer free courses. Some private teachers give classes in their homes for a small charge. These classes can help answer any question you might have. They can also help you feel more confident about the pregnancy and becoming a parent.

Keep a good attitude.
Few things will teach you as much about yourself as becoming a father.

By being patient and keeping a good sense of humor, you are well on your way to being a good father.
Some foods have less food value per calorie than others. They are also often too high in sugar, far, or salt (sodium chloride). You and your baby need lots of food value (nutrients) to be healthy. So choose foods with lots of food value per calorie.

**Eat less of these foods:**

Fast Foods: Hamburgers, Fried Chicken, Pizza, French Fries, Snack Chips, Soda Pop, Pastries, Rich Desserts

**Eat more of these foods:**

Fruit Snacks: Dried Apples, Dates, Raisins, Prunes, Pineapple, Apricots, Peaches, Frozen Unsweetened Cherries, Strawberries, Icy Melon Balls, Fruit Canned in its own juice, Ice Cold Fresh Fruit or Juice

Veggies: Raw Carrots, Celery, Broccoli, Zucchini, Cauliflower, Peppers, Cherry Tomatoes

*Use low fat or fat-free dips or spreads with veggies.

Nifty Nibbles: Whole Grain Crackers, Cheese, Unbuttered Popcorn, Unsalted Pretzels, Trail Mix, Nuts

Terrific Treats: Puddings (Milk, Rice or Bread), Custards, Low Fat Ice Cream, Low Fat or Nonfat Yogurts, Cookies made with whole wheat flour, Applesauce, Raisins, Nuts or Oatmeal

(Reduce sugar and fat in favorite recipes)

**Read nutrition fact labels:**

% Daily Value on label tells you if a food is high or low in a nutrient.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nutrients</th>
<th>% Daily Value of Daily Value</th>
<th>Source</th>
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<tr>
<td>Less than 5% of Daily Value</td>
<td>→ Poor Source</td>
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<tr>
<td>10-19% of the Daily Value</td>
<td>→ Good Source</td>
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<tr>
<td>20% or more of Daily Value</td>
<td>→ Excellent Source</td>
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For more information, visit www.myplate.gov
Breastfeeding

South Carolina law says that a woman may breastfeed her child in any location where the mother is authorized to be, and that the act of breastfeeding is not considered indecent exposure. (S.C. Code Ann 63-5-40)

Benefits for Baby

- Breast milk is the best food you can give your baby.
- Breast milk has everything your baby needs for the first four to six months of life.
- Breast milk is clean, warm and ready to serve.
- Breast milk is easy for the baby to digest. Babies are less likely to have diarrhea.
- Breast milk helps prevent allergies and infections.
- Breastfed babies are less likely to be put in the hospital with illness.
- Breastfed babies have fewer skin rashes.
- Breastfed babies have stronger bones and teeth.

Benefits for Mother

- Breastfeeding helps the uterus return to its normal size.
- Breastfeeding helps the mother quickly return to her normal weight.
- Breastfeeding helps protect mother from breast and uterine cancer, and osteoporosis (brittle bones in later life.)
- Breastfeeding will save you time and money. You have no bottles or formula to buy or prepare.
- Breastfeeding is easy; there are no bottles to heat in the middle of the night.
- Breastfeeding will give you time to relax and enjoy a special closeness with your baby.

For more information, visit www.scdhec.gov/Breastfeeding
Formula Feeding

- Iron-fortified baby formula contains all the nutrients your baby needs for the first four to six months of life. Your baby should stay on formula throughout the first year of life, even after you begin solid foods.

- Baby formula is widely available.

- Baby formula is sold either as concentrated, powdered or ready-to-feed. You have to mix concentrated or powdered formula with sterile water before giving it to your baby.

- If you are heating up water from the tap to mix your baby’s formula, let the water run for at least 1 minute before filling a pan. This helps prevent exposure to lead that might be in older pipes.

- Bottles need to be prepared when using baby formula. **NEVER WARM BABY FORMULA IN THE MICROWAVE.**

- Heating bottles in the microwave can cause “hot spots” in the formula. These “hot spots” can burn your baby’s mouth. Warm the formula by placing the bottle in a pan of hot tap water.

- Infant food such as cereal, fruits or vegetables should never be fed by bottle.

- Other people can feed your baby. Always hold the baby when feeding. Do not prop the bottle. Propping the baby’s bottle can lead to ear infections, choking and overfeeding.

- Feeding time is a special time. It is a time to relax with your baby.
You may have questions about exercise, work, your health, your baby's health or other concerns. This is a good time to ask your health care provider for answers and advice. Write your questions down so you won’t forget them.